OFFICIAL STATEMENT

New Issues Rating: Moody's "Aaa" Book-Entry Only

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming compliance with certain tax covenants of the County, interest on the Bonds will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. For an explanation of certain tax consequences under federal law which may result from the ownership of the Bonds, see the discussion under the heading "Tax Matters" herein. Under existing law, the Bonds and the income therefrom will be exempt from all state, county and municipal taxation in the State of Tennessee, except Tennessee franchise and excise taxes. (See "Tax Matters" herein).

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

\$35,270,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION SCHOOL AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT BONDS, SERIES 2020B \$4,945,000 COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BONDS, SERIES 2020B

Dated: Issue Date Due: April 1, as shown on the inside cover

Williamson County, Tennessee (the "County") will issue its \$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B (the "General Obligation Bonds") and its \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B (the "County District Bonds" and collectively with the General Obligation Bonds, the "Bonds") in fully registered form, without coupons, and, when issued, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository of the Bonds. Individual purchases of beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds will be made in book-entry form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or multiples thereof through DTC Participants. Interest on the Bonds will be payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing April 1, 2021, calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

Payments of principal of and interest on the Bonds are to be made to purchasers by DTC through the Participants (as such term is herein defined). Purchasers will not receive physical delivery of Bonds purchased by them. See "The Bonds-Book-Entry-Only System." Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable by the County to the corporate trust office of U.S. Bank National Association, Nashville, Tennessee, as registration and paying agent (the "Registration Agent").

The General Obligation Bonds are subject to optional redemption on and after April 1, 2030 at a price of par, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The County District Bonds are not subject to optional redemption.

The General Obligation Bonds shall be payable from unlimited <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the County. For the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the General Obligation Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged.

The County District Bonds shall be payable from unlimited <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the County lying outside the territorial limits of the Franklin Special School District. Subject to the limitations set forth in the preceding sentence, for the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the County District Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approval of the legality by Bass, Berry & Sims PLC, Nashville, Tennessee, Bond Counsel, whose opinions will be delivered with the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the County by Buerger, Moseley & Carson, P.C., counsel to the County. Stephens Inc. is serving as Municipal Advisor to the County. The Bonds, in book-entry form, are expected to be available for delivery through Depository Trust Company in New York, New York, on or about October 28, 2020.

October 14, 2020

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

<u>Principal</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price or <u>Yield</u>	CUSIP Number	Maturity (April 1)	Principal	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price or <u>Yield</u>	CUSIP Number
Ф1 200 000	<u> </u>	0.2200/	0.60073111.00	2022	#2 070 000		1 (200)	0.600733334.40
\$1,390,000	5.000%	0.230%	9698/2WC0	2033	\$2,070,000	1.500%	1.620%	969872WM8
1,460,000	5.000	0.320	969872WD8	2034	2,100,000	1.625	1.690	969872WN6
1,530,000	5.000	0.460	969872WE6	2035	2,130,000	1.750	1.830	969872WP1
1,610,000	5.000	0.600	969872WF3	2036	2,170,000	1.750	1.880	969872WQ9
1,700,000	5.000	0.730	969872WG1	2037	2,210,000	1.875	1.940	969872WR7
1,780,000	5.000	0.890	969872WH9	2038	2,250,000	1.875	1.960	969872WS5
1,870,000	5.000	1.000	969872WJ5	2039	2,290,000	1.875	1.990	969872WT3
1,960,000	4.000	1.140°	969872WK2	2040	2,330,000	2.000	2.020	969872WU0
2,040,000	1.500	1.570	969872WL0	2041	2,380,000	2.000	2.060	969872WV8
	\$1,390,000 1,460,000 1,530,000 1,610,000 1,700,000 1,780,000 1,870,000 1,960,000	Principal Rate \$1,390,000 5.000% 1,460,000 5.000 1,530,000 5.000 1,610,000 5.000 1,700,000 5.000 1,780,000 5.000 1,870,000 5.000 1,960,000 4.000	Principal Interest Rate or Yield \$1,390,000 5.000% 0.230% 1,460,000 5.000 0.320 1,530,000 5.000 0.460 1,610,000 5.000 0.600 1,700,000 5.000 0.730 1,780,000 5.000 0.890 1,870,000 5.000 1.000 1,960,000 4.000 1.140°	PrincipalInterest Rateor YieldCUSIP Number\$1,390,0005.000%0.230%969872WC01,460,0005.0000.320969872WD81,530,0005.0000.460969872WE61,610,0005.0000.600969872WF31,700,0005.0000.730969872WG11,780,0005.0000.890969872WH91,870,0005.0001.000969872WJ51,960,0004.0001.140°969872WK2	Principal Interest Rate or Yield CUSIP Number Maturity (April 1) \$1,390,000 5.000% 0.230% 969872WC0 2033 1,460,000 5.000 0.320 969872WD8 2034 1,530,000 5.000 0.460 969872WE6 2035 1,610,000 5.000 0.600 969872WF3 2036 1,700,000 5.000 0.730 969872WG1 2037 1,780,000 5.000 0.890 969872WH9 2038 1,870,000 5.000 1.000 969872WJ5 2039 1,960,000 4.000 1.140° 969872WK2 2040	Principal Interest Rate or Vield CUSIP Number Maturity (April 1) Principal \$1,390,000 5.000% 0.230% 969872WC0 2033 \$2,070,000 1,460,000 5.000 0.320 969872WD8 2034 2,100,000 1,530,000 5.000 0.460 969872WE6 2035 2,130,000 1,610,000 5.000 0.600 969872WF3 2036 2,170,000 1,700,000 5.000 0.730 969872WG1 2037 2,210,000 1,780,000 5.000 0.890 969872WH9 2038 2,250,000 1,870,000 5.000 1.000 969872WJ5 2039 2,290,000 1,960,000 4.000 1.140° 969872WK2 2040 2,330,000	Principal Interest Rate or Vield CUSIP Number Maturity (April 1) Principal Interest Rate \$1,390,000 5.000% 0.230% 969872WC0 2033 \$2,070,000 1.500% 1,460,000 5.000 0.320 969872WD8 2034 2,100,000 1.625 1,530,000 5.000 0.460 969872WE6 2035 2,130,000 1.750 1,610,000 5.000 0.600 969872WF3 2036 2,170,000 1.750 1,700,000 5.000 0.730 969872WG1 2037 2,210,000 1.875 1,780,000 5.000 0.890 969872WH9 2038 2,250,000 1.875 1,870,000 5.000 1.000 969872WJ5 2039 2,290,000 1.875 1,960,000 4.000 1.140 ^C 969872WK2 2040 2,330,000 2.000	Principal Interest Rate or Vield CUSIP Number Maturity (April 1) Principal Interest Rate or Vield \$1,390,000 5.000% 0.230% 969872WC0 2033 \$2,070,000 1.500% 1.620% 1,460,000 5.000 0.320 969872WD8 2034 2,100,000 1.625 1.690 1,530,000 5.000 0.460 969872WE6 2035 2,130,000 1.750 1.830 1,610,000 5.000 0.600 969872WF3 2036 2,170,000 1.750 1.880 1,700,000 5.000 0.730 969872WG1 2037 2,210,000 1.875 1.940 1,870,000 5.000 0.890 969872WH9 2038 2,250,000 1.875 1.960 1,870,000 5.000 1.000 969872WJ5 2039 2,290,000 1.875 1.990 1,960,000 4.000 1.140° 969872WK2 2040 2,330,000 2.000 2.020

^C Yield to April 1, 2030 Call Date

COUNTY DISTRICT BONDS

Price					Price				
Maturity (<u>April 1</u>)	<u>Principal</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	or <u>Yield</u>	CUSIP <u>Number</u>	Maturity (<u>April 1</u>)	<u>Principal</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	or <u>Yield</u>	CUSIP <u>Number</u>
2022	\$450,000	5.000%	0.190%	969872WW6	2027	\$570,000	5.000%	0.600%	969872XB1
2023	470,000	5.000	0.200	969872WX4	2028	600,000	5.000	0.730	969872XC9
2024	495,000	5.000	0.230	969872WY2	2029	630,000	5.000	0.890	969872XD7
2025	520,000	5.000	0.320	969872WZ9	2030	665,000	5.000	1.000	969872XE5
2026	545,000	5.000	0.460	969872XA3					

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, this document, as the same may be supplemented or amended (collectively, the "Official Statement") by Williamson County, Tennessee (the "County") from time to time, is an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds described herein that is deemed final by the County as of the date hereof (or of any such supplement or amendment). It is subject to completion with certain information to be established at the time of the sale of the Bonds as permitted by Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the County or by Stephens Inc. (the "Municipal Advisor") to give any information or make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such information or representations with respect to the County or the Bonds must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the County or the Municipal Advisor. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell, or solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities other than the securities offered hereby to any person in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation of such offer would be unlawful.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety and no one factor should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its position in this Official Statement. Where statutes, reports or other documents are referred to herein, reference should be made to such statutes, reports or other documents for more complete information regarding the rights and obligations of parties thereto, facts and opinions contained therein and the subject matter thereof.

The information and expressions of opinion in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made under it shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the County since the date as of which information is given in this Official Statement.

All CUSIP information provided herein is subject to copyright 2014, American Bankers Association. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services (CGS), which is managed on behalf of The American Bankers Association by S&P Capital IQ. This information is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CGS database. CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the County or the Underwriter and are included solely for the convenience of the registered owners of the applicable Bonds. Neither the County nor the Underwriter is responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the applicable Bonds or as included herein. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the execution and delivery of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

In making an investment decision investors must rely on their own examination of the County and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or with any state securities agency. The Bonds have not been approved or disapproved by the Commission or any state securities agency, nor has the Commission or any state securities agency passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



The material contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be current and reliable, but the accuracy thereof is not guaranteed. The Official Statement contains statements which are based upon estimates, forecasts, and matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so described, and such statements are intended solely as such and not as representations of fact. All summaries of statutes, resolutions, and reports contained herein are made subject to all the provisions of said documents. The Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the purchasers of any of the Bonds.

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Williamson County, Tennessee 1320 W. Main Street, Suite 125 Franklin, Tennessee 37064

Officials

Rogers C. Anderson County Mayor

Board of Commissioners

Dwight Jones	Beth Lothers	Chas Morton
Ricky D. Jones	Thomas Little	Matt Williams
Judy Herbert	Erin Nations	David Landrum
Betsy Hester	Paul Webb	Robbie Beal
Jennifer Mason	Bert Chalfant	Brian Beathard
Keith Hudson	Tom Tunnicliffe	Sean Aiello
Chad Story	Jerry Rainey	Steve Smith
Gregg Lawrence	Barb Sturgeon	Dana Ausbrooks

County Officials

County Clerk	Elaine H. Anderson
Budgets & Purchasing Director	Nena Graham
Trustee	Karen Paris

Counsel for the County

Buerger, Moseley & Carson, P.C. Franklin, Tennessee

Bond Counsel

Bass, Berry & Sims PLC Nashville, Tennessee

Registration and Paying Agent

U.S. Bank National Association Nashville, Tennessee

Municipal Advisor

Stephens Inc. Nashville, Tennessee

Underwriter

FHN Financial Capital Markets Memphis, Tennessee



Summary Statement

This Summary is expressly qualified by the entire Official Statement, which should be viewed in its entirety by potential investors.

ISSUER...... Williamson County, Tennessee (the "County"). ISSUES..... \$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B (the "General Obligation Bonds") and \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B (the "County District Bonds") (collectively, the "Bonds"). PURPOSE..... The General Obligation Bonds are being issued to fund capital improvements to County high schools and governmental facilities and pay issuance costs. The County District Bonds are being issued to fund capital improvements to County K-8 school facilities and pay issuance costs. The General Obligation Bonds shall be payable from unlimited ad SECURITY..... valorem taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the County. For the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the General Obligation Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged. The County District Bonds shall be payable primarily from unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied on all taxable property located outside the territorial limits of the Franklin Special School Subject to the limitations set forth in the foregoing sentence, for the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the County District Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged. DATED DATE Settlement Date. INTEREST DUE Each April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2021. PRINCIPAL DUE..... The General Obligation Bonds are payable April 1, 2024 through April 1, 2041, as set forth on the inside front cover. The County District Bonds are payable April 1, 2022 through April 1, 2030, as set forth on the inside front cover. SETTLEMENT DATE..... October 28, 2020. The General Obligation Bonds are subject to redemption at the OPTIONAL REDEMPTION..... option of the County on and after April 1, 2030 at the price of par. The County District Bonds are not subject to redemption at the option of the County.

RATING

"Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") based on documents and other information provided by the County. The rating reflects only the view of Moody's and neither the County, the Municipal Advisor nor the Underwriter makes any representations as to the appropriateness of such rating.

There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be lowered or withdrawn. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the secondary market price of the Bonds. Any explanation of the significance of the ratings may be obtained from Moody's. See "Rating" herein.

TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming compliance with certain tax covenants of the County, interest on the Bonds will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. For an explanation of certain tax consequences under federal law which may result from the ownership of the Bonds, see the discussion under the heading "Tax Matters" herein. Under existing law, the Bonds and the income therefrom will be exempt from all state, county and municipal taxation in the State of Tennessee, except Tennessee franchise and excise taxes. (See "Tax Matters" herein).

REGISTRATION AND PAYING

AGENT U.S. Bank National Association, Nashville, Tennessee.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR...... Stephens Inc., Nashville, Tennessee.

UNDERWRITER FHN Financial Capital Markets.

Official Statement

Williamson County, Tennessee

\$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B

Introduction

The Official Statement, including the cover page and appendices hereto, is furnished in connection with the issuance by Williamson County, Tennessee (the "County") of \$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B (the "General Obligation Bonds") and \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B (the "County District Bonds" and together with the General Obligation Bonds, the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issuable under and in full compliance with the constitution and statutes of the State of Tennessee, including Sections 9-21-101 <u>et seq.</u> and 49-3-1001 <u>et seq.</u>, Tennessee Code Annotated, and pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Board of County Commissioners of the County on September 14, 2020 (the "Resolutions") authorizing the execution, terms, issuance and sale of the Bonds.

This Official Statement includes descriptions of, among other matters, the Bonds, the Resolutions, and the County. Such descriptions and information do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references to the Resolutions are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive document, including the form of the Bonds included in the Resolutions. During the period of the offering of the Bonds, copies of the Resolutions and any other documents described herein or in the Resolutions may be obtained from the County. After delivery of the Bonds, copies of such documents will be available for inspection at the County Mayor's office. All capitalized terms used in this Official Statement and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Resolutions.

The Bonds

Description

The General Obligation Bonds are being issued to fund capital improvements to County high schools, library and other administrative facilities, animal control facilities, juvenile services facilities, jail facilities, parks and recreation facilities, public safety and Sheriff facilities and solid waste sanitation facilities (the "General Obligation Projects") and to pay costs of issuing the General Obligation Bonds. The County District Bonds are being issued to fund capital improvements to County K-8 school facilities (the "County District Projects" and, together with the General Obligation Projects, the "Projects") and to pay costs of issuing the County District Bonds.

The Bonds will be issued as fully registered book-entry Bonds, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will be dated their date of issuance. Interest on the Bonds, which shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months, will be payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year (herein an "Interest Payment Date"), commencing April 1, 2021.

The Bonds will mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover page.

Registration and Payment

The Bonds will be initially registered only in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds.

U.S. Bank National Association, Nashville, Tennessee (the "Registration Agent") will make all interest payments with respect to the Bonds on each Interest Payment Date directly to the registered owners as shown on the Bond registration records maintained by the Registration Agent as of the close of business on the fifteenth day of the month next preceding the Interest Payment Date (the "Regular Record Date") by check or draft mailed to such owners at their addresses shown on said registration records, without, except for final payment, the presentation or surrender of such registered Bonds, and all such payments shall discharge the obligations of the County in respect of such Bonds to the extent of the payments so made. Payment of principal of the Bonds shall be made upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds to the Registration Agent as the same shall become due and payable. In the event the Bonds are no longer registered in the name of DTC or its successor or assigns, if requested by the Owner of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, payment of interest on such Bonds shall be paid by wire transfer to a bank within the continental United States or deposited to a designated account if such account is maintained with the Registration Agent and written notice of any such election and designated account is given to the Registration Agent prior to the record date.

Any interest on any Bond which is payable but is not punctually paid or duly provided for on any interest payment date (hereinafter "Defaulted Interest") shall forthwith cease to be payable to the registered owner on the relevant Regular Record Date; and, in lieu thereof, such Defaulted Interest shall be paid by the County to the persons in whose names the Bonds are registered at the close of business on a date (the "Special Record Date") for the payment of such Defaulted Interest, which shall be fixed in the following manner: The County shall notify the Registration Agent in writing of the amount of Defaulted Interest proposed to be paid on each Bond and the date of the proposed payment, and at the same time the County shall deposit with the Registration Agent an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Registration Agent for such deposit prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the persons entitled to such Defaulted Interest. Thereupon, not less than ten (10) days after the receipt by the Registration Agent of the notice of the proposed payment, the Registration Agent shall fix a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest which date shall not be more than fifteen (15) nor less than ten (10) days prior to the date of the proposed payment to the registered owners. The Registration Agent shall promptly notify the County of such Special Record Date and, in the name and at the expense of the County, not less than ten (10) days prior to such Special Record Date, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor to be mailed, first class postage prepaid, to each registered owner at the address thereof as it appears in the Bond registration records maintained by the Registration Agent as of the date of such notice. Nothing contained in the Resolution or in the Bonds shall impair any statutory or other rights in law or in equity of any registered owner arising as a result of the failure of the County to punctually pay or duly provide for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.

Book-Entry-Only System

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate for each maturity of each series of Bonds will be issued for the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2.2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instrument from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation (NSCC, FICC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from Issuer or Agent on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Registration Agent, or the Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of County or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the County or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The County may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that County believes to be reliable, but County takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE COUNTY AND THE REGISTRATION AGENT HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (I) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT; (II) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (III) THE DELIVERY OR TIMELINESS OF DELIVERY BY ANY PARTICIPANT OR ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO BONDHOLDERS; OR (IV) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC OR CEDE & CO. AS BONDHOLDER.

Optional Redemption

The General Obligation Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 1, 2030, at a price equal to the par amount of such Bonds plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The County District Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the County.

If less than all the General Obligation Bonds shall be called for redemption, the maturities to be redeemed shall be selected by the Board of County Commissioners of the County in its discretion. If less than all of the General Obligation Bonds within a single maturity shall be called for redemption, the interests within the maturity to be redeemed shall be selected as follows:

- (i) if the General Obligation Bonds are being held under a Book-Entry System by DTC, or a successor Depository, the General Obligation Bonds to be redeemed shall be determined by DTC, or such successor Depository, by lot or such other manner as DTC, or such successor Depository, shall determine; or
- (ii) if the General Obligation Bonds are not being held under a Book-Entry System by DTC, or a successor Depository, the General Obligation Bonds within the maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by the Registration Agent by lot or such other random manner as the Registration Agent in its discretion shall determine.

Notice of Redemption

Notice of call for redemption for the General Obligation Bonds shall be given by the Registration Agent not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption by sending an appropriate notice to the registered owners of the General Obligation Bonds to be redeemed by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at the addresses shown on the bond registration records of the Registration Agent as of the date of the notice; but neither failure to mail such notice nor any such defect in any such notice so mailed shall affect the sufficiency of the proceedings for the redemption of any of the General Obligation Bonds for which proper notice was given. The notice may state that it is conditioned upon the deposit of moneys in an amount equal to the amount necessary to effect the redemption with the Registration Agent no later than the redemption date ("Conditional Redemption"). As long as DTC, or a successor Depository, is the registered owner of the General Obligation Bonds, all redemption notices shall be mailed by the Registration Agent to DTC, or such successor Depository, as the registered owner of the General Obligation Bonds, as and when above provided, and neither the County nor the Registration Agent shall be responsible for mailing notices of redemption to DTC Participants or Beneficial Owners. Failure of DTC, or any successor Depository, to provide notice to any DTC Participant will not affect the validity of such redemption. From and after any redemption date, all General Obligation Bonds called for redemption shall cease to bear interest if funds are available at the office of the Registration Agent for the payment thereof and if notice has been duly provided as set forth in the Resolution, as hereafter defined. In the case of a Conditional Redemption, the failure of the County to make funds available in part or in whole on or before the redemption date shall not constitute an event of default, and the Registration Agent shall give immediate notice to the Depository or the affected General Obligation Bondholders that the redemption did not occur and that the General Obligation Bonds called for redemption and not so paid remain outstanding.

Security and Sources of Payment

The General Obligation Bonds shall be payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the County. For the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the General Obligation Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged.

The County District Bonds are primarily payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied on all taxable property located within the County lying outside the territorial limits of the Franklin Special School District. Subject to the limitations set forth in the preceding sentence, for the prompt payment of principal of and interest on the County District Bonds, the full faith and credit of the County are irrevocably pledged.

Under Tennessee law, the County's legislative body is authorized to levy a tax on all taxable property within the County, or a portion thereof, without limitation as to rate or amount, and a referendum is neither required nor permitted to set the rate or amount. For a more complete statement of the general covenants and provisions pursuant to which the Bonds are issued, reference is hereby made to the respective Resolutions.

Remedies of Bondholders

Under Tennessee law, any Bondholder has the right, in addition to all other rights:

- (1) By mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce its rights against the County, including, but not limited to, the right to require the County to assess, levy and collect taxes adequate to carry out any agreement as to, or pledge of, such taxes, fees, rents, tolls, or other charges, and to require the County to carry out any other covenants and agreements, or
- (2) By action or suit in equity, to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or a violation of the rights of such Bondholder.

Discharge and Satisfaction of Bonds

The Bonds may be discharged and defeased in any one or more of the following ways:

- (a) By depositing sufficient funds as and when required with the Registration Agent, to pay the principal of and interest on such Bonds as and when the same become due and payable;
- (b) By depositing or causing to be deposited with any trust company or financial institution whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar federal agency and which has trust powers ("an Agent"; which Agent may be the Registration Agent) in trust or escrow, on or before the date of maturity or redemption, sufficient money or Defeasance Obligations, as hereafter defined, the principal of and interest on which, when due and payable, will provide sufficient moneys to pay or redeem such Bonds and to pay interest thereon when due until the maturity or redemption date (provided, if such Bonds are to be redeemed prior to maturity thereof, proper notice of such redemption shall have been given or adequate provision shall have been made for the giving of such notice);
 - (c) By delivering such Bonds to the Registration Agent, for cancellation by it;

and if the County shall also pay or cause to be paid all other sums payable under the Resolution, or make adequate provision therefor, and by resolution of the Governing Body instruct any such Escrow Agent to pay amounts when and as required to the Registration Agent for the payment of principal of and interest on such Bonds when due, then such Bonds shall be discharged and satisfied and all covenants, agreements and obligations of the County to the holders of such Bonds shall be fully discharged and satisfied.

If the County pays and discharges the indebtedness evidenced by any of the Bonds in the manner provided in either clause (a) or clause (b) above, then the registered owners of such Bonds shall thereafter be entitled only to payment out of the money or Defeasance Obligations.

Defeasance Obligations are direct obligations of, or obligations, the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by, the United States of America, which obligations shall not be subject to redemption prior to their maturity other than at the option of the registered owner thereof.

Plan of Financing

Sources and Uses of Funds

The following table sets forth the sources and uses of funds in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

Sources of Funds		
	General Obligation Bonds	County District Bonds
Par Amount	\$35,270,000.00	\$4,945,000.00
Reoffering Premium	<u>3,392,208.20</u>	<u>1,196,134.80</u>
Total Sources	<u>\$38,662,208.20</u>	<u>\$6,141,134.80</u>
Uses of Funds		
Deposit to Project Fund	\$38,514,299.12	\$6,081,837.34
Costs of Issuance ⁽¹⁾	<u>147,909.08</u>	<u>59,297.46</u>
Total Uses	\$ <u>38,662,208.20</u>	\$ <u>6,141,134.80</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes all fees and expenses, including underwriter's discount and expenses

Application of Bond Proceeds

The proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds and the County District Bonds will be applied to finance the General Obligation Projects and the County District Projects, respectively, and to pay Bond issuance used to pay costs of the Projects. Moneys in the project fund(s) will be invested as permitted by Tennessee law and may not be used for any purpose other than the Projects.

Rating

The Bonds have been assigned a rating of "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") based on documents and other information provided by the County. The rating reflects only the view of Moody's and neither the County, the Municipal Advisor nor the Underwriter makes any representation as to the appropriateness of such rating.

There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the secondary market price of the Bonds. Any explanation of the significance of the rating may be obtained from Moody's.

Continuing Disclosure

General

The County will at the time the Bonds are delivered execute a Continuing Disclosure Agreement under which it will covenant for the benefit of holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the County by not later than twelve months after the end of each fiscal year commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 (the "Annual Report"), and to provide notice of the occurrence of certain enumerated events and timely notice of failure to provide any required financial information of the County. The Annual Report (and audited financial statements if filed separately) and notices described above will be filed by the County with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") at www.emma.msrb.org and with any State Information Depository which may be established in Tennessee (the "SID"). The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Annual Report or the notices of events is summarized below. These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b), as it may be amended from time to time (the "Rule").

The County has not failed to comply in any material respect with its previous continuing disclosure undertakings in the past five years.

Annual Report

The County's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the General Purpose Financial Statements of the Issuer for the fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; provided, however, if the County's audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed, the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the financial statements contained herein, and the audited financial statements shall be filed when available. The Annual Report shall also include in a similar format the following information included in Appendix B to this Official Statement as follows.

- 1. "Debt Statement";
- 2. "Long-Term Debt";
- 3. "Per Capita Debt Ratios";
- 4. "Debt Ratios";
- 5. "Debt Trend";
- 6. "General Obligation Debt Service Requirements";
- 7. "County District School Bonds Debt Service Requirements";
- 8. "Fund Balances":
- 9. "Top Taxpayers";
- 10. "Local Sales Tax Collections";
- 11. "Privilege Tax and Adequate Facilities Tax Data";
- 12. "Property Valuation and Property Tax";

- 13. "County Tax Rates";
- 14. "Tax Collections"; and
- 15. "Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Fund Balances General Fund for Years Ending June 30".

Any or all of the items above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including Official Statements in final form for debt issues of the County or related public entities, which have been submitted to each of the Repositories or the Securities and Exchange Commission. If the document incorporated by reference is a final Official Statement, in final form, it will be available from the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The County shall clearly identify each such other document so incorporated by reference.

Reporting of Significant Events

The County will file notice regarding certain significant events with the MSRB and SID, if any, as follows:

- 1. Upon the occurrence of a Listed Event (as defined in (3) below), the County shall in a timely manner, but in no event more than ten (10) business days after the occurrence of such event, file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB and SID, if any. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsection (3)(h) and (i) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Bonds pursuant to the Resolution.
- 2. For Listed Events where notice is only required upon a determination that such event would be material under applicable Federal securities laws, the County shall determine the materiality of such event as soon as possible after learning of its occurrence.
- 3. The following are the Listed Events:
 - a. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - b. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - c. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - d. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - e. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - f. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
 - g. Modifications to rights of Bondholders, if material;
 - h. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;

- i. Defeasances;
- j. Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- k. Rating changes;
- 1. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- m. The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material:
- n. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- o. Incurrence of a financial obligation (as defined by the Rule) of the County, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the County, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- p. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the County, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

Termination of Reporting Obligation

The County's obligations under the Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds.

Amendment/Waiver

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Disclosure Agreement, the County may amend the Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of the Disclosure Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions concerning the Annual Report and Reporting of Significant Events it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;
- (b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized Bond Counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Resolution for amendments to the Resolution with the consent of the respective

Holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized Bond Counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or beneficial owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of the Disclosure Agreement, the County shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or, in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the County. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

Default

In the event of a failure of the County to comply with any provision of the Disclosure Agreement, any Bondholder or any Beneficial Owner may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the County to comply with its obligations under the Disclosure Agreement. A default under the Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default, if any, under the Resolution, and the sole remedy under the Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the County to comply with the Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

Future Issues

The County continues to be one of the fastest growing counties in Tennessee. The need for additional capital improvements financing is likely to be correlated with the rate at which this population growth continues. Specifically, as school enrollment continues to increase, the need for new school facilities is also expected to increase. Similarly, as the general population of the County grows, as it is expected to do, the need for additional infrastructure is likely to result in additional financing needs. The complexity of forecasting future growth and economic conditions makes long-term financing needs and timing difficult to predict.

The County School Board continues to anticipate additional funding needs for new school construction to accommodate expected growth in student enrollment. School officials have identified approximately \$410 million of additional land acquisition and construction projects that will need to be funded over the next five years. Additionally, County officials have preliminarily identified approximately \$140 million or more of general government capital improvement projects to be funded over the next five years. These projects include animal control facilities, parks and recreation facilities and other government purposes. In addition, the County is in the planning stage for development of new court and justice center facilities, the costs of which could exceed \$250 million.

Many of the contemplated projects are in the planning stages and the final amounts and timing have not been determined and are subject to change. Most projected future capital needs of the County Schools and County Government have not, yet, been approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Litigation

The County, like other similar bodies, is subject to a variety of suits and proceedings arising in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. After reviewing the current status of all pending and threatened litigation with its counsel, the County believes that, while the outcome of litigation cannot be predicted, the final settlement of all lawsuits which have been filed and of any actions or claims pending or threatened against the County or its officials in such capacity are adequately covered by insurance or by sovereign immunity or will not have a material adverse effect upon the County's financial condition.

As of the date of this Official Statement, the County has no knowledge or information concerning any pending or threatened litigation contesting the authority of the County to issue, sell or deliver the Bonds. The County has no knowledge or information of any actions pending or expected that would materially affect the County's ability to pay the debt service requirements of the Bonds.

Approval of Legal Proceedings

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the unqualified approving opinions of Bass, Berry & Sims PLC, Bond Counsel. A copy of the opinions will be available upon delivery of the Bonds. (See Appendix A). Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the County by Buerger, Moseley & Carson, P.C., Counsel to the County.

Tax Matters

Federal

General. Bass, Berry & Sims PLC, Nashville, Tennessee, is Bond Counsel for the Bonds. Their opinion under existing law, relying on certain statements by the Issuer and assuming compliance by the Issuer with certain covenants, is that interest on the Bonds:

- is excluded from a bondholder's federal gross income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and
- is not a preference item for a bondholder under the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals.

The Code imposes requirements on the Bonds that the Issuer must continue to meet after the Bonds are issued. These requirements generally involve the way that Bond proceeds must be invested and ultimately used. If the Issuer does not meet these requirements, it is possible that a bondholder may have to include interest on the Bonds in its federal gross income on a retroactive basis to the date of issue. The Issuer has covenanted to do everything necessary to meet these requirements of the Code.

A bondholder who is a particular kind of taxpayer may also have additional tax consequences from owning the Bonds. This is possible if a bondholder is:

- an S corporation,
- a United States branch of a foreign corporation,
- a financial institution,
- a property and casualty or a life insurance company,
- an individual receiving Social Security or railroad retirement benefits,
- an individual claiming the earned income credit or
- a borrower of money to purchase or carry the Bonds.

If a bondholder is in any of these categories, it should consult its tax advisor.

Bond Counsel is not responsible for updating its opinion in the future. It is possible that future events or changes in applicable law could change the tax treatment of the interest on the Bonds or affect the market price of the Bonds. See also "Changes in Federal and State Tax Law" below in this heading.

Bond Counsel expresses no opinion on the effect of any action taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the federal income tax treatment of interest on the Bonds, or under State, local or foreign tax law.

Bond Premium. If a bondholder purchases a Bond for a price that is more than the principal amount, generally the excess is "Bond premium" on that Bond. The tax accounting treatment of Bond premium is complex. It is amortized over time and as it is amortized a bondholder's tax basis in that Bond will be reduced. The holder of a Bond that is callable before its stated maturity date may be required to amortize the premium over a shorter period, resulting in a lower yield on such Bonds. A bondholder in certain circumstances may realize a taxable gain upon the sale of a Bond with Bond premium, even though the Bond is sold for an amount less than or equal to the owner's original cost. If a bondholder owns any Bonds with Bond premium, it should consult its tax advisor regarding the tax accounting treatment of Bond premium.

Original Issue Discount. A Bond will have "original issue discount" if the price paid by the original purchaser of such Bond is less than the principal amount of such Bond. Bond Counsel's opinion is that any original issue discount on these Bonds as it accrues is excluded from a bondholder's federal gross income under the Internal Revenue Code. The tax accounting treatment of original issue discount is complex. It accrues on an actuarial basis and as it accrues a bondholder's tax basis in these Bonds will be increased. If a bondholder owns one of these Bonds, it should consult its tax advisor regarding the tax treatment of original issue discount

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. Information reporting requirements apply to interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds. In general, such requirements are satisfied if the interest recipient completes, and provides the payor with a Form W-9, "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification," or if the recipient is one of a limited class of exempt recipients. A recipient not otherwise exempt from information reporting who fails to satisfy the information reporting requirements will be subject to "backup withholding," which means that the payor is required to deduct and withhold a tax from the interest payment, calculated in the manner set forth in the Code. For the foregoing purpose, a "payor" generally refers to the person or entity from whom a recipient receives its payments of interest or who collects such payments on behalf of the recipient.

If an owner purchasing a Bond through a brokerage account has executed a Form W-9 in connection with the establishment of such account, as generally can be expected, no backup withholding should occur. In any event, backup withholding does not affect the excludability of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any amounts withheld pursuant to backup withholding would be allowed as a refund or a credit against the owner's Federal income tax once the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

State Taxes

Under existing law, the Bonds and the income therefrom are exempt from all present state, county and municipal taxes in Tennessee except (a) Tennessee excise taxes on interest on the Bonds during the period the Bonds are held or beneficially owned by any organization or entity, or other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership doing business in the State of Tennessee, and (b) Tennessee franchise taxes by reason of the inclusion of the book value of the Bonds in the Tennessee franchise tax base of any organization or entity, other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership, doing business in the State of Tennessee.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law

From time to time, there are Presidential proposals, proposals of various federal committees, and legislative proposals in the Congress and in the states that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal and state tax matters referred to herein or adversely affect the marketability or market value of the Bonds or otherwise prevent holders of the Bonds from realizing the full benefit of the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. Further, such proposals may impact the marketability or market value of the Bonds simply by being proposed. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether if enacted it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed and litigation is threatened or commenced which, if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value, marketability or tax status of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether any such regulatory action will be implemented, how any particular litigation or judicial action will be resolved, or whether the Bonds would be impacted thereby. Purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation. The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based upon existing legislation and regulations as interpreted by relevant judicial and regulatory authorities as of the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds, and Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion as of any date subsequent thereto or with respect to any proposed or pending legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

Municipal Advisor

Stephens Inc. is serving as Municipal Advisor to the County in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. Stephens Inc., in its capacity as Municipal Advisor, has relied on the opinion of Bond Counsel and has not verified and does not assume any responsibility for the information, covenants and representations contained in any of the legal documents with respect to the federal or state income tax status of the Bonds or the possible impact of any present, pending or future actions taken by any legislative or judicial bodies. The information set forth herein has been obtained from the County and other sources believed to be reliable, but has not been independently verified by Municipal Advisor. The Municipal Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

The Municipal Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to the County and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Municipal Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Underwriting

FHN Financial Capital Markets, Memphis, Tennessee (the "Underwriter"), acting for and on behalf of itself and such other securities dealers as it may designate, will purchase the General Obligation Bonds for an aggregate purchase price of \$38,603,219.12, which is par, less \$58,989.08 underwriter's discount, plus net original issue premium of \$3,392,208.20.

The Underwriter, acting for and on behalf of itself and such other securities dealers as it may designate, will purchase the County District Bonds for an aggregate purchase price of \$6,110,922.59, which is par, less \$30,212.21 underwriter's discount, plus original issue premium of \$1,196,134.80.

The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers (including dealer banks and dealers depositing the Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices different from the public offering prices stated on the cover page of this Official Statement. Such initial public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

Miscellaneous

Any statement made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion and estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of the estimates will be realized.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement was duly authorized by the County.

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Certificate of County Mayor

I, Rogers C. Anderson, do hereby certify that I am the duly qualified and acting County Mayor of Williamson County, Tennessee, and as such official, I do hereby further certify with respect to the Official Statement dated October 14, 2020 issued in connection with the sale of the County's \$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B and its \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B, and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief (a) the descriptions and statements contained in said Official Statement were at the time of acceptance of the winning bids and are on the date hereof true and correct in all material respects; and (b) that said Official Statement did not at the time of the acceptance of the winning bids and does not on the date hereof contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated where necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

WITNESS my official signature this 28th day of October, 2020.

/s/ Rogers C. Anderson	
County Mayor	

I, Elaine H. Anderson, do hereby certify that I am the duly qualified and acting County Clerk of Williamson County, Tennessee, and as such official, I do hereby certify that Rogers Anderson is the duly qualified and acting County Mayor of said County and that the signature appended to the foregoing certificate is the true and genuine signature of such official.

WITNESS my official signature and the seal of said Williamson County, Tennessee as of the date subscribed to the foregoing certificate.

/s/ Elaine H. Anderson	
County Clerk	
	(SEAL)



APPENDIX A

Forms of Legal Opinions of Bass, Berry & Sims PLC, Attorneys, Nashville, Tennessee relating to the Bonds.



(Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel – General Obligation Bonds)

Bass, Berry & Sims PLC 150 Third Avenue South, Suite 2800 Nashville, Tennessee 37201

October 28, 2020

We have acted as bond counsel to Williamson County, Tennessee (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$35,270,000 General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2020B, dated the date hereof (the "Bonds"). We have examined the law and such certified proceedings and other papers as we deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify such facts by independent investigation.

Based on our examination, we are of the opinion, as of the date hereof, as follows:

- 1. The Bonds have been duly authorized, executed and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State of Tennessee and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the Issuer.
- 2. The resolutions of the Board of County Commissioners of the Issuer authorizing the Bonds have been duly and lawfully adopted, are in full force and effect and are valid and binding agreements of the Issuer enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 3. The Bonds constitute general obligations of the Issuer for the payment of which the Issuer has validly and irrevocably pledged its full faith and credit. The principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from unlimited <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the County.
- 4. Interest on the Bonds (including any original issue discount properly allocable to an owner thereof) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. The opinion set forth in the preceding sentence is subject to the condition that the Issuer comply with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest thereon be, or continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such requirements could cause interest on the Bonds to be so included in gross income retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Issuer has covenanted to comply with all such requirements. Except as set forth in this Paragraph 4, we express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.
- 5. Under existing law, the Bonds and the income therefrom are exempt from all present state, county and municipal taxes in Tennessee except (a) Tennessee excise taxes on all or a portion of the interest on any of the Bonds during the period such Bonds are held or beneficially owned by any organization or entity, other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership, doing business in the State of Tennessee, and (b) Tennessee franchise taxes by reason of the inclusion of the book value of the Bonds in the Tennessee franchise tax base of any organization or entity, other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership doing business in the State of Tennessee.

It is to be understood that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds and the resolution authorizing the Bonds may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted and that their enforcement may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Official Statement relating to the Bonds.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Yours truly,

BASS, BERRY & SIMS PLC

(Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel – County District Bonds)

Bass, Berry & Sims PLC 150 Third Avenue South, Suite 2800 Nashville, Tennessee 37201

October 22, 2020

We have acted as bond counsel to Williamson County, Tennessee (the "Issuer") in connection with the issuance of \$4,945,000 County District School Bonds, Series 2020B, dated the date hereof (the "Bonds"). We have examined the law and such certified proceedings and other papers as we deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify such facts by independent investigation.

Based on our examination, we are of the opinion, as of the date hereof, as follows:

- 1. The Bonds have been duly authorized, executed and issued in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State of Tennessee and constitute valid and binding general obligations of the Issuer.
- 2. The resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of the Issuer authorizing the Bonds has been duly and lawfully adopted, is in full force and effect and is a valid and binding agreement of the Issuer enforceable in accordance with its terms.
- 3. The Bonds shall be payable from unlimited <u>ad valorem</u> taxes to be levied on all taxable property within the Issuer lying outside the territorial limits of the Franklin Special School District. Subject to the limitations in the preceding sentence, for the prompt payment of principal and interest on the Bonds, the Issuer has irrevocably pledged its full faith and credit.
- 4. Interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. The opinion set forth in the preceding sentence is subject to the condition that the Issuer comply with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest thereon be, or continue to be, excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such requirements could cause interest on the Bonds to be so included in gross income retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Issuer has covenanted to comply with all such requirements. Except as set forth in this Paragraph 4, we express no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.
- 5. Under existing law, the Bonds and the income therefrom are exempt from all present state, county and municipal taxes in Tennessee except (a) Tennessee excise taxes on all or a portion of the interest on any of the Bonds during the period such Bonds are held or beneficially owned by any organization or entity, other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership, doing business in the State of Tennessee, and (b) Tennessee franchise taxes by reason of the inclusion of the book value of the Bonds in the Tennessee franchise tax base of any organization or entity, other than a sole proprietorship or general partnership doing business in the State of Tennessee.

It is to be understood that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the County District School Bonds and the resolution authorizing the Bonds may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted and that their enforcement may be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Official Statement relating to the Bonds.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Yours truly,

BASS, BERRY & SIMS PLC

APPENDIX B

Demographic and General Financial Information Related to the County



GENERAL INFORMATION

Williamson County (the "County") is located in Middle Tennessee and continues to be one of Tennessee's and one of the nation's fastest-growing communities. The County is adjacent to the southern boundary of Metropolitan Nashville-Davidson County and includes the cities of Brentwood, Fairview, Franklin, Nolensville, Thompson's Station and a portion of Spring Hill. In recent years, the County has benefited from its status as the county with the highest per capita income and one of the lowest unemployment rates in the State. Williamson County is noted for its high quality of life, excellent public school system, upscale neighborhoods, commercial office and retail parks, and rolling farmland.

The historic City of Franklin is the county seat of Williamson County. Franklin is approximately 15 miles south of Nashville, Tennessee. Franklin was founded in 1799 and is built around a restored historic downtown district. The City of Franklin covers an area of approximately 41 square miles and serves an estimated population of approximately 83,097. The City of Brentwood is the second largest city in the County with an estimated population of 42,783. Brentwood also covers approximately 41 square miles and is located adjacent to the southern border of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County. Brentwood is an affluent area that is known for its quality office parks and executive living. The city of Fairview, with an estimated population of 9,146, is situated in the northwest corner of Williamson County and it is convenient to Interstate 40 and State Route 840. Nolensville, population 10,062, is one of Tennessee's newest cities and is located in the northeastern section of the County. The town of Thompson's Station, with an estimated population of 6,567, is a small town located south of Franklin and north of Spring Hill. The city of Spring Hill forms the southern portion of Williamson County and the northern portion of Maury County. Spring Hill's total population of 43,769 is approximately split 70/30 between Williamson County and Maury County.

Two of the State's largest office parks, Maryland Farms and Aspen Grove, and one of its largest shopping malls, Cool Springs Galleria, are located in Williamson County. The County is also home to 12 of the largest 25 publicly traded companies in the Nashville region. One large employer, Nissan North America, moved its North American Headquarters to the Cool Springs area of Williamson County in 2008 from Los Angeles. In June 2019, Mitsubishi Motors of North America announced that they are relocating their headquarters from California to Williamson County, Tennessee.

The County is a convenient drive from the Nashville International Airport, a multi-air carrier commercial aviation facility. Interstate 40 and 65 and State Route 840 traverse the County. Interstate 24 is also located nearby. Other land transportation is served by U.S. Highways 31 and 431 and State Highways 96 and 100. Rail transportation is provided by CSX Transportation Group.

The Nashville area is just one of six areas in the nation intersected by three or more interstate highways. State Route 840 connects five Tennessee counties and intersects four of the six interstate spokes. SR 840 intersects Interstates 65 and 40 near Franklin and Fairview respectively, and connects with Interstate 24 near Murfreesboro in adjoining Rutherford County and Interstate 40 in western Wilson County and eastern Dickson County.

The governing body of the County is a 24 member Board of Commissioners that are elected to concurrent four-year terms of office by direct vote of the voters in each district represented. The County Mayor is the chief financial and administrative officer of the County and is elected by a direct vote of the people to a four-year term of office. The current terms of office for the Board of Commissioners and the County Mayor began on September 1, 2018 and will expire on August 31, 2022.

COVID-19

The world-wide outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has spread to several counties and cities in the State of Tennessee, including the County and is considered by the World Health Organization to be a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. The spread of COVID-19 has led to quarantine and other "social distancing" measures in affected regions. While effects of COVID-19 on the County may be temporary, the virus has affected travel, commerce and financial markets across the world.

As of October 1, 2020, Williamson County has approximately 379 known active cases of COVID-19. The County is unable to predict: (i) the extent or duration of the COVID-19 outbreak or any other epidemic or pandemic; (ii) the extent or duration of existing and additional quarantines, travel restrictions or other measures relating to COVID-19 or any other epidemic or pandemic; or (iii) whether and to what extent the COVID-19 outbreak or any other epidemic or pandemic may disrupt the local or global economy, manufacturing or the supply chain or whether any such disruption may adversely affect the operations of the County. Given the evolving nature of the spread of the virus and the behavior of governments, businesses and individuals in response thereto, the County cannot accurately predict the magnitude of the impact of COVID-19 on the County and its financial condition. The County is proactively taking steps to mitigate the spread of COVID-19 and to preserve effective staffing for all essential County operations.

Although the County cannot accurately predict the magnitude of the ultimate impact of COVID-19 outbreak on the County's finances, the County is carefully monitoring the immediate effect of the COVID-19 outbreak on the County's finances and is attempting to make projections as to the effect of the COVID-19 outbreak for the upcoming fiscal year. For the most recent fiscal year, the County's largest source of revenues is property tax revenues. Property tax revenues are due each year on October 1st and are delinquent on the last day of February of the following year, so all tax year 2019 taxes were required to be paid without any penalty by February 29, 2020. The COVID-19 outbreak did not have a material impact on fiscal year 2019-2020 property tax collections because taxes were due prior to the outbreak. The County is projecting property tax collections of approximately \$258 million in fiscal year 2020-2021. The County cannot predict whether a continuation of the outbreak will have a material impact on collections in the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

The County's second largest source of revenues is sales and use tax revenues. Most of the County's share of local sales tax collections is allocated for school purposes. For fiscal year 2020-2021, the County is forecasting local sales tax collections of approximately \$70 million. Approximately \$66 million of this amount will be for school purposes. All sales and use tax revenues are collected by the State, and the County does not typically receive notice from the State of the County's share of sales and use taxes collected for approximately 50 days after the close of each month.

The County estimates that fiscal year 2019-2020 sales tax collections were up approximately 5.4% over fiscal year 2018-2019. This increase was due to the fact that the County was approximately nine months into the fiscal year before the Covid-19 outbreak. The County estimates that sales tax collections in the months of April, May and June decreased approximately 5.3% from the same period in the prior year.

The County also collects other tax revenues such as business taxes that are expected to be materially affected by business closures and reduced economic activity resulting from the COVID-19 outbreak. Such revenues typically consist of less than 20% of the County's revenues.

The County, and especially Williamson County Schools, also receives funding from the State of Tennessee and the federal government. The County has budgeted State funding of approximately \$145 million for the General Purpose School Fund in fiscal year 2020-2021. The State of Tennessee receives a

substantial portion of the shared revenues from sales tax collections which may be adversely impacted by the Covid-19 outbreak. The County cannot predict how state and federal funding will be impacted by the Covid-19 outbreak.

The County expects to receive some federal and/or State assistance to offset costs to the County of addressing the COVID-19 outbreak. As this point, the County is eligible for up to \$3.475 million in aid for qualifying expenses. The County has not been informed as to the timing or amount of any additional federal or State assistance that may be provided, nor does the County know the scope of expenses that will be payable from such assistance. Therefore, the County cannot provide any assurances to whether the projected decline in tax revenues will be mitigated, in whole or part, by such assistance. The County's proposed budget for the 2021 fiscal year does not include any such assistance as a source of revenue to provide for a balanced budget.

The County's current liquidity position is expected to be adequate to fund essential services and make timely debt service payments on debt of the County.

Various types of information regarding employment and income trends within the County are detailed below in this APPENDIX B. This information was assembled prior to the COVID-19 outbreak and may not be reflective of current financial conditions. For example, unemployment rates throughout the United States, including the County, have increased significantly since the COVID-19 outbreak. Furthermore, the largest employers in the County are listed below in this Appendix B. The COVID-19 outbreak has affected businesses throughout the United States, including businesses in the County, and many of the employers listed below in this APPENDIX B may have reduced their employment levels from the described levels. Given the fluidity of the current economic environment, the County is not able to provide sufficiently accurate updates to this information.

CYBER-SECURITY

The County utilizes various computer systems and network technology to perform many of its vital operations. Such operations often include the storage and transmission of sensitive information, and as a result, the County may be the target of cyberattacks attempting to gain access to such information. In addition to intentional attacks, information breaches may occur due to unintentional employee error. A successful cyberattack or unintentional breach may require the expenditure of an unknown amount of money or time to resolve, substantially interrupt municipal services and operations and subject the County to legal action. The County has no knowledge of, nor historical record of any successful cyber-security breach or related attack. Attempted cyber-security attacks, whether anonymous or targeted, occur on a periodic frequency that is not uncommon to organizations or agencies of similar characteristics. To mitigate against such risks, the County has instituted various policies and procedures to protect its network infrastructure, including a cyber-security training requirement for certain departments, as well as general cyber-security training and awareness for all employees. The County also maintains insurance against cyber-security incidents, up to a coverage maximum of \$5,000,000. Despite the County's measures to safeguard its network infrastructure, there are no guarantees that such measures will be successful.

SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Population

The population of the County has grown appreciably since 1980. According to the U.S. Census population estimate data for 2019, the County's population has grown by 180,304 since 1980, 156,623 since 1990, 110,311 since 2000 and 54,269 since 2010. Various socioeconomic factors are indicated below.

	Population		Percentage Change		
	Williamson			Williamson	
	County	Tennessee		County	Tennessee
1980	58,108	4,600,252			
1990	81,789	4,890,626	1980 - 1990	40.8%	6.3%
2000	128,101	5,703,719	1990 - 2000	56.6%	16.6%
2010	184,143	6,355,311	2000 - 2010	43.7%	11.4%
2012 (est.)	193,211	6,453,898	2010 - 2012	4.9%	1.6%
2013 (est.)	199,143	6,494,340	2010 - 2013	8.1%	2.2%
2014 (est.)	205,334	6,541,223	2010 - 2014	11.5%	2.9%
2015 (est.)	211,605	6,591,170	2010 - 2015	14.9%	3.7%
2016 (est.)	218,903	6,646,010	2010 - 2016	18.9%	4.6%
2017 (est.)	226,048	6,708,799	2010 - 2017	22.8%	5.6%
2018 (est.)	231,978	6,771,631	2010 - 2018	26.0%	6.6%
2019 (est.)	238,412	6,829,174	2010 - 2019	29.5%	7.5%

Source: U. S. Census Bureau

Per Capita Personal Income

The County's per capita personal income according to the Bureau of Economic Analysis was \$94,872 in 2018.

_	County	Tennessee	% of State
2009 Per Capita Personal Income	\$58,687	\$34,260	171.3%
2010 Per Capita Personal Income	\$65,353	\$35,653	183.3%
2011 Per Capita Personal Income	\$71,293	\$37,627	189.5%
2012 Per Capita Personal Income	\$78,406	\$39,312	199.4%
2013 Per Capita Personal Income	\$79,618	\$39,427	201.9%
2014 Per Capita Personal Income	\$84,595	\$40,801	207.3%
2015 Per Capita Personal Income	\$91,767	\$42,593	215.5%
2016 Per Capita Personal Income	\$92,654	\$43,726	211.9%
2017 Per Capita Personal Income	\$91,001	\$44,950	202.4%
2018 Per Capita Personal Income	\$94,872	\$46,900	202.3%

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, CA1-3 Personal Income Summary

Median Housing Values

	Williamson		
	County	Tennessee	% of State
2010 Median Housing Value	330,265	149,900	220.3%
2011 Median Housing Value	335,000	150,925	222.0%
2012 Median Housing Value	334,899	160,000	209.3%
2013 Median Housing Value	355,000	165,000	215.2%
2014 Median Housing Value	370,219	166,000	223.0%
2015 Median Housing Value	390,000	175,000	222.9%
2016 Median Housing Value	419,000	185,000	226.5%
2017 Median Housing Value	445,000	196,000	227.0%
2018 Median Housing Value	477,055	210,000	227.2%
2019 Median Housing Value	500,000	226,000	221.2%

Source: Tennessee Housing Development Agency - This data reflects only the sales prices of new and existing homes that were sold in the respective years. This data may not be representative of the median value of all homes in the County or State.

Taxable Parcels

	Real	Property Parce	els	Personal Property		
		Commercial /	_			
Tax Year	Residential	Industrial	Other	All	Total	Change
2010	65,952	3,065	4,487	10,261	83,765	0.9%
2011	65,860	3,093	4,509	11,048	84,510	0.9%
2012	66,240	3,109	4,533	11,437	85,319	1.0%
2013	67,255	3,128	4,834	11,652	86,869	1.8%
2014	68,468	3,140	4,479	11,867	87,954	1.2%
2015	71,092	3,184	4,466	11,360	90,102	2.4%
2016	73,457	3,209	4,421	11,646	92,733	2.9%
2017	76,009	3,225	4,380	11,963	95,577	3.1%
2018	78,192	3,252	4,358	12,243	98,045	2.6%
2019	80,319	3,266	4,339	12,639	100,563	2.6%

Source: State Board of Equalization Tax Aggregate Reports of Tennessee for 2010-2019 and County officials.

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

Labor Force

The labor force within the County has increased from 94,495 in 2010 to 127,082 in August 2020, reflecting a 34% increase. The Covid-19 outbreak, and the impact on economic conditions, resulted in a sharp increase in the unemployment rate in 2020. As of August 2020, the County's estimated unemployment rate is 5.3% which still compares favorably to the State average of 8.5% and the U. S. average of 8.4%. Given the uncertainties surrounding Covid-19, the County cannot predict how much future employment numbers will be negatively impacted.

			Total Labor	Unemp	loyment F	Percent
Year	Employment	Unemployment	Force	County	State	U.S.
2010	88,258	6,237	94,495	6.6%	9.6%	9.6%
2011	91,667	5,747	97,414	5.9%	9.0%	8.9%
2012	94,064	4,951	99,015	5.0%	7.8%	8.1%
2013	95,911	5,261	101,172	5.2%	7.7%	7.4%
2014	98,611	4,647	103,258	4.5%	6.6%	6.2%
2015	102,923	4,288	107,211	4.0%	5.6%	5.3%
2016	109,317	3,848	113,165	3.4%	4.7%	4.9%
2017	116,032	3,220	119,252	2.7%	3.8%	4.3%
2018	121,960	3,127	125,087	2.5%	3.5%	3.9%
2019	127,091	3,125	130,216	2.4%	3.4%	3.7%
Aug-20	120,347	6,735	127,082	5.3%	8.5%	8.4%

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Major Employers

The following table includes numerous major employers in Williamson County. This information was compiled prior to the outbreak of Covid-19 and does not reflect any negative changes which have occurred since the outbreak. The County believes it is likely that some firms on this list have reduced the number of employees as a result of slowing economic conditions. Given the uncertainties surrounding the Covid-19 outbreak, it is not known whether employee reductions, in general, will be temporary or permanent.

Estimate d	
2019	

	2017	
Employer	Employees	Product or Service
Williamson County Schools	6,766	Education
CoolSprings Galleria	3,500	Retail Mall
Community Health Systems	2,652	Health Services - Headquarters
HCA	2,002	Healthcare Services
Nissan North America	1,850	Automotive - North American Headquarters
Williamson County Government	1,650	County Government
United Health Group	1,467	Healthcare Claims Resolution and Information Management
Williamson Medical Center	1,330	Health Services
Optum	1,000	Healthcare IT Software for Hospital Management
Comdata	1,000	Transaction Process Solutions
Tractor Supply Company	1,000	Headquarters of Retail Farm and Ranch Stores
Lee Company	963	Home Services
Franklin Special School District	923	Education
Ford Motor Credit	875	Customer Care Center for Finance Department
Schneider Electric	850	Energy Management
Mars Petcare	800	Pet Food Manufacturer
City of Franklin Government	719	City Government
DaVita	701	Dialysis Treatment and Support Services
Ramsey Solutions	685	Publishing, Radio and Education
Brookdale Senior Living	668	Senior Living and Healthcare Provider
eviCore healthcare	653	Medical Benefits Management
Vanderbilt University Medical Center	580	Health Services
GEODIS	536	Global Supply Chain Management Solutions
Jackson National Life Insurance Company	518	Financial Services

Sources: Williamson County Chamber of Commerce, Economic Development Office, County Officials, the TN Department of Economic & Community Development and the Nashville Business Journal.

Commercial Development Overview

Williamson County reports that substantial new and ongoing economic development projects continue in the County. Although economic development projects are continuing, the County cannot predict what impact the Covid-19 outbreak will have on new or future economic development plans.

In June 2020, Ramsey Solutions announced that they plan to invest approximately \$52 million and add 600 new positions by expanding their corporate headquarters in Williamson County. The expansion will include the addition of a 192,000 square foot, six story office building on their corporate campus in Franklin.

In February, 2020, Spirit Airlines announced that they are moving their operations control center from Florida to a nearly 49,000 square foot facility in Williamson County, Tennessee. The operations control center controls round-the-clock flight operations for more than 650 flights each day across the U.S., Latin America and the Caribbean. The project represents an investment of \$11.3 million and will bring 345

jobs to Tennessee over the next five years. Spirit Airlines is expected to relocate more than 240 positions to Tennessee and create 100 additional jobs in Williamson County. The transition is expected to be completed by early 2021.

In June 2019, Mitsubishi Motors of North America announced that they are relocating their headquarters from California to Williamson County, Tennessee. The move is expected to create over 200 new jobs in the County in positions such as sales, marketing, IT, human resources, communications, planning, finance and legal.

In June 2017, Crescent Communities released plans for a new mixed-use project in the Cool Springs area of the County. Dubbed Bigby, the \$150 million project includes plans for 280,000 square feet of commercial office space and 30,000 square feet of restaurant retail space, a 12-acre park, 330 luxury apartments, 15 townhomes and a 200-room hotel.

Work continues on Ovation, a new development to be located in the Cool Springs area of Franklin. This \$700 million, 147-acre mixed-use master-planned community is expected to include 1.4 million square feet of office space; 350,000 square feet of retail space; two hotels with approximately 450 rooms; and a blend of residential living. Mars Petcare, which was already a large employer in the County, relocated to their new \$96 million headquarters in 2019.

Al. Neyer, in partnership with New York Life, finished construction of a 175,000 square foot office building in August of 2018, the beginning of a mixed-use development in the Cool Springs area called Mallory Green. The first of two planned hotels was delivered in 2019 with the second hotel and office building planned for 2020.

Harpeth Square, a \$90 million hotel, apartment and retail project covering a block in downtown Franklin is underway, with the first phase delivered in 2019. The project includes both upscale hotel and retail options, office space, apartments and is one of the most expensive developments underway in downtown Franklin.

Northside McEwen, a mixed-use project in the Cool Springs area, has begun construction. The initial phase includes 200,000 square feet of office space, 26,000 square feet of retail space, three restaurant pads and 330 upscale residential units. Phase 1 is set for a target delivery of Q2 2020. The total investment for phase 1 is estimated at \$120 million.

Franklin Park, on the Northwest corner of the Carothers McEwen intersection, is preparing for its 3rd office building slated to be 11 stories and 312,000 square feet. Buildings 1 and 2 are 90% leased, and when completed, the project will contain 1.3 Million square feet of office space.

Berry Farms is a 600 Acre Mixed-Use Master Planned community south of the Cool Springs office market. Located off I-65 and Highway 248, the first phase includes housing, retail, and several office buildings. Berry Farms is currently the home of Lee Company's new headquarters, and Dave Ramsey's new 600,000 square foot headquarters building which opened in September 2019.

Rachel Springs is a 9-acre, 100,000 square foot office project planned for Mack Hatcher. Currently undergoing site preparations, the project is being managed by Eakin Partners who is looking for a tenant interested in a purchase option for build-to-suit space.

Virginia Springs is slated to be the western anchor of the Maryland Farms office district in Brentwood and includes two multi-story office buildings. Building 1 is a 113,000 square foot building that opened fully leased. Building 2 is under development and is projected to offer 111,000 square feet of office space beginning in late 2020. Project costs have been estimated at \$37.8 million.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM

The Williamson County school system provides public education in grades K-12 for the entire county lying outside the boundaries of the Franklin Special School District ("FSSD"). FSSD owns and operates its school system separate and apart from the County system, providing public education in grades K-8. Students residing inside FSSD attend grades 9-12 at one of the County's ten high schools.

The Williamson County Board of Education operates the public education Williamson County school system. The Board consists of a Chairman and eleven members, each of whom is elected from a county school board district for a term of four years. The superintendent is appointed by the School Board.

The Williamson County School System is a K-12 public school district with 48 school sites: 10 high schools, 10 middle schools, 27 elementary schools and 1 K-8 school. The Tennessee Department of Education reports that average daily membership at Williamson County Schools increased 104% from the 2000-2001 school year to the 2018-2019 school year as presented below.

AVERAGE	DAILY	MEMBERSHIP
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	Williamson	Franklin Special
G 1 137		-
School Year	County Schools	School District
2000-2001	19,666	3,818
2001-2002	20,133	3,796
2002-2003	21,032	3,777
2003-2004	21,914	3,708
2004-2005	23,616	3,783
2005-2006	25,440	3,800
2006-2007	27,301	3,781
2007-2008	28,585	3,825
2008-2009	29,762	3,720
2009-2010	30,517	3,688
2010-2011	31,275	3,748
2011-2012	31,949	3,671
2012-2013	32,912	3,710
2013-2014	33,916	3,633
2014-2015	34,991	3,585
2015-2016	36,303	3,438
2016-2017	37,661	3,537
2017-2018	38,685	3,528
2018-2019	39,879	3,451

Source: Tennessee Department of Education.

The Franklin Special School District (FSSD) operates a public school system providing public education in grades K-8 for a portion of the County located primarily within of the City of Franklin. The average daily membership for the 2018-2019 school year was 3,451.

Prior to 1987, the boundaries of FSSD included all the City of Franklin and some small unincorporated areas immediately adjacent thereto, and its boundaries were automatically extended with those of the City each time Franklin annexed new territory. In 1987, the Tennessee General Assembly enacted legislation permanently fixing the boundaries of FSSD to those which existed as of September 1, 1986.

RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Employees of Williamson County and non-certified employees of the Williamson County School Department are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). Teachers of the Williamson County School Department with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan is now closed to new membership. Teachers with membership in TCRS after June 30, 2014, are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the Teacher Retirement Plan.

The TCRS was created by state statute under *Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA)*, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administrations of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

For detailed information on retirement commitments, see Appendix C, page 91, Note H of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

All full-time employees hired before July 1, 2009, and eligible retirees of the primary government and the Williamson County School Department are eligible to participate in the health and dental insurance costsharing plan accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund). Life insurance ranging from \$2,700 to \$15,000 is also provided at full cost to the retiree. For accounting purposes, the plan is an agent single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Benefits and premium requirements are established and amended by an insurance committee established by the County Commission. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For detailed information on other post-employment benefits, see Appendix C, page 109, Note I of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

PROPERTY TAX FREEZE PROGRAM

In its 2007 session, the 105th General Assembly enacted the <u>Property Tax Freeze Act</u> which authorizes the legislative body of any county and/or municipality to adopt the property tax freeze program for lower income senior citizens. The Act became effective on July 1, 2007.

Homeowners qualifying for an authorized program will have the property taxes on their principal residence frozen at a base tax amount, which is the amount of taxes owed in the year they first qualify for the program. Thereafter, as long as the owner continues to qualify for the program, the amount of property taxes owed for that property will not change, even if there is a property tax rate increase.

In order to qualify, the homeowner must file an application annually and must (a) Own their principal place of residence in a participating county and/or city, (b) be 65 years of age or older by the end of the year in which the application is filed, and (c) have an income from all sources that does not exceed the county income limit established for that tax year

The Williamson County Board of Commissioners created a property tax freeze program for qualifying citizens.

GENERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION - DEBT STATEMENT

(As of June 30, 2020)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Outstanding Debt	County Wide	Rural District
Bonds and Capital Outlay Notes (County-Wide)	\$502,985,000	\$397,652,146
Rural Bonds and Rural Notes (Outside Franklin SSD) (3)	392,045,000	392,045,000
Gross Direct Debt	\$895,030,000	\$789,697,146
Less: Self Supporting Hospital Bonds	(72,900,000)	(57,633,610)
Net Direct Debt	\$822,130,000	\$732,063,536
Estimated Net Overlapping Debt (4)	\$262,691,452	\$125,535,448
Overall Net Debt	\$1,084,821,452	\$857,598,984

Debt Record: There is no record of a default on bond principal and interest from information available.

- (1) As of June 30, 2020, and adjusted for 2020A Bonds, 2020C Bonds and 2020B Bonds.
- (2) Williamson County Schools, a component unit of Williamson County, has recently entered into 3 computer equipment leases totaling approximately \$9.3 million to facilitate remote and online learning capabilities during the Covid-19 outbreak. These short-term lease payments will be made from the General Purpose School Fund. These leases are not included in the debt statement and the schedule of annual debt service payments.
- (3) As of Fiscal Year 2019-2020, approximately 78.73% of the County's assessed value is located outside of the Franklin Special School District.
- (4) Net Overlapping Debt of the municipalities and special school district estimated as of June 30, 2019. Excludes self-supporting debt. Net Overlapping Debt for the Rural District includes Brentwood, Spring Hill, Fairview, Nolensville and a pro rata portion of the City of Franklin's debt that is secured by property outside the limits of the Franklin Special School District. Sources include Audits and Official Statements.

LONG TERM DEBT $^{(1)(2)}$

Issue	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2020	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	04/01/10	04/01/26	4.50% -5.00%	17,500,000	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010	10/26/10	04/01/21	3.450%	1,150,000	
General Obligation (Hospital) Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	03/21/12	05/01/25	2.00% -4.00%	9,505,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	12/07/12	03/01/25	2.00% -4.00%	4,880,000	
G.O. School & Pub. Imp. Bonds, Series 2013	11/20/13	05/01/24	4.00% - 5.00%	10,415,000 (5)	ı
G.O. School & Pub. Imp. Bonds, Series 2013 (Hospital Portion)	11/20/13	05/01/24	4.00% - 5.00%	5,025,000 (5)	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014	08/28/14	04/01/34	3.00% - 5.00%	26,090,000	
General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2015A	06/11/15	04/01/35	2.00% -4.00%	15,695,000	
General Obligation School and Public Imp. Bonds, Series 2015B	10/29/15	04/01/30	2.00% -5.00%	14,705,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	01/05/16	04/01/21	4.000%	4,590,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A	03/10/16	04/01/29	2.75% -5.00%	22,935,000	
General Obligation Public Improvement & School Bonds, Series 2016B	11/29/16	04/01/37	3.00% - 5.00%	20,085,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	01/04/17	04/01/22	2.000%	3,860,000	
General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2017A (Taxable)	08/30/17	06/01/34	1.72% -3.20%	4,740,000	
General Obligation Public Improvement & School Bonds, Series 2017	11/21/17	04/01/38	2.25% -5.00%	50,230,000	
G.O. Pub. Imp. & School Bonds, Series 2018 (Hospital Portion)	10/30/18	04/01/39	3.875%-5.00%	40,505,000	
G.O. Pub. Imp. & School Bonds, Series 2018	10/30/18	04/01/39	3.875%-5.00%	43,615,000	
General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	06/20/19	04/01/34	4.00% -5.00%	17,570,000	
G.O. Pub. Imp. & School Bonds, Series 2019	11/15/19	04/01/40	3.00% - 5.00%	75,100,000	
General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	04/01/20	04/01/30	5.000%	9,895,000	
General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2020A	08/20/20	04/01/40	1.625%-5.00%	14,700,000	
G.O. School & Pub. Imp. Refunding Bonds, Series 2020C (Hospital Portion)	10/21/20	05/01/34	1.375%-2.00%	17,865,000 (6)	į
G.O. School & Pub. Imp. Refunding Bonds, Series 2020C	10/21/20	05/01/34	1.375% -2.00%	37,060,000 ⁽⁶⁾	
G.O. School & Pub. Imp. Bonds, Series 2020B	10/28/20	04/01/41	1.50% -5.00%	35,270,000	
G.O. Belloof & Patr. Imp. Bollas, Seles 2020B	10/20/20	04/01/41	1.50/0 5.00/0	\$502,985,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	04/01/10	04/01/26	5.000%	17,870,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2010	10/26/10	04/01/21	3.450%	1,350,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	12/07/12	03/01/25	2.00% -4.00%	3,720,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2013	11/20/13	05/01/24	4.00% - 5.00%	3,610,000 (5)	
County District School Bonds, Series 2014A	08/28/14	04/01/34	3.00% - 5.00%	13,100,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B	08/28/14	04/01/27	2.50% -5.00%	7,435,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2015A	06/11/15	04/01/35	3.00% - 5.00%	11,615,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2015B	10/29/15	04/01/25	2.00%	2,885,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A	03/10/16	04/01/29	2.75% -5.00%	22,395,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2016B	04/28/16	04/01/36	1.75% -5.00%	12,695,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2016C	11/29/16	04/01/37	2.00% -5.00%	28,490,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2017A (Taxable)	08/30/17	06/01/34	1.72% -3.20%	4,320,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2017	11/21/17	04/01/38	2.25% -5.00%	74,530,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2018	10/30/18	04/01/39	4.00% -5.00%	45,265,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	06/20/19	04/01/34	2.50% -5.00%	31,740,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2019	11/15/19	04/01/40	3.00% -5.00%	49,780,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	04/01/20	04/01/30	5.000%	11,640,000	
County District School Bonds, Series 2020A	08/20/20	04/01/40	2.00% -5.00%	32,000,000	
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2020C	10/21/20	05/01/34	1.375%-2.00%	12,660,000 (6)	
County District School Bonds, Series 2020B	10/28/20	04/01/30	5.000%	4,945,000 \$392,045,000	
Total Current Outstanding Bonded Debt			:	\$895,030,000	
				, ,	

(5) Excludes bonds being refunded by the 2020C Bonds.

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⁽⁶⁾ Expected to close on 10/21/2020.

POPULATION

County	City of Franklin	Tennessee
34,423	9,497	3,926,018
58,108	12,407	4,600,252
81,789	20,098	4,890,626
128,101	41,842	5,703,719
184,143	62,487	6,355,311
188,501	64,357	6,399,291
193,211	66,359	6,453,898
199,143	68,876	6,494,340
205,334	70,620	6,541,223
211,605	72,573	6,591,170
218,903	74,695	6,646,010
226,048	78,265	6,708,799
231,978	81,027	6,771,631
238,412	83,097	6,829,174
	34,423 58,108 81,789 128,101 184,143 188,501 193,211 199,143 205,334 211,605 218,903 226,048 231,978	34,423 9,497 58,108 12,407 81,789 20,098 128,101 41,842 184,143 62,487 188,501 64,357 193,211 66,359 199,143 68,876 205,334 70,620 211,605 72,573 218,903 74,695 226,048 78,265 231,978 81,027

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

PER CAPITA DEBT RATIOS

	County Wide (1)	Rural District (1)
Gross Direct Debt	\$3,754	\$4,064
Net Direct Debt	\$3,448	\$3,767
Overall Net Debt	\$4,550	\$4,413

⁽¹⁾ Based on U.S. Census and Census estimates. Rural District population estimates are difficult to determine because there are no official population figures for this District. The population has been estimated by comparing residential parcels in the area of Franklin located both inside and outside of the FSSD.

DEBT RATIOS

	<u>County Wide</u>	Rural District
Gross Direct Debt to Actual Value	1.73%	1.86%
Net Direct Debt to Actual Value	1.59%	1.73%
Overall Net Debt to Actual Value	2.09%	2.02%
Gross Direct Debt to Assessed Value	6.82%	7.61%
Net Direct Debt to Assessed Value	6.27%	7.06%
Overall Net Debt to Assessed Value	8.27%	8.27%

DEBT TREND

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17	06/30/16	06/30/15
Bonded Debt ⁽²⁾	\$652,415,000	\$628,710,000	\$537,055,000	\$517,540,000	\$522,435,000
Note Debt	10,000,000	0	15,000,000	0	0
Other Loans	367,460	0	0	0	0
Total Net Debt	\$662,782,460	\$628,710,000	\$552,055,000	\$517,540,000	\$522,435,000

 $^{(2) \ \} Includes \ bonded \ debt \ payable \ through \ the \ Rural \ Debt \ Service \ Fund. \ \ Excludes \ Hospital \ Bonds.$

Sources: Annual Financial Reports prepared by The Comptroller of the Treasury, Division of County Audit, Nashville, Tennessee for the years ending June 30, 2015 through 2019 and County Finance Officials.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

	Existing Obligation Note	Bonds and	Plus: G.O. Pub. Imp. l Bonds, Serie	Refunding	Plus: G.O. Pub. Imp. Be	onds, Series	T	otal Gro	ss Debt Servi	ce	Less: Self-		Tota	al Net Debt Se	ervice
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest ⁽²⁾	Principal	Interest			Total Gross Principal		Total Gross Interest	Total Gross Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total Net Principal	Total Net Interest	Total Net Debt Service
2021	28,855,000	16,430,765	250,000	530,910		440,805	29,105,000		17,402,480	46,507,480	4,585,000	2,489,088	24,520,000	14,913,392	39,433,392
2022	26,540,000	15,366,917	520,000	1,000,936		1,037,188	27,060,000		17,405,040	44,465,040	4,900,000	2,436,638	22,160,000	14,968,402	37,128,402
2023	28,660,000	14,186,404	530,000	990,536		1,037,188	29,190,000		16,214,127	45,404,127	5,130,000	2,217,588	24,060,000	13,996,540	38,056,540
2024	29,420,000	12,848,597	540,000	979,936	1,390,000	1,037,188	31,350,000		14,865,720	46,215,720	5,270,000	2,031,738	26,080,000	12,833,983	38,913,983
2025	24,335,000	11,555,307	4,865,000	969,136	1,460,000	967,688	30,660,000	29.3%	13,492,130	44,152,130	4,295,000	1,849,663	26,365,000	11,642,467	38,007,467
2026	22,755,000	10,473,470	4,970,000	871,836	1,530,000	894,688	29,255,000		12,239,993	41,494,993	3,340,000	1,711,738	25,915,000	10,528,255	36,443,255
2027	21,785,000	9,412,248	5,070,000	772,436	1,610,000	818,188	28,465,000		11,002,871	39,467,871	3,455,000	1,593,188	25,010,000	9,409,684	34,419,684
2028	22,330,000	8,423,297	5,160,000	671,036	1,700,000	737,688	29,190,000		9,832,020	39,022,020	3,585,000	1,469,788	25,605,000	8,362,232	33,967,232
2029	22,260,000	7,447,865	5,260,000	567,836	1,780,000	652,688	29,300,000		8,668,388	37,968,388	3,715,000	1,340,938	25,585,000	7,327,450	32,912,450
2030	21,405,000	6,563,238	5,380,000	462,636	1,870,000	563,688	28,655,000	58.1%	7,589,561	36,244,561	3,845,000	1,206,638	24,810,000	6,382,924	31,192,924
2031	19,095,000	5,665,422	5,470,000	355,036	1,960,000	470,188	26,525,000		6,490,645	33,015,645	3,985,000	1,066,738	22,540,000	5,423,908	27,963,908
2032	19,870,000	4,882,841	5,550,000	279,823	2,040,000	391,788	27,460,000		5,554,452	33,014,452	4,120,000	932,013	23,340,000	4,622,439	27,962,439
2033	20,025,000	4,180,376	5,635,000	196,573	2,070,000	361,188	27,730,000		4,738,137	32,468,137	4,240,000	812,338	23,490,000	3,925,799	27,415,799
2034	20,460,000	3,477,378	5,725,000	101,905	2,100,000	330,138	28,285,000		3,909,421	32,194,421	4,365,000	685,310	23,920,000	3,224,111	27,144,111
2035	16,880,000	2,793,865			2,130,000	296,013	19,010,000	83.7%	3,089,878	22,099,878	2,600,000	552,113	16,410,000	2,537,765	18,947,765
2036	16,090,000	2,229,093			2,170,000	258,738	18,260,000		2,487,830	20,747,830	2,705,000	448,113	15,555,000	2,039,718	17,594,718
2037	16,625,000	1,690,149			2,210,000	220,763	18,835,000		1,910,911	20,745,911	2,815,000	339,913	16,020,000	1,570,999	17,590,999
2038	16,045,000	1,146,519			2,250,000	179,325	18,295,000		1,325,844	19,620,844	2,920,000	234,350	15,375,000	1,091,494	16,466,494
2039	12,790,000	622,150			2,290,000	137,138	15,080,000		759,288	15,839,288	3,030,000	121,200	12,050,000	638,088	12,688,088
2040	6,565,000	185,588			2,330,000	94,200	8,895,000	99.5%	279,788	9,174,788			8,895,000	279,788	9,174,788
2041					2,380,000	47,600	2,380,000	100.0%	47,600	2,427,600			2,380,000	47,600	2,427,600
	\$412,790,000	\$139,581,487	\$54,925,000	\$8,750,566	\$35,270,000	\$10,974,067	\$502,985,000		\$159,306,121	\$662,291,121	\$72,900,000	\$23,539,085	\$430,085,000	\$135,767,036	\$565,852,036

⁽¹⁾ Existing Principal and Interest illustrated as of June 30, 2020, adjusted for Series 2020A Bonds. Excludes bonds being refunded by the 2020C Bonds and short-term leases payable from the General Purpose School Fund.

⁽²⁾ The interest expense numbers reflected in this table are net of Direct Payments payable by the United States Treasury to the County on the General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2010 (BABs) and General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2017A (QECB).

⁽³⁾ Expected to close on 10/21/2020.

 $⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted for the portion of the 2020C \ refunding \ bonds \ allocable \ to \ the \ Williamson \ County \ Medical \ Center.$

COUNTY DISTRICT/RURAL SCHOOL BOND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

	· ·		Plus: County District S Bonds, Series 2	itus. County District Scho		,	ol Bonds, Total Debt Service		
Year Ending	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
June 30	Principal	Interest ⁽²⁾	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2021	19,125,000	14,216,630	100,000	122,413		105,081	19,225,000	14,444,124	33,669,124
2022	17,095,000	13,769,732	115,000	229,940	450,000	247,250	17,660,000	14,246,922	31,906,922
2023	20,105,000	12,959,497	115,000	227,640	470,000	224,750	20,690,000	13,411,887	34,101,887
2024	20,975,000	11,986,870	120,000	225,340	495,000	201,250	21,590,000	12,413,460	34,003,460
2025	24,750,000	11,011,887	1,120,000	222,940	520,000	176,500	26,390,000 26.9%	11,411,327	37,801,327
2026	23,575,000	9,919,830	1,150,000	200,540	545,000	150,500	25,270,000	10,270,870	35,540,870
2027	22,850,000	8,833,073	1,165,000	177,540	570,000	123,250	24,585,000	9,133,863	33,718,863
2028	21,865,000	7,792,423	1,195,000	154,240	600,000	94,750	23,660,000	8,041,413	31,701,413
2029	21,045,000	6,946,466	1,215,000	130,340	630,000	64,750	22,890,000	7,141,556	30,031,556
2030	20,345,000	6,129,651	1,230,000	106,040	665,000	33,250	22,240,000 57.2%	6,268,941	28,508,941
2031	19,575,000	5,249,314	1,260,000	81,440			20,835,000	5,330,754	26,165,754
2032	20,325,000	4,510,789	1,275,000	64,115			21,600,000	4,574,904	26,174,904
2033	21,000,000	3,878,264	1,290,000	44,990			22,290,000	3,923,254	26,213,254
2034	21,340,000	3,204,513	1,310,000	23,318			22,650,000	3,227,831	25,877,831
2035	17,440,000	2,532,975					17,440,000 83.9%	2,532,975	19,972,975
2036	16,965,000	1,980,288					16,965,000	1,980,288	18,945,288
2037	16,520,000	1,439,006					16,520,000	1,439,006	17,959,006
2038	14,385,000	902,950					14,385,000	902,950	15,287,950
2039	9,250,000	445,650					9,250,000	445,650	9,695,650
2040	5,910,000	155,050					5,910,000 100.0%	155,050	6,065,050
	\$374,440,000	\$127,864,859	\$12,660,000	\$2,010,836	\$4,945,000	\$1,421,331	\$392,045,000	\$131,297,026	\$523,342,026

⁽¹⁾ Existing Principal and Interest illustrated as of June 30, 2020, adjusted for Series 2020A Bonds. Excludes bonds being refunded by the 2020C Bonds and short-term leases payable from the General Purpose School Fund.

⁽²⁾ The interest expense numbers reflected in this table are net of Direct Payments payable by the United States Treasury to the County on the County District School Bonds, Series 2010 (BABs) and County District School Bonds, Series 2017A (QECB).

⁽³⁾ Expected to close on 10/21/2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION

The County's 2019-2020 fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020. The impact of Covid-19 on FY 2020 financial conditions was manageable due to the fact that most revenues, including property taxes and sales taxes, were collected prior to the outbreak of Covid-19. While numbers are still preliminary, the County estimates the ending 2019-2020 General Fund balance was \$54 million. Additionally, the County estimates that the General Debt Service Fund balance and the Rural School Debt Service Fund balances were \$23.7 million and \$42.6 million, respectively. The relatively large Rural Debt Service Fund balance is a result of a temporary agreement to dedicate a recently approved sale tax increase to school debt service. This arrangement will end during fiscal year 2020-2021 and the County anticipates scheduled reductions in this fund balance over the coming years.

On July 13, 2020, the County adopted a budget for fiscal year 2020-2021. Due primarily to very conservative budgeting assumptions, the County typically budgets for reductions in fund balances. When revenues exceed projections and expenses are less than projections, such reductions are reduced or eliminated. For 2019-2020, the County budgeted a \$13.9 million reduction in the General Fund balance and finished the year with a surplus. The County's 2020-2021 budget contemplates a \$17.2 million reduction in the General Fund balance. Given the very unusual difficulties of forecasting the impact of Covid-19 on the economy and financial operations, the County cannot predict whether there will be sufficient increased revenues or decreased expenses to offset this budgeted decline.

In 2017, Williamson County implemented a new Education Impact fee which was assessed based on the square footage of new dwellings constructed in the County. The purpose of the new construction fee is to offset the cost of education capital improvements related to ongoing growth in the County. A legal challenge to this fee has recently been resolved. As of June 30, 2020, the County estimates that it had collected a total of \$58.8 million in Education Impact fees since implementation. The County previously allocated approximately \$20 million for school construction. The balance, which includes fees paid under protest, is now available to be used for qualified school projects and qualified future school debt service.

FUND BALANCES

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17	06/30/16	06/30/15
GOVERNMENTAL					
General Government Fund	\$52,755,233	\$52,121,226	\$44,755,653	\$39,203,312	\$40,211,481
Special Revenue Fund / Sanitation	6,946,391	5,630,560	5,077,446	3,706,239	4,439,540
Highway/Public Works	15,041,853	12,756,335	17,107,272	16,494,376	15,593,009
General Debt Service Fund	22,640,259 (1)	20,563,640 (1)	15,332,562 (1)	16,069,271 (1)	17,210,346
Rural Debt Service Fund	16,262,627	13,646,535	7,363,466	7,688,869	9,729,805
Capital Project Funds	103,502,705	65,833,590	41,620,057	42,581,130	55,546,904
School Department Funds	48,901,230	37,403,691	32,682,499	29,553,768	32,634,204
Education Capital Project	72,603,377	70,904,279	49,078,494	34,069,752	51,288,822
Total Governmental Funds	\$338,653,675	\$278,859,856	\$213,017,449	\$189,366,717	\$226,654,111

⁽¹⁾ Includes long-term notes receivable from an agreement with the City of Spring Hill.

Sources: Annual Audited Financial Reports for the years ending June 30, 2015 through 2019 and County officials.

TOP TAXPAYERS

Business	Type of Business	Current Assessed Value	% of Total Assessed Value in Tax Year 2019
Highwood Holdings	Office Buildings	\$181,129,700	1.38%
Boyle Properties	Office Buildings	122,570,400	0.93%
CBL/Galleria Associates	Shopping Center	94,136,300	0.72%
SVT	Flex/Industrial Office Building	79,879,000	0.61%
Northwest Mutual	Apartment/Office	69,737,100	0.53%
Middle Tennessee Electric	Electric Utility	66,370,000	0.51%
Spectrum Properties	Office Buildings	65,785,000	0.50%
Stock Bridge Capital	Office Buildings	61,825,600	0.47%
Crow Holdings	Apartments/Hotels	49,800,000	0.38%
HG Hill Realty	Retail/Office	42,160,400	0.32%
	TOTAL	\$833,393,500	6.35%

Source: Williamson County's Property Assessor's Office

LOCAL SALES TAX COLLECTIONS

Tennessee counties may, by a resolution approved by the governing body, levy a sales tax on the same privileges subject to the State sales tax. The local option sales tax rate cannot exceed 2.75%. Additionally, the local option sales tax is only applicable to the first \$1,600 of any single article of personal property. The sales tax collections are distributed in accordance with Tennessee law. One half of the tax is distributed to the municipal government in which the tax originated and one half is distributed to either Williamson County Schools or the Franklin Special School District. The County receives the portion of sales taxes originated in unincorporated areas. Sales tax revenues are an important part of the Williamson County School budget but not a large part of the Williamson County budget.

On February 6, 2018, voters in Williamson County approved a referendum to increase the local option sales tax rate from 2.25% to 2.75%. The new sales tax rate went into effect on April 1, 2018. For the first three years, all of the new .50% sales tax collections will go into a debt service fund to offset the impact of capital projects. After three years, 50% of new collections will go to the schools and 50% will go to the local government in which the tax was collected.

The County's 2019-2020 fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020. The County preliminarily estimates that the sales tax collections for FY 2019-2020 were approximately \$160 million or 5.4% more than FY 2018-2019. Approximately \$78.7 million of this amount was allocated to Williamson County and Williamson County Schools. Sales taxes are impacted by changes in economic conditions. Given the uncertainties surrounding Covid-19, the County cannot predict how much sales tax collections will be negatively impacted by the outbreak in FY 2021. The recently approved budget for FY 2020-2021 assumes an approximately 10% decline in sales tax revenues for the County.

	FY2018-19*	FY2017-18*	FY2016-17	FY2015-16	FY2014-15
Rate (Percent of retail sales)	2.75%	2.75%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
Rural Debt Service Fund	3,608,857	3,274,514	1,755,229	1,540,209	1,717,198
General Purpose School Fund	70,244,131	56,684,656	51,796,124	48,961,083	44,626,962
Cities Sales Tax Fund	71,994,246	57,017,115	54,171,328	51,450,021	46,892,174
Special School District Fund	5,770,723	4,835,780	4,612,946	4,410,537	4,305,870
Total Amount Collected	\$151,617,957	\$121,812,065	\$112,335,627	\$106,361,850	\$97,542,204
% of Increase	24.47%	8.44%	5.62%	9.04%	8.46%

Sources: Annual Audited Financial Reports for the years ending June 30, 2015 through 2019 and County Officials.

^{* -} On 2/6/2018, voters in Williamson County voted to increase the local sales tax rate to 2.75%. The effective date of the tax rate increase is 4/1/2018. FY2017-18 revenue includes two months at the 2.75% rate.

PRIVILEGE TAX AND ADEQUATE FACILITIES TAX DATA

By Private Act of the Tennessee General Assembly, Williamson County implemented a privilege tax on new construction effective July 1, 1988. In July, 2005 the privilege tax rate increased from \$.90 per square foot to \$1.00 per square foot.

The revenue from the privilege tax on new construction is expended in four areas; schools, recreation, fire protection and highways. The square footage of heated or cooled space of new residential and commercial construction is calculated to determine the amount of the one-time privilege tax payment.

The Adequate Facilities Tax became effective July 1, 2007. Monies received from the Adequate Facilities Tax must be shared with the municipalities within the County and the Franklin Special School District. The Adequate Facilities Tax must be used for capital projects.

The County's 2019-2020 fiscal year ended on June 30, 2020. The Couty preliminarily estimates that fiscal year 2019-2020 privilege tax collections were \$15.2 million or 13.2% more than fiscal year 2018-2019. Privilege taxes are impacted by economic activity and a decline in economic activity can negatively impact collections. Given the uncertainties surrounding Covid-19, the County cannot predict how much privilege tax collections will be negatively impacted by the outbreak in FY 2021. The recently approved budget for FY 2020-2021 assumes \$12.6 million in privilege taxes for the coming year.

The following table shows the privilege tax collections and allocations in Williamson County since July 1, 2003.

	Adequate Facilities			Privilege Tax		
Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Tax ⁽¹⁾	School	Recreation	Fire	Highways	Total
2004		5,955,877	700,765	28,667	285,547	6,970,856
2005		8,169,522	753,342	38,316	382,741	9,343,921
2006		9,433,857	882,178	41,357	418,798	10,776,190
2007		7,818,465	738,862	40,575	377,039	8,974,941
2008	3,726,032	4,311,662	411,403	26,632	228,073	8,703,802
2009	2,130,354	1,855,529	173,847	13,873	118,819	4,292,422
2010	2,395,737	2,031,431	187,631	11,443	110,290	4,736,532
2011	3,732,760	3,309,718	298,979	10,261	100,945	7,452,663
2012	5,094,792	4,516,240	406,248	17,417	165,961	10,200,658
2013	6,110,221	5,332,999	489,025	26,623	263,630	12,222,498
2014	7,618,311	6,621,435	608,296	337,016	37,049	15,222,107
2015	7,657,607	6,659,287	612,005	348,728	49,479	15,327,106
2016	8,861,691	7,709,306	707,032	388,114	45,097	17,711,240
2017	8,546,954	7,452,645	686,988	371,579	41,355	17,099,521
2018	7,799,782	6,839,434	630,180	312,666	41,202	15,623,264
2019	6,685,481	5,763,649	542,639	385,056	43,981	13,420,806
	\$70,359,722	\$93,781,056	\$8,829,420	\$2,398,323	\$2,710,006	\$178,078,527

(1) The Adequate Facilities Tax became effective July 1, 2007. Monies received from the Adequate Facilities Tax must be shared with the municipalities within the County and the Franklin Special School District. The Adequate Facilities Tax must be used for capital projects. Source: County Officials.

PROPERTY VALUATION AND PROPERTY TAX

Fiscal Year		2018-2019	2017-2018	(Reappraisal) 2016-2017	2015-2016
Tax Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
COUNTY WIDE					
ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES	#20 207 500 7 <i>6</i> 4	#20 07 <i>6</i> 702 020	#22 617 750 226	¢21 106 446 026	#20 00¢ 005 220
Residential & Farm Commercial & Industrial	\$39,297,588,764	\$38,076,702,029	\$32,617,759,336	\$31,106,446,036	\$28,086,905,330
	10,825,425,685	10,210,094,791	8,781,750,630	8,484,934,330	7,138,626,250 1,007,529,601
Personal Tangible Property Intangible Property	1,274,096,293 1,357,540	1,256,807,724 686,238	1,159,604,777 708,355	967,564,797 570,678	378,540
Public Utilities	409,503,750	399,463,222	425,514,300	445,365,242	380,388,250
Total Estimated Actual Values	\$51,807,972,032	\$49,943,754,004	\$42,985,337,398	\$41,004,881,083	\$36,613,827,971
	3.73%	16.19%	4.83%	11.99%	14.23%
Annual Percentage Change Estimated Per Capita Amount	\$217,304	\$215,295	\$189,985	\$187,333	\$173,151
_		φ213,293	\$109,903	φ107,333	\$173,131
RECORDED ASSESSED VALUES		Φ0.474.021.054	Φ0.151.420.024	фд дд с с11 500	фс 222 000 с 2 0
Residential & Farm (25%)	\$8,746,660,819	\$8,474,921,954	\$8,154,439,834	\$7,776,611,509	\$6,233,888,638
Commercial & Industrial (40%)	3,855,150,595	3,636,018,957	3,512,700,252	3,393,973,732	2,535,068,954
Personal Tangible Property (30%)	340,298,379	335,680,775	347,881,433	290,269,439	268,345,434
Intangible Property (40%)	483,447	244,383	283,342	228,271	134,427
Public Utilities	178,748,387	174,392,230	185,736,992	194,401,928	166,039,471
Total Assessed Values	\$13,121,341,627	\$12,621,258,299	\$12,201,041,853	\$11,655,484,879	\$9,203,476,924
Annual Percentage Change	3.96%	3.44%	4.68%	26.64%	3.66%
Estimated Per Capita Amount	\$55,036	\$54,407	\$53,926	\$53,249	\$43,524
Appraisal Ratio	89.03%	89.03%	100.00%	100.00%	88.78%
Assessed Values to Actual Values	25.33%	25.27%	28.38%	28.42%	25.14%
RURAL (OUTSIDE FRANKLIN S	<u>SD)</u>				
ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES					
Residential & Farm	\$35,321,113,442	\$34,149,771,893	\$29,142,974,956	\$27,675,439,336	\$24,976,502,550
Commercial & Industrial	6,222,264,939	5,719,433,803	4,929,654,390	4,754,101,540	3,976,337,736
Personal Tangible Property	747,875,427	744,300,670	678,303,903	560,652,733	571,556,822
Intangible Property	1,357,540	686,238	708,355	570,678	378,540
Public Utilities	119,358,064	255,006,883	277,520,318	292,403,247	122,217,645
Total Estimated Actual Values	\$42,411,969,412	\$40,869,199,487	\$35,029,161,922	\$33,283,167,534	\$29,646,993,293
Annual Percentage Change	3.77%	16.67%	5.25%	12.26%	14.49%
Estimated Per Capita Amount	\$218,245	\$223,763	\$184,988	\$182,229	\$169,064
ASSESSED VALUES					
Residential & Farm (25%)	\$7,861,596,824	\$7,600,885,479	\$7,285,743,739	\$6,918,859,834	\$5,543,534,741
Commercial & Industrial (40%)	2,255,936,404	2,036,804,766	1,971,861,756	1,901,640,616	1,412,077,057
Personal Tangible Property (30%)	203,412,870	198,795,266	203,491,171	168,195,820	152,228,444
Intangible Property (40%)	483,447	244,383	283,342	228,271	134,427
Public Utilities	52,099,795	111,337,038	121,137,619	127,634,017	53,348,002
Total Assessed Values	\$10,373,529,340	\$9,948,066,932	\$9,582,517,627	\$9,116,558,558	\$7,161,322,671
Total Assessed values	\$10,373,329,340	\$9,948,000,932	\$9,382,317,027	\$9,110,336,336	\$7,101,322,071
Annual Percentage Change	4.28%	3.81%	5.11%	27.30%	3.63%
Estimated Per Capita Amount	\$53,380	\$54,467	\$50,605	\$49,914	\$40,838
•					
Appraisal Ratio	89.03%	89.03%	100.00%	100.00%	88.78%
Assessed Values to Actual Values	24.46%	24.34%	27.36%	27.39%	24.16%

 $Source: \ State \ Board \ of \ Equalization \ Tax \ Aggregate \ Reports \ of \ Tennessee \ for \ 2015-2019.$

County Property Tax Rates Fiscal Year 2019-2020 and Fiscal Year 2020-2021

Williamson County is required to conduct a reappraisal of all taxable property every five years. The County completed a reappraisal process in 2016. The reappraisal resulted in an approximately 26% increase in recorded property valuations. Upon completion of a reappraisal a county is required to calculate a certified tax rate which is revenue neutral. For Williamson County, the increase in property values resulted in a reduction of the prior tax rate of \$2.31 per \$100 of assessed values down to a new certified tax rate of \$1.8671 per \$100 of assessed values. The County Commission subsequently voted to increase the tax from \$1.8671 to \$2.15 for fiscal year 2016-2017 and kept the tax at \$2.15 for fiscal years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019. The Commission increased the tax rate to \$2.22 for fiscal year 2019-2020 with all of the increase allocated to schools. The County approved a new budget on July 13, 2020. The County's tax rate for Fiscal Year 2020-2021 will not change.

	Williamson	Cities of Brentwood, Fairview, Nolensville, and Thompson's Station	Cities of Franklin and Spring Hill (Outside FSSD)	Franklin Special School District (Inside Franklin)	Franklin Special School District (Outside Franklin)
General County	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800
Highway (1)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
General Purpose School	\$1.3400	\$1.3400	\$1.3400	\$1.3400	\$1.3400
General Debt Service	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600
Rural Debt Service	\$0.1800	\$0.1800	\$0.1800	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
Solid Waste	\$0.0600	\$0.0600	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0600
Franklin Special School District (FSSD) (2)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.5564	\$0.5564
Bond & Interest FSSD (2)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.2726	\$0.2726
Tax Year 2019 Property Tax Rate	\$2.2200	\$2.2200	\$2.1600	\$2.8090	\$2.8690

⁽¹⁾ Not levied in Franklin, Brentwood and Fairview

Source: Williamson County Trustee

Fiscal Year 2018-2019 County Property Tax Rates

	Williamson	Cities of Brentwood, Fairview, Nolensville, and Thompson's Station	Cities of Franklin and Spring Hill (Outside FSSD)	Franklin Special School District (Inside Franklin)	Franklin Special School District (Outside Franklin)
General County	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800	\$0.3800
Highway (1)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
General Purpose School	\$1.2700	\$1.2700	\$1.2700	\$1.2700	\$1.2700
General Debt Service	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600	\$0.2600
Rural Debt Service	\$0.1800	\$0.1800	\$0.1800	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
Solid Waste	\$0.0600	\$0.0600	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0600
Franklin Special School District (FSSD) (2)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.5564	\$0.5564
Bond & Interest FSSD (2)	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.2726	\$0.2726
Tax Year 2018 Property Tax Rate	\$2.1500	\$2.1500	\$2.0900	\$2.7390	\$2.7990

⁽¹⁾ Not levied in Franklin, Brentwood and Fairview

Source: Williamson County Trustee

⁽²⁾ Franklin SSD is created by the State legislature as a separate agency. The County is not liable to the SSD or any of its bondholders for the payment of debt. The County has no authority over the District or to increase or decrease the property tax for the District.

⁽²⁾ Franklin SSD is created by the State legislature as a separate agency. The County is not liable to the SSD or any of its bondholders for the payment of debt. The County has no authority over the District or to increase or decrease the property tax for the District.

Tax Collection History

Williamson County has historically been successful at collecting property taxes in the current year for which they have been levied. The property tax delinquency rate has been relatively low. Given the uncertainties surrounding the Covid-19 outbreak, the County is unable to predict whether delinquencies will increase in the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

Fiscal Year Tax Year	2018-2019 2018	 2017-2018 2017	2016-2017 2016	2015-2016 2015	 2014-2015 2014
Taxes Levied	\$ 285,577,106	\$ 273,603,216	\$ 260,634,566	\$ 225,240,414	\$ 216,031,713
Collections					
Current Fiscal Year Percent Collected Current FY	\$ 282,198,488 98.817%	\$ 270,696,493 98.938%	\$ 257,424,942 98.769%	\$ 222,369,490 98.725%	\$ 213,160,388 98.671%
Source: Williamson County Trustee					

General Fund Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances For Fiscal Years Ending June 30

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
REVENUES:					
Local Taxes	\$61,163,173	\$59,989,064	\$57,957,622	\$48,782,892	\$45,876,613
Licenses and Permits	2,070,658	1,869,568	1,984,582	1,918,618	1,818,629
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	831,971	851,547	845,548	795,978	802,217
Charges for Current Services	8,017,016	7,386,609	6,742,984	6,344,477	6,054,822
Other Local Revenue	1,636,622	1,291,245	935,426	836,236	820,134
Fees Received from County Officials	15,874,537	15,515,207	14,782,256	13,442,886	12,999,268
State of Tennessee	6,391,334	8,266,775	4,529,354	5,131,685	5,065,292
Federal Government	3,388,668	2,860,066	2,537,339	1,623,961	2,014,986
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	1,205,927	1,212,118	1,130,432	924,341	855,916
Total Revenues	\$100,579,906	\$99,242,199	\$91,445,543	\$79,801,074	\$76,307,877
Other Sources:					
Operating Transfers	\$34,988	\$58,045	\$81,969	\$35,111	\$59,551
Insurance Recovery	97,768	585,177	733,398	159,370	
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	\$100,712,662	\$99,885,421	\$92,260,910	\$79,995,555	\$76,367,428
EXPENDITURES:					
General Administration	\$97,210,340	\$89,920,616	\$84,695,469	\$79,567,799	\$74,641,997
Operating Transfers	2,868,315	2,599,232	2,013,100	1,435,925	445,764
Total Expenditures	\$100,078,655	\$92,519,848	\$86,708,569	\$81,003,724	\$75,087,761
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	\$634,007	\$7,365,573	\$5,552,341	(\$1,008,169)	\$1,279,667
Fund Balance - Prior Year	\$52,121,226	\$44,755,653	\$39,203,312	\$40,211,481	\$38,931,814
Fund Balance - Current Year	\$52,755,233	\$52,121,226	\$44,755,653	\$39,203,312	\$40,211,481

Sources: Annual Financial Reports prepared by The Comptroller of the Treasury, Division of County Audit, Nashville, Tennessee, for the years ending June 30, 2015 through 2019.



APPENDIX C

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

29166320.1



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



DIVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUDIT



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY JUSTIN P. WILSON

DIVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUDIT JAMES R. ARNETTE Director

JEFF BAILEY, CPA, CGFM, CFE Audit Manager

KATIE ARMSTRONG, CPA, CGFM, CFE Senior Auditor TAYLOR ERSKIN, CPA TYLER ENSMINGER, CPA CHRISVONTA SMITH State Auditors

This financial report is available at www.comptroller.tn.gov

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Summary of Audit Findings

Annual Financial Report Williamson County, Tennessee For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Scope

We have audited the basic financial statements of Williamson County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Results

Our report on Williamson County's financial statements is unmodified.

Our audit resulted in one finding, which we have reviewed with Williamson County management. The detailed finding, recommendation, and management's response are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

Finding

The following is a summary of the audit finding:

OFFICE OF COUNTY MAYOR

♦ A cash shortage resulted from gift cards totaling \$2,000 being transferred to a fictitious employee as the result of a phishing scheme.

Introductory Section

Williamson County Officials June 30, 2019

Officials

Rogers Anderson, County Mayor
Eddie Hood, Highway Superintendent
Jason Golden, Director of Schools
Karen Paris, Trustee
Brad Coleman, Assessor of Property
Elaine Anderson, County Clerk
Debbie McMillan Barrett, Circuit and General Sessions Courts Clerk
Elaine Beeler, Clerk and Master
Brenda Hyden, Juvenile Court Clerk
Sherry Anderson, Register of Deeds
Dusty Rhoades, Sheriff
Nena Graham, Director of Accounts and Budgets

Board of County Commissioners

Tommy Little, Chairman	Robbie Beal	Matt Williams
Steve Smith, Chairman Pro Tem	Chas Morton	David Landrum
Dwight Jones	Paul Webb	Brian Beathard
Betsy Hester	Bert Chalfant	Sean Aiello
Judy Herbert	Erin Nations	Ricky Jones
Jennifer Mason	Barb Sturgeon	Dana Ausbrooks
Gregg Lawrence	Jerry Rainey	Tom Tunnicliffe
Beth Lothers	Chad Story	Keith Hudson

Board of Education

Gary Anderson, Chairman	Brad Fiscus	Rick Wimberly
Angela Durham	Jay Galbreath	Eric Welch
Dan Cash	Sheila Cleveland	KC Haugh
Eliot Mitchell	Candy Emerson	Nancy Garrett

Highway Commission

Rogers Anderson, County Mayor, Chairman Charles Wilson David Coleman Stan Tyson Wayne Davis

(Continued)

Williamson County Officials (Cont.)

Budget Committee

Steve Smith, Chairman Rogers Anderson, County Mayor Beth Lothers Jennifer Mason Matt Williams

Audit Committee

Paul Bolin, Chairman Kerri Perkinson Patricia Parsons

FINANCIAL SECTION



Justin P. Wilson Comptroller

Jason E. Mumpower Deputy Comptroller

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

Williamson County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners Williamson County, Tennessee

To the County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented Emergency Communications District, which represent .22 percent, .39 percent, and .37 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Also, we did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented Williamson County Hospital District, which represent 28 percent, 34 percent, and 35 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented Williamson County Emergency Communications District and the discretely presented Williamson County Hospital District is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the

United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Highway/Public Works funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in the county's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, schedules of county and school contributions, schedule of school's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information

because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Williamson County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules of nonmajor governmental funds and the General Debt Service, Rural Debt Service, and General Capital Projects funds, combining and individual fund financial statements of the Williamson County School Department (a discretely presented component unit), miscellaneous schedules and the other information such as the introductory section and management's corrective action plan are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules of nonmajor governmental funds and the General Debt Service, Rural Debt Service, and General Capital Projects funds, combining and individual fund financial statements of the Williamson County School Department (a discretely presented component unit), schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and miscellaneous schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules of nonmajor governmental funds and the General Debt Service, Rural Debt Service, and General Capital Projects funds, combining and individual fund financial statements of the Williamson County School Department (a discretely presented component unit), schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and miscellaneous schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and management's corrective action plan have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019, on our consideration of Williamson County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamson County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Williamson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Very truly yours,

Justin P. Wilson

Comptroller of the Treasury

sh Phale

Nashville, Tennessee

December 12, 2019

JPW/kp

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Williamson County, Tennessee, we offer readers of Williamson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Williamson County, Tennessee, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This discussion and analysis focuses on the primary government only and does not include discussions of discretely presented component units.

Financial Highlights

- ➤ The liabilities and deferred inflows of Williamson County exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$287,432,059 (net position). The liabilities include \$502,858,460 in debt that is attributable to the Williamson County School Department.
- The government's total net position increased by \$5,195,881.
- ➤ At June 30, 2019, Williamson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$217,149,068, an increase of \$46,597,182 in comparison with the prior year.
- ➤ At June 30, 2019, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$29,334,770 or 30 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- ➤ For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, Williamson County's total debt had a net increase of \$34,072,460. During the year, \$59,300,000 of debt service bonded principal payments were made, capital leases principal payments of \$137,869 were made, and \$55,400,000 was refunded. There was \$148,910,329 of debt issued, which was for various education projects, parks, animal control, sheriff, emergency management operations, various general government maintenance and renovations, as well as capital leases for school laptops.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Williamson County's basic financial statements. The county's basic financial statements are composed of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Williamson County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Williamson County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net

position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Williamson County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Williamson County, which are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the county include general government; finance; administration of justice; public safety; public health and welfare; social, cultural, and recreational services; agriculture and natural resources; highway/public works; education; and interest on long-term debt. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Williamson County (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school department, Hospital District, and Emergency Communications District for which the county is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Williamson County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Williamson County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Williamson County maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Highway/Public Works, General Debt Service, Rural Debt Service, and General Capital Projects funds all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Williamson County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds except the Constitutional Officers - Fees Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C-1 through C-6 of this report.

Proprietary fund. Williamson County has one proprietary fund. The county uses an internal service fund (Self-Insurance Fund) to account for the county's and school department's self-insured health programs. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the internal service fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits D-1 through D-3 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the county's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on Exhibit E of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning pension information and other postemployment benefits information. Required supplementary information can be found after the basic financial statements section of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds can be found on Exhibits G-1 through G-4 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Williamson County, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$287,432,059 at the close of the fiscal year. The Constitution for the State of Tennessee allows only the local legislative body authorization to issue debt. Therefore, when the Williamson County Board of Education requires additional money to fund school construction and equipment, the related debt must be issued by the county. As of June 30, 2019, the county had outstanding debt totaling \$502,858,460 for capital purposes for the Williamson County Board of Education, but the capital assets are reported in the financial statements of the Williamson County Board of Education. As a result, the county has incurred the related liability without a corresponding increase in the county's capital assets, thereby significantly decreasing its unrestricted net position. Allocation of school debt to the Williamson County Board of Education would result in Williamson County having a net position of \$215,426,401 at June 30, 2019.

The largest portion of Williamson County Government's net position totaling \$150,807,574 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, intangibles, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

Williamson County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Williamson County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Williamson County's Net Position

		2019	2018		
	Governmental			Governmental	
		Activities		Activities	
Current and Other Assets	\$	358,128,273	\$	301,410,830	
Capital Assets		265,382,893		262,187,247	
Deferred Outflows		16,754,498		13,523,288	
Total Assets and Deferred				·	
Outflows of Resources	\$	640,265,664	\$	577,121,365	
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	\$	809,440,148	\$	755,922,801	
Other Liabilities		9,653,015		8,382,019	
Deferred Inflows		108,604,560		105,444,485	
Total Liabilities and Deferred					
Inflows of Resources	\$	927,697,723	\$	869,749,305	
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	150,807,574	\$	146,575,771	
Restricted		6,931,230		6,577,177	
Unrestricted		(445, 170, 863)		(445,780,888)	
Total Net Position	\$	(287, 432, 059)	\$	(292,627,940)	

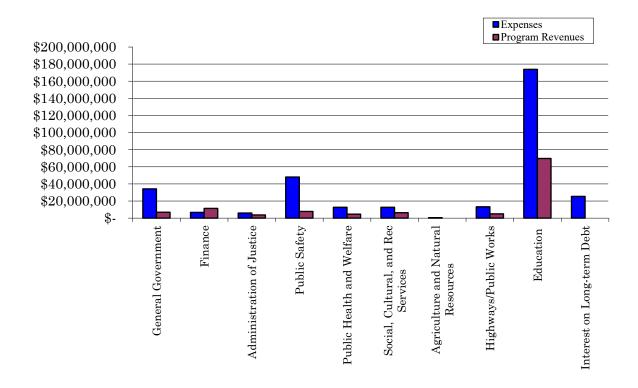
An additional portion of Williamson County's net position totaling \$6,931,230 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restricted net position includes capital projects, debt service, highway/public works, all of the nonmajor funds, and other county general restricted or grant restrictions not accounted for in unrestricted net position.

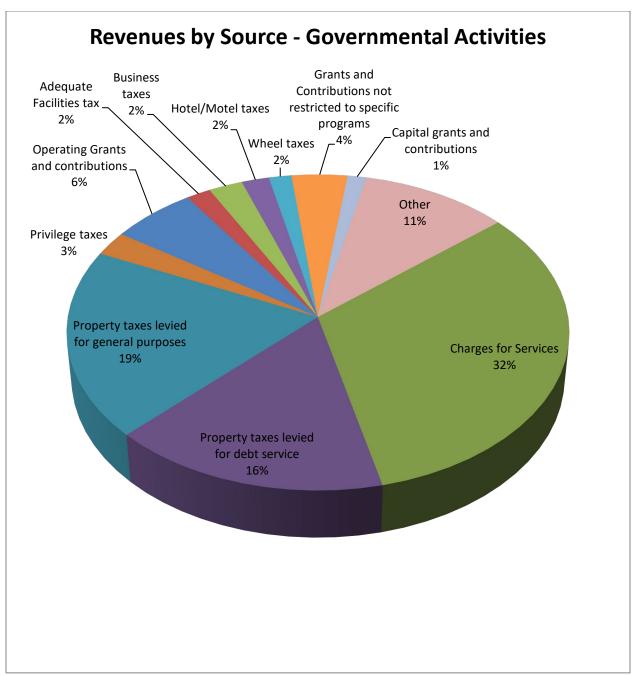
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Williamson County's net position by \$5,195,881. Elements of this increase are noted below:

Williamson County's Change in Net Position

	2019 Governmental Activities	2018 Governmental Activities
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 97,989,645	\$ 94,299,991
Operating Grants and Contributions	38,546,665	17,585,446
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,209,168	3,836,486
Total Program Revenues	\$ 138,745,478	\$ 115,721,923
Company Development		
General Revenues: Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes	\$ 51,962,364	\$ 56,288,569
Property Taxes Levied for Debt Service	\$ 51,962,364 50,592,719	\$ 56,288,569 47,749,970
Local Option Sales Tax	3,542,758	3,386,244
Hotel/Motel Tax	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Wheel Tax	5,649,047	5,694,181
Business Tax	4,721,822	4,649,656
	7,066,747	7,006,466
Privilege Taxes	6,214,637	7,280,950
Adequate Facilities Tax	4,319,858	5,060,818
Other Local Taxes	20,463,247	18,615,905
Grants and Contributions Not	E 000 4E4	11 400 185
Restricted to Specific Programs	7,689,474	11,498,157
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	5,283,391	2,279,124
Miscellaneous	5,874,275	6,269,355
Total General Revenues	\$ 173,380,339	\$ 175,779,395
Total Revenues	\$ 312,125,817	\$ 291,501,318
D		
Expenses: Governmental Activities:		
	Ф 00.150.00°	Ф 04.140.0 % 0
General Government	\$ 29,178,895	\$ 34,143,258
Finance	6,347,493	6,703,176
Administration of Justice	6,101,067	5,911,927
Public Safety	48,424,782	48,083,267
Public Health and Welfare	13,218,266	12,732,406
Social, Cultural, and	0.4.0.4 . 0.0 	10 =02 10=
Recreational Services	24,945,267	12,785,167
Agriculture and Natural Resources	430,458	614,150
Highway/Public	13,384,140	13,221,533
Education	135,893,726	173,854,499
Interest on Long-term Debt	27,442,017	25,452,601
Loss on Refunding Using Current Resources	1,563,825	0
Total Expenses	\$ 306,929,936	\$ 333,501,984
Change in Net Position	5,195,881	(42,000,666)
Net Position - July 1	(292,627,940)	(214,818,572)
Restatement - See Note I.D.8.	0	(35,808,702)
Net Position - June 30	\$ (287,432,059)	\$ (292,627,940)

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Williamson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Williamson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Williamson County's financing requirements.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in these funds may be spent. These classifications may consist of the following: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County does not report any nonspendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balance would primarily include amounts that cannot be spent because either (a) they are not in spendable form or (b) they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County reports \$63,147,663 in restricted fund balance, which includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of the resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County reports \$103,418,421 in committed fund balance, which includes amounts that are constrained by the county's intent to be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolution of the county commission, the county's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County reports \$21,248,214 in assigned fund balance, which includes amounts that are constrained by the county's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County reports \$29,334,770 in unassigned fund balance. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes within the General Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Williamson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$217,149,068, an increase of \$46,597,182 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 14 percent of this total amount (\$29,334,770) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Williamson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$29,334,770 while total fund balance was \$52,755,233. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 30 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 54 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$634,007 from the prior year. The primary factors of the increase were revenues exceeded projections and expenditures were less than budgeted.

The fund balance of the Highway/Public Works Fund had an increase of \$2,285,518 during the current fiscal year. The primary factor of the increase was expenditures were less than budgeted.

The fund balance of the General Debt Service Fund had a net increase of \$2,076,619 from the prior year due to revenues exceeding projections.

The fund balance of the Rural Debt Service Fund had a net increase of \$2,616,092 from the previous year due to revenues exceeding projections.

The fund balance of the General Capital Projects Fund had a net increase of \$37,669,115 from the prior year, which was primarily due to the collection of the Educational Impact Fee. The Educational Impact Fee is assessed to developers on the issuance of a new residential building permit for the proportionate share of new or expanded educational facilities needed to service new residential growth.

Proprietary fund. Williamson County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

General and Highway/Public Works Funds Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budget for General Fund expenditures reflected an increase of 5 percent above the original budget.

During the current fiscal year, the final amended budget for the Highway/Public Works Fund expenditures reflected an increase of 11 percent above the original budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Williamson County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$265,382,893 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, intangibles, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total net increase in Williamson County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$3,195,646. Williamson County completed various projects such as information technology network storage upgrades, land purchase for new parks and recreation community center, land purchase for future fire station, along with renovations and upgrades to various county facilities. Construction in progress totaling \$3,874,245 reflects Williamson County's Capital Recovery and Reinvestment project to improve energy and operation efficiency, as well as various ongoing construction and renovation projects within the general operations, the parks and recreation facilities, archives and storage facility, and landfill.

Williamson County's Capital Assets As of June 30 (net of depreciation)

		2019		2018
		Governmental		Governmental
		Activities		Activities
Land	\$	67,016,914	\$	63,355,014
Intangibles - Indefinite Life	•	5,875,500	•	5,875,500
Construction in Progress		3,874,245		770,172
Buildings and Improvements		131,859,274		135,889,584
Infrastructure		25,553,240		26,227,926
Intangibles		$487,\!570$		874,546
Other Capital Assets		30,716,150		29,194,505
Total	\$	265,382,893	\$	262,187,247

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Williamson County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$652,415,000. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the county. Of the amount of total debt outstanding for governmental activities, \$502,858,460 reflects the balance of borrowings for education capital projects for the Williamson County Board of Education, which makes up 76 percent of Williamson County's outstanding debt.

Williamson County's Outstanding Debt As of June 30

	2019 Governmental Activities	2018 Governmental Activities
Bonds Payable Notes Payable Capital Leases Payable	\$ 652,415,000 10,000,000 367,460	\$ 628,710,000 0 0
Total	\$ 662,782,460	\$ 628,710,000

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, Williamson County's total debt had a net increase of \$34,072,460. During the year, \$59,300,000 of debt service bonded principal payments were made, capital leases principal payments of \$137,869 were made and \$55,400,000 was refunded. There was \$148,910,329 of debt issued, which was for various education projects, parks, animal control, sheriff and emergency operations, various general government maintenance and renovations, as well as capital leases for school laptops.

The county maintains an Aaa bond rating from Moody's for general and rural obligation debt.

Additional information on the county's long-term debt can be found in Exhibits K-1 and K-2 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ➤ The unemployment rate for the county as of June 30, 2019, was 3 percent, which is a .5 percent increase from the 2018 rate of 2.5 percent. This compares to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.4 percent and the national average rate of 3.7 percent as of the same time period.
- ➤ The occupancy rate of the government's central business district for the past two years was 94.4 percent for 2017, 88.3 percent for 2018. The occupancy rate decreased for 2019 to 87.2 percent due to an increase in inventory available from the completion of construction.
- > Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- > Assessed property value within the county is in excess of \$13 billion.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the county's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Williamson County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Accounts and Budgets at 1320 West Main Street, Suite 125, Franklin, TN 37064.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Williamson County, Tennessee Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

			Component Units	2
	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Williamson County School Department	Williamson County Hospital District	Williamson County Emergency Communications District
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 36,047	\$ 671,968	\$ 35,040,366 \$	2,765,496
Cash with Paying Agent	1,737,000	0	0	0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	225,147,129	143,472,109	0	0
Inventories	0	0	4,260,957	0
Investment in Joint Venture	6,794,625	0	15,841,284	0
Accounts Receivable	3,046,967	131,885	39,411,902	0
Allowance for Uncollectibles	0	0	(11,173,944)	0
Due from Other Governments	8,248,689	16,709,674	0	0
Due from Component Units	962,475	0	0	0
Property Taxes Receivable	107,641,598	164,494,148	0	0
Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	(432,600)	(635,328)	0	0
Prepaid Items	0	0	2,377,449	0
Cash Shortage	134,329	0	0	0
Restricted Assets:	,			
Customer Deposits	1,428,565	642,555	3,564,796	0
Amounts Accumulated for Pension Benefits	0	1,097,907	0	0
Bond Reserves	0	0	3,309,063	0
Capital Improvements	0	0	35,682,537	0
Other Receivables	0	0	3,010,140	0
Net Pension Asset - Agent Pension Plan	663,449	618,826	0	0
Net Pension Asset - Teacher Retirement Plan	0	2,191,828	0	0
Net Pension Asset - Teacher Legacy Pension Plan	0	12,266,902	0	0
Notes Receivable - Long-term	2,720,000	0	0	0
Capital Assets:				
Assets Not Depreciated:				
Land	67,016,914	48,932,003	13,599,755	0
Intangibles	5,875,500	0	0	0
Construction in Progress	3,874,245	53,448,170	3,191,635	0
Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	131,859,274	433,872,905	179,179,232	0
Infrastructure	25,553,240	0	0	0
Intangibles	487,570	0	0	0
Other Capital Assets	30,716,150	21,245,304	25,777,190	0
Total Assets	\$ 623,511,166	\$ 899,160,856	\$ 353,072,362 \$	2,765,496
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Defermed Change on Refunding	\$ 7,605,350	e 0	Ф ОФ	0
Deferred Charge on Refunding Excess Consideration Provided for Acquisition	\$ 7,605,350 0	\$ 0		0
•	1,802,063		1,559,126	
Pension Changes in Assumptions Pension Changes in Experience		9,029,153 $4,236,082$	0	0
Pension Contributions after Measurement Date	1,750,094 $2,315,462$	· ·	0	0
Pension Contributions after Measurement Date Pension Changes in Proportionate Share of NPL	2,315,462	15,708,168 1,817,363	0	0
OPEB Changes in Assumptions	3,281,529	1,817,363	0	0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 16,754,498		\$ 1,559,126 \$	0
Total Defetted Outflows of Resources	ψ 10,104,430	ψ 44,000,000	ψ 1,000,120 Φ	0

					(Component Ur	iits	;
	_	Primary Government Governmental Activities		Williamson County School Department		Williamson County Hospital District		Williamson County Emergency Communications District
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Accrued Interest Payable Payroll Deductions Payable	\$	1,124,388 975 6,193,376 183,998	\$	322,889 18,907,554 0 5,381,813	\$	10,324,856 10,537,402 527,876 0	\$	4,000 0 0 0
Contracts Payable Retainage Payable Sales Tax Due to Related Party		701,374 $3,717$ 146 0		8,772,874 434,854 0 0		0 0 0		$0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 379,094$
Other Accrued Expenses Other Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets Estimated Amounts Due to Third-party Payors Due to Primary Government		$0 \\ 1,428,565 \\ 0 \\ 0$		$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 642,555 \\ 0 \\ 962,475 \end{array} $		2,432,373 0 969,684 0		0 0 0 0
Other Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year - Debt Due Within One Year - Other		16,476 50,805,246 13,807,212		20,000 0 1,022,700		0 0 21,940,496		0 0
Due in More Than One Year -Debt Due in More Than One Year -Other Total Liabilities	\$	13,807,212 669,954,838 74,872,852 819,093,163	\$	1,022,700 0 322,793,512 359,261,226	\$	98,790,557 145,523,244	\$	0 0 0 383,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Current Property Taxes Pension Changes in Investment Earnings Pension Changes in Experience Pension Changes in Proportionate Share of NPL OPEB Changes in Assumptions Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	106,194,567 524,314 216,269 0 1,669,410	\$	162,431,999 3,282,649 16,838,046 184,365 7,171,969		0 0 0 0 0	\$	0 0 0 0 0
NET POSITION	Φ	108,604,560	Φ	189,909,028	φ	0	Ф	0
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$	150,807,574	\$	557,498,382	\$	102,683,323	\$	0
General Government Finance Administration of Justice Public Safety		$1,031,009 \\ 214,212 \\ 643,341 \\ 404,774$		0 0 0		0 0 0		0 0 0 0
Public Health and Welfare Highway/Public Works Capital Outlay Debt Service		148,843 346,014 700,798 2,778,790		0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0
Education Hospital Pensions Unrestricted		0 0 663,449 (445,170,863)		104,028 0 16,175,463 (178,898,691)		$0\\4,322,040\\0\\102,102,881$		0 0 0 2,382,402
Total Net Position	\$	(287,432,059)	\$	394,879,182	\$	209,108,244	\$	2,382,402

Williamson County, Tennessee Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
							C	omponent Units	
		F	Program Revenue	s	Primary				Williamson
			Operating	Capital	Government		Williamson	Williamson	County
		Charges	Grants	Grants	Total		County	County	Emergency
		for	and	and	Governmental		School	Hospital	Communications
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	_	Department	District	District
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 29,178,895 \$	5,359,135 \$	88,591 \$	0	\$ (23,731,169)	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Finance	6,347,493	12,006,811	5,400	0	5,664,718	*	0	0	0
Administration of Justice	6,101,067	3,468,105	420,030	0	(2,212,932)		0	0	0
Public Safety	48,424,782	1,355,597	8,471,313	53,359	(38,544,513)		0	0	0
Public Health and Welfare	13,218,266	3,489,596	1,319,647	0	(8,409,023)		0	0	0
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services	24,945,267	6,628,031	500,003	1,750,000	(16,067,233)		0	0	0
Agriculture and Natural Resources	430,458	0	0	0	(430,458)		0	0	0
Highway/Public Works	13,384,140	137,081	4,841,869	405,809	(7,999,381)		0	0	0
Education	135,893,726	65,545,289	22,899,812	0	(47,448,625)		0	0	0
Interest on Long-term Debt	27,442,017	0	0	0	(27,442,017)		0	0	0
Loss on Refunding Using Current Resources	1,563,825	0	0	0	(1,563,825)	_	0	0	0
Total Primary Government	\$ 306,929,936 \$	97,989,645 \$	38,546,665 \$	2,209,168	\$ (168,184,458)	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Component Units:									
Williamson County School Department	\$ 430.500.133 \$	18,914,789 \$	13.447.251 \$	72,761,927	\$ 0	\$	(325,376,166) \$	0 \$	0
Williamson County Hospital District	251,745,328	240,789,633	1,657,280	12,161,921	ъ О	Φ	(525,576,166) \$ 0	(9,298,415)	0
Williamson County Emergency	201,740,020	240,709,000	1,057,200	U	U		U	(3,230,413)	U
Communications District	2,534,374	2,622,648	0	0	0		0	0	88,274
Communications District	4,004,014	4,044,046	0	0	0	_	0	0	00,214
Total Component Units	\$ 684,779,835 \$	262,327,070 \$	15,104,531 \$	72,761,927	\$ 0	\$	(325,376,166) \$	(9,298,415) \$	88,274

 $Exhibit \; B$

Williamson County, Tennessee Statement of Activities (Cont.)

					Net (I	Expe	nse) Revenue and	Changes in Net I	Position
							(Component Units	
			Program Revenue	es	Primary				Williamson
			Operating	Capital	Government		Williamson	Williamson	County
		Charges	Grants	Grants	Total		County	County	Emergency
		for	and	and	Governmental		School	Hospital	Communications
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	_	Department	District	District
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes					\$ 51,962,364	\$	148,403,843 \$	0 \$	0
Property Taxes Levied for Debt Service					50,592,719		0	0	0
Local Option Sales Tax					3,542,758		69,490,257	0	0
Wheel Tax					4,721,822		0	0	0
Business Tax					7,066,747		0	0	0
Hotel/Motel Tax					5,649,047		0	0	0
Adequate Facilities Tax					4,319,858		0	0	0
Privilege Tax					6,214,637		0	0	0
Other Local Taxes					20,463,247		0	0	0
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific	Programs				7,689,474		141,494,561	2,703,645	0
Unrestricted Investment Income	Ü				5,283,391		3,455,495	1,290,176	58,036
Gain from Sale of Capital Assets					0		449,897	0	0
Miscellaneous					5,874,275		857,708	4,847,085	0
Total General Revenues					\$ 173,380,339	\$	364,151,761 \$	8,840,906 \$	58,036
Change in Net Position					\$ 5,195,881	\$	38,775,595 \$	(457,509) \$	146,310
Net Position, July 1, 2018					(292,627,940)	_	356,103,587	209,565,753	2,236,092
Net Position, June 30, 2019					\$ (287,432,059)	\$	394,879,182 \$	209,108,244 \$	2,382,402

Major Funds

Williamson County, Tennessee Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects
\$ $\begin{array}{c} 18,996 & \$ \\ 49,841,628 & \\ 869,586 & \\ 5,567,921 & \\ 269,374 & \\ 0 & \\ 50,173,548 & \\ (194,379) & \\ 134,329 & \\ 0 & \\ 0 & \\ \end{array}$	0 \$ 14,985,360 0 768,897 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & \$ \\ 19,220,864 \\ 628,818 \\ 271,386 \\ 327,423 \\ 0 \\ 34,329,270 \\ (132,997) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2,720,000 \\ \end{array}$	0 \$ 13,472,260 28,894 937,521 1,066,477 962,475 18,847,039 (81,981) 0 0	$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 105,014,773 \\ 0 \\ 702,964 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1,428,565 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$
\$ 106,681,003 \$	15,754,257 \$	57,364,764 \$	35,232,685 \$	107,146,302
\$ 316,508 \$ 975 0 0 1,672,081 422,316 0 0 146	110 \$ 0 0 0 366,280 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$806,977 \\ 0 \\ 701,374 \\ 3,717 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1,428,565 \\ 0 \\ 2.940.633$
\$	\$ 316,508 \$ 975 0 0 1,672,081 422,316 0 0 0 0	\$ 316,508 \$ 110 \$ \$ 975 0 0 0 1,672,081 422,316 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

	_			Major Funds		
DEBEDDED INEVOWA OF DEGOLIDATE	_	General	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service	General Capital Projects
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Current Property Taxes Deferred Delinquent Property Taxes	\$	49,541,119 \$ 373,049	0 \$	33,896,555 \$ 244,718	18,557,561 \$ 182,497	0
Other Deferred/Unavailable Revenue		1,599,576	346,014	583,232	230,000	702,964
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	51,513,744 \$	346,014 \$	34,724,505 \$	18,970,058 \$	702,964
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Restricted for General Government	\$	1,031,009 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Restricted for Finance	,	214,212	0	0	0	0
Restricted for Administration of Justice		643,341	0	0	0	0
Restricted for Public Safety		102,759	0	0	0	0
Restricted for Public Health and Welfare		38,177	0	0	0	0
Restricted for Capital Outlay		0	0	0	0	60,689,781
Restricted for Debt Service		0	0	126,369	0	0
Committed:						
Committed for General Government		24,571	0	0	0	0
Committed for Administration of Justice		2,280	0	0	0	0
Committed for Public Health and Welfare		0	0	0	0	0
Committed for Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services		106,561	0	0	0	0
Committed for Highways/Public Works		0	15,041,853	0	0	0
Committed for Capital Outlay		0	0	0	0	42,812,924
Committed for Debt Service		0	0	22,513,890	16,262,627	0
Committed for Other Purposes		9,339	0	0	0	0
Assigned:		40, 0.40	0	0	0	0
Assigned for General Government		465,840	0	0	0	0

	_			N	Major Funds		
	_	General	Highway / Public Works		General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service	General Capital Projects
FUND BALANCES (Cont.)							
Assigned (Cont.):							
Assigned for Finance	\$	66,442	\$ 0	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Assigned for Administration of Justice		28,348	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Public Safety		927,831	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Public Health and Welfare		280,760	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services		263,744	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Agriculture and Natural Resources		608	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Capital Projects		3,433,540	0		0	0	0
Assigned for Other Purposes		15,781,101	0		0	0	0
Unassigned		29,334,770	0		0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	\$	52,755,233	\$ 15,041,853	\$	22,640,259 \$	16,262,627 \$	103,502,705
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	106,681,003	\$ 15,754,257	\$	57,364,764 \$	35,232,685 \$	107,146,302

	Nominajor	
	Funds	
	Other	
	Govern-	Total
	mental	Governmental
	Funds	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>		_
Cash	\$ 17,05	36,047
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	7,130,88	34 209,665,719
Accounts Receivable	167,90	1,695,206
Due from Other Governments		0 8,248,689
Due from Other Funds	18,54	1,681,814
Due from Component Units		0 962,475
Property Taxes Receivable	4,291,74	107,641,598
Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	(23,24)	(432,600)
Cash Shortage		0 134,329
Restricted Assets		0 1,428,565
Notes Receivable - Long-term		0 2,720,000
Total Assets	\$ 11,602,83	31 \$ 333,781,842
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable	\$ 55	53 \$ 1,124,148
Accrued Payroll		0 975
Contracts Payable		0 701,374
Retainage Payable		0 3,717
Claims and Judgments Payable	329,41	.3 2,367,774
Due to Other Funds		0 422,316
Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others	16,47	76 16,476
Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets		0 1,428,565
Sales Tax		0 146
Total Liabilities	\$ 346,44	2 \$ 6,065,491

(Continued)

Nonmajor

	_	Funds Other	
		Govern-	Total
		mental	Governmental
DEFENDED INFLOWIG OF DEGOLIDOEG	_	Funds	Funds
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Current Property Taxes	\$	4,199,332 \$	3 106,194,567
Deferred Delinquent Property Taxes		63,166	863,430
Other Deferred/Unavailable Revenue		47,500	3,509,286
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,309,998 \$	110,567,283
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted:			
Restricted for General Government	\$	0 \$	3 1,031,009
Restricted for Finance		0	214,212
Restricted for Administration of Justice		0	643,341
Restricted for Public Safety		302,015	404,774
Restricted for Public Health and Welfare		0	38,177
Restricted for Capital Outlay		0	60,689,781
Restricted for Debt Service		0	126,369
Committed:			
Committed for General Government		0	24,571
Committed for Administration of Justice		0	2,280
Committed for Public Health and Welfare		6,644,376	6,644,376
Committed for Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services		0	106,561
Committed for Highways/Public Works		0	15,041,853
Committed for Capital Outlay		0	42,812,924
Committed for Debt Service		0	38,776,517
Committed for Other Purposes		0	9,339
Assigned:			
Assigned for General Government		0	465,840

(Continued)

Nonmajor

Exhibit C-1

Williamson County, Tennessee
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds (Cont.)

FUND BALANCES (Cont.)

Assigned (Cont.):
Assigned for Finance
Assigned for Administration of Justice
Assigned for Public Safety
Assigned for Public Health and Welfare
Assigned for Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services
Assigned for Agriculture and Natural Resources
Assigned for Capital Projects
Assigned for Other Purposes
Unassigned
Total Fund Balances
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

\$ 0 \$ 66,442 0 28,348 0 927,831 0 280,760 0 263,744 0 608 0 3,433,540 0 15,781,101 0 29,334,770 \$ 6,946,391 \$ 217,149,068		Nonmajor Funds Other Govern- mental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 280,760 \\ 0 & 263,744 \\ 0 & 608 \\ 0 & 3,433,540 \\ 0 & 15,781,101 \\ 0 & 29,334,770 \\ \end{array}$	\$		\$	
$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 263,744 \\ 0 & 608 \\ 0 & 3,433,540 \\ 0 & 15,781,101 \\ 0 & 29,334,770 \end{array}$				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 608 \\ 0 & 3,433,540 \\ 0 & 15,781,101 \\ 0 & 29,334,770 \end{array}$				280,760
0 3,433,540 0 15,781,101 0 29,334,770		0		263,744
0 15,781,101 0 29,334,770		0		608
0 29,334,770		0		3,433,540
		0		15,781,101
\$ 6,946,391 \$ 217,149,068		0		29,334,770
	\$	6,946,391	\$	217,149,068
\$ 11,602,831 \$ 333,781,842	æ	11 609 821	Ф	222 721 242

Williamson County, Tennessee
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to
the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are different because:

of thet position (Exhibit II) are different because.		
$Total\ fund\ balances\ -\ balance\ sheet\ -\ governmental\ funds\ (Exhibit\ C-1)$		\$ 217,149,068
(1) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Add: land Add: intangibles Add: construction in progress Add: buildings and improvements net of accumulated depreciation Add: infrastructure net of accumulated depreciation Add: intangibles net of accumulated depreciation Add: other capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 67,016,914 5,875,500 3,874,245 131,859,274 25,553,240 487,570 30,716,150	265,382,893
(2) Investment in joint venture used in governmental activities is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in governmental funds.		6,794,625
(3) Internal service funds are used to account for the county's and the school department's self-insured health programs. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		9,509,255
(4) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Add: deferred amount on refunded debt Less: unamortized debt premiums Less: bonds payable Less: notes payable Less: capital leases payable Less: accrued interest on long-term debt Less: landfill closure/postclosure care costs Less: other postemployment benefits liability Less: compensated absences payable	\$ 7,605,350 (57,977,624) (652,415,000) (10,000,000) (367,460) (6,193,376) (72,660) (74,800,192) (3,822,258)	(798,043,220)
(5) Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB/pensions will be amortized and recognized as components of OPEB/pension expense in future years: Add: deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Less: deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Add: deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Less: deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 3,281,529 (1,669,410) 5,867,619 (740,583)	6,739,155
(6) Net pension assets of the agent plans are not current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds.		663,449
(7) Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.		4,372,716
in the governmental funds.		4,072,710
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ (287,432,059)

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	$M_{c} = D_{c} \cdot 1$							
		Highway /	Major Funds General	Rural	General			
		Public	Debt	Debt	Capital			
	General	Works	Service	Service	Projects			
	5.55-65	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Revenues								
Local Taxes \$	61,163,173 \$	7,979,986 \$	33,247,718 \$	21,640,071 \$	13,290,376			
Licenses and Permits	2,070,658	0	0	0	0			
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	831,971	0	0	0	0			
Charges for Current Services	8,017,016	0	0	0	0			
Other Local Revenues	1,636,622	223,585	2,533,163	481,621	20,384,082			
Fees Received From County Officials	15,874,537	0	0	0	0			
State of Tennessee	6,391,334	5,809,886	380,438	0	0			
Federal Government	3,388,668	0	689,924	1,021,325	29,679			
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	1,205,927	116,924	421,228	22,899,812	7,350,010			
Total Revenues \$	100,579,906 \$	3 14,130,381 \$	37,272,471 \$	46,042,829 \$	41,054,147			
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government \$	14,065,569 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0			
Finance	4,921,137	0	0	0	0			
Administration of Justice	4,691,710	0	0	0	0			
Public Safety	29,078,291	0	0	0	0			
Public Health and Welfare	4,571,228	0	0	0	0			
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services	16,906,388	0	0	0	0			
Agriculture and Natural Resources	441,733	0	0	0	0			
Other Operations	22,534,284	0	0	0	0			
Highways	0	12,058,113	0	0	0			
Debt Service:								
Principal on Debt	0	0	26,595,000	32,842,869	0			
Interest on Debt	0	0	13,776,616	$15,\!254,\!274$	0			
Other Debt Service	0	0	938,296	835,104	0			

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds (Cont.)

				Major Funds		
			Highway /	General	Rural	General
			Public	Debt	Debt	Capital
		General	Works	Service	Service	Projects
Expenditures (Cont.)						
Capital Projects	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	26,392,655
Capital Projects - Donated	Ψ	0	0	0	0	72,244,468
Total Expenditures	\$	97,210,340 \$	12,058,113 \$	41,309,912 \$	48,932,247 \$	98,637,123
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	\$	3,369,566 \$	2,072,268 \$	(4,037,441) \$	(2,889,418) \$	(57,582,976)
Over Expenditures	Ф	5,505,500 p	2,012,200 p	(4,057,441) p	(2,009,410) p	(51,562,510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bonds Issued	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	89,095,000
Notes Issued		0	0	0	0	10,000,000
Capital Leases Issued		0	0	0	0	0
Refunding Debt Issued		0	0	17,570,000	31,740,000	0
Premiums on Debt Sold		0	0	3,604,409	4,861,667	7,177,541
Insurance Recovery		97,768	10,102	0	0	0
Transfers In		34,988	203,148	6,000,000	5,300,000	3,244,956
Transfers Out		(2,868,315)	0	(83,486)	0	(14,265,406)
Payments to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent		0	0	(20,976,863)	(36, 396, 157)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(2,735,559) \$	213,250 \$	6,114,060 \$	5,505,510 \$	95,252,091
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	634,007 \$	2,285,518 \$	2,076,619 \$	2,616,092 \$	37,669,115
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	<u> </u>	52,121,226	12,756,335	20,563,640	13,646,535	65,833,590
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	52,755,233 \$	15,041,853 \$	22,640,259 \$	16,262,627 \$	103,502,705

Exhibit C-3

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds (Cont.)

	_	Nonmajor Funds Other Govern- mental Funds	- G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$	4,122,402	\$	141,443,726
Licenses and Permits		0		2,070,658
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		162,073		994,044
Charges for Current Services		2,469,733		10,486,749
Other Local Revenues		990,736		26,249,809
Fees Received From County Officials		0		15,874,537
State of Tennessee		0		12,581,658
Federal Government		0		5,129,596
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		13,350		32,007,251
Total Revenues	\$	7,758,294	\$	246,838,028
Expenditures Current: General Government Finance	\$	0	\$	14,065,569 4,921,137
Administration of Justice		0		4,691,710
Public Safety		71,442		29,149,733
Public Health and Welfare		5,014,822		9,586,050
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services		0		16,906,388
Agriculture and Natural Resources		0		441,733
Other Operations		991,199		23,525,483
Highways		0		12,058,113
Debt Service:				
Principal on Debt		0		59,437,869
Interest on Debt		0		29,030,890
Other Debt Service		0		1,773,400

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds (Cont.)

	-	Nonmajor Funds Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (Cont.) Capital Projects Capital Projects - Donated Total Expenditures	\$	505,329 \$ 0 6,582,792 \$	72,244,468
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$_	1,175,502 \$	3 (57,892,499)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued Notes Issued Capital Leases Issued Refunding Debt Issued Premiums on Debt Sold Insurance Recovery Transfers In Transfers Out Payments to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0 \$ 0 505,329 0 0 0 0 (365,000) 0 140,329 \$	10,000,000 505,329 49,310,000 15,643,617 107,870 14,783,092 (17,582,207) (57,373,020)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	1,315,831 \$ 5,630,560	3 46,597,182 170,551,886
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$		3 217,149,068

Williamson County, Tennessee
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

of activities (Exhibit B) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)		\$ 46,597,182
(1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlays and depreciation is itemized as follows: Add: capital assets purchased in the current period	\$ 15,181,235	
Less: current-year depreciation expense	(11,860,574)	3,320,661
(2) The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Less: book value of capital assets disposed		(125,015)
(3) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Less: deferred delinquent property taxes and other deferred June 30, 2018 Add: deferred delinquent property taxes and other deferred June 30, 2019	\$ (5,398,426) 4,372,716	(1,025,710)
(4) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Add: principal payments on bonds Add: principal payments on capital leases Add: bonds refunded Less: bond proceeds Less: note proceeds Less: refunding debt proceeds Add: change in deferred amount on refunding debt Less: change in premium on debt issuances	\$ 59,300,000 137,869 55,400,000 (89,095,000) (10,000,000) (505,329) (49,310,000) 344,567 (10,288,737)	(44,016,630)
(5) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued interest payable Change in other postemployment benefits liability Change in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Change in landfill closure/postclosure care costs Change in compensated absences payable Change in net pension liability/asset Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ (57,749) (8,336,774) 3,281,529 932,658 (1,633) (436,765) 1,080,553 (394,886) (263,929)	(4,196,996)
(6) Internal service funds are used to account for the county's and the school department's self-insured health programs. The net revenue of certain activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities		
in the statement of activities.		4,642,389
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 5,195,881

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Actual (GAAP	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Budgeted.	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Basis)	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	Basis)	Original	Final	(Negative)
D.							
Revenues Local Taxes	\$ 61,163,173	\$ 0.5	0 \$	61,163,173 \$	57,422,402 \$	57,740,570 \$	3,422,603
Licenses and Permits	2,070,658	Φ 0	ο φ 0	2,070,658	1,752,500	1,752,500	318,158
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	831,971	0	0	831,971	497,800	522,800	309,171
Charges for Current Services	8,017,016	0	0	8,017,016	6,397,350	6,571,486	1,445,530
Other Local Revenues	1,636,622	0	0	1,636,622	830,000	830,000	806,622
Fees Received From County Officials	15,874,537	0	0	15,874,537	14,400,500	14,400,500	1,474,037
State of Tennessee	6,391,334	0	0	6,391,334	4,853,502	6,203,473	187,861
Federal Government	3,388,668	0	0	3,388,668	2,826,293	4,222,654	(833,986)
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	1,205,927	0	0	1,205,927	485,597	1,012,316	193,611
	\$ 100,579,906				89,465,944 \$		7,323,607
Expenditures General Government	Φ 074 501	¢ (1.490) (3 0 \$	079.001 @	1 119 00° ¢	1 269 200 Ф	200 100
	\$ 974,521		0 \$, ,	1,113,865 \$		290,198
Board of Equalization Beer Board	1,990 1,575	0	0	1,990	7,700 $2,700$	7,700 2,700	5,710 $1,125$
Other Boards and Committees	1,575	0	0	1,575 150	3,300	3,300	3,150
County Mayor/Executive	507,664	(25,753)	48,225	530,136		5,500 847,090	316,954
Personnel Office	262,149	(25,755)	48,228	262,149	844,150 $320,576$	320,576	58,427
County Attorney	791,490	0	0	791,490	760,000	855,000	63,510
Election Commission	845,969	(62,734)	13,698	796,933	656,770	954,545	157,612
Register of Deeds	678,758	(02,734) $(1,362)$	15,036	677,396	688,733	758,233	80,837
Development	2,673,768	(880)	1,220	2,674,108	2,847,368	2,881,010	206,902
Planning	191,489	(157,820)	12,702	46,371	58,355	88,355	41,984
Building	26,662	(5,972)	5,699	26,389	36,125	36,125	9,736
Engineering	26,361	(5,461)	2,626	23,526	47,997	47,997	24,471
Codes Compliance	10,903	(5,359)	27,785	33,329	65,381	92,381	59,052
Geographical Information Systems	2,305,808	(34,149)	166,401	2,438,060	2,871,419	2,958,565	520,505
County Buildings	3,759,254	(61,494)	97,359	3,795,119	3,869,471	4,055,471	260,352
Other Facilities	250,340	(62,183)	2,024	190,181	236,748	236,748	46,567

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
General Fund (Cont.)

					Actual Revenues/			Variance with Final
		Actual	Less:	Add:	Expenditures			Budget -
		(GAAP	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	(Budgetary	Budgeted	Amounts	Positive
		Basis)	7/1/2018	6/30/2019	Basis)	Original	Final	(Negative)
P (G)								
Expenditures (Cont.) General Government (Cont.)								
Preservation of Records	Ф	996 049	ф (0.011) d	10,000 Ф	999,000 @	000.001 @	000 001 @	CO 000
	\$	226,942				298,981 \$, ,	69,982
Risk Management		194,368	(228)	100	194,240	235,903	239,380	45,140
Other Risk Management		335,408	0	0	335,408	350,305	357,547	22,139
Finance			(2.22.1)	200				o= 000
Accounting and Budgeting		1,072,856	(3,284)	300	1,069,872	1,150,994	1,155,494	85,622
Property Assessor's Office		1,642,697	(139,487)	772	1,503,982	1,828,098	1,853,767	349,785
County Trustee's Office		591,510	(1,310)	6,257	596,457	677,307	679,307	82,850
County Clerk's Office		1,077,193	(2,062)	2,911	1,078,042	1,164,769	1,184,769	106,727
Other Finance		536,881	(91,136)	22,897	468,642	512,000	512,000	43,358
Administration of Justice								
Circuit Court		1,565,816	(9,884)	23,373	1,579,305	1,716,605	1,763,105	183,800
General Sessions Court		1,252,900	(144)	4,814	1,257,570	979,806	1,798,956	541,386
Drug Court		98,956	0	0	98,956	0	98,956	0
Chancery Court		519,655	(112)	159	519,702	532,109	553,892	34,190
Juvenile Court		556,122	(1,020)	0	555,102	579,256	588,346	33,244
Judicial Commissioners		352,435	(115)	0	352,320	430,578	436,078	83,758
Other Administration of Justice		256,991	0	0	256,991	332,499	332,499	75,508
Victim Assistance Programs		88,835	0	0	88,835	0	88,835	0
Public Safety		,			•		,	
Sheriff's Department		13,524,172	(835,574)	335,025	13,023,623	14,234,906	14,557,205	1,533,582
Traffic Control		183,364	(10,410)	2,497	175,451	294,312	294,312	118,861
Jail		7,256,976	(378,094)	413,471	7,292,353	7,778,835	8,243,899	951,546
Workhouse		164,288	(11,684)	10,975	163,579	187,500	190,994	27,415
Juvenile Services		2,259,838	(18,108)	11,241	2,252,971	2,145,273	2,573,684	320,713
Fire Prevention and Control		496,359	0	0	496,359	496,359	496,359	0
Other Emergency Management		5,546	0	75	5,621	25,000	25,000	19,379
County Coroner/Medical Examiner		301,650	0	0	301,650	282,675	301,650	0
Other Public Safety		4,886,098	(125,344)	265,488	5,026,242	5,164,879	5,685,073	658,831
office a different contents		2,000,000	(120,044)	200,400	0,020,242	5,104,015	0,000,010	000,001

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
General Fund (Cont.)

		Actual Revenues/ Actual Less: Add: Expenditures (GAAP Encumbrances Encumbrances (Budgetary Budgeted Amounts				Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive			
		Basis)		7/1/2018	6/30/2019		Basis)	Original	Final	(Negative)
Expenditures (Cont.)										
Public Health and Welfare										
Local Health Center	\$	1,037,215	\$	(3,936) \$	5,852	\$	1,039,131 \$	1,625,251	\$ 1,742,871 \$	703,740
Rabies and Animal Control	Ψ	1,388,673	Ψ	(54,644)	37,694	Ψ	1.371.723	1,505,640	1,556,864	185,141
Ambulance/Emergency Medical Services		1,943,624		0	0,,001		1,943,624	1,943,624	1,943,624	0
Other Local Health Services		0		0	0		0	9,576	9,576	9,576
Regional Mental Health Center		19,000		0	0		19,000	19,000	19,000	0
Appropriation to State		103,816		0	0		103,816	103,816	103,816	0
General Welfare Assistance		17,617		0	0		17,617	17,617	17,617	0
Aid to Dependent Children		10,370		(564)	600		10,406	11,000	11,000	594
Other Local Welfare Services		1,200		o o	0		1,200	3,000	3,000	1,800
Other Public Health and Welfare		49,713		(4,937)	34,264		79,040	78,410	107,910	28,870
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services		,		, , ,	,		,	,	,	,
Adult Activities		22,732		0	0		22,732	45,464	45,464	22,732
Senior Citizens Assistance		56,552		0	0		56,552	61,552	61,552	5,000
Libraries		2,472,786		(24,183)	6,197		2,454,800	2,328,238	2,632,921	178,121
Parks and Fair Boards		13,183,483		(137,761)	176,003		13,221,725	13,870,973	14,614,096	1,392,371
Other Social, Cultural, and Recreational		1,170,835		(34,358)	26,859		1,163,336	1,368,284	1,408,706	245,370
Agriculture and Natural Resources										
Agricultural Extension Service		385,243		0	608		385,851	502,878	502,878	117,027
Soil Conservation		56,490		0	0		56,490	55,604	56,509	19
Other Operations										
Other Economic and Community Development		400,000		0	0		400,000	400,000	400,000	0
Public Transportation		732,957		0	0		732,957	871,682	871,682	138,725
Veterans' Services		20,668		(1,243)	0		19,425	45,940	47,552	28,127
Other Charges		3,583,298		(36,083)	36,500		3,583,715	3,730,594	3,730,594	146,879
Employee Benefits		16,065,402		0	0		16,065,402	16,743,096	16,923,568	858,166
Miscellaneous		1,731,959		0	0		1,731,959	1,819,603	1,836,758	104,799
Total Expenditures	\$	97,210,340	\$	(2,358,613) \$	1,813,039	\$	96,664,766 \$	102,990,449	\$ 108,366,731 \$	11,701,965

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
General Fund (Cont.)

	Actual (GAAP l Basis)	Less: Encumbrances 7/1/2018	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2019	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	Budgeted . Original	Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	\$ 3,369,566 \$	2,358,613	(1,813,039) \$	3,915,140 \$	(13,524,505) \$	(15,110,432) \$	19,025,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Insurance Recovery	\$ 97,768 \$	0 8	0 \$	97,768 \$	0 \$	0 \$	97,768
Transfers In	34,988	0	0	34,988	83,464	83,464	(48,476)
Transfers Out	(2,868,315)	0	0	(2,868,315)	0	(2,868,315)	0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ (2,735,559) \$	0 8	0 \$	(2,735,559) \$	83,464 \$	(2,784,851) \$	49,292
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 634,007 \$	2,358,613	(1,813,039) \$	1,179,581 \$	(13,441,041) \$	(17,895,283) \$	19,074,864
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	 52,121,226	(2,358,613)	0	49,762,613	44,828,436	44,828,436	4,934,177
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 52,755,233 \$	0 8	(1,813,039) \$	50,942,194 \$	31,387,395 \$	26,933,153 \$	24,009,041

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Highway/Public Works Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual (GAAP Basis)	E	Less: ncumbrances 7/1/2018	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2019	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
									_
Revenues									
Local Taxes	\$	7,979,986	\$	0 \$	0 \$. , , +	7,977,450 \$		
Other Local Revenues		223,585		0	0	223,585	55,000	158,788	64,797
State of Tennessee		5,809,886		0	0	5,809,886	5,502,000	5,948,199	(138,313)
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	_	116,924		0	0	116,924	50,000	50,000	66,924
Total Revenues	\$	14,130,381	\$	0 \$	0 \$	14,130,381 \$	13,584,450 \$	14,150,915 \$	(20,534)
Expenditures Highways Administration Highway and Bridge Maintenance Operation and Maintenance of Equipment Quarry Operations Other Charges Employee Benefits Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	\$	860,653 6,420,518 1,287,804 575,697 599,590 1,298,608 1,015,243 12,058,113		(53,199) \$ (949,590) (317,570) (74,274) 0 0 (225,666) (1,620,299) \$	57,491 \$ 898,983 278,785 107,084 0 384,945 1,727,288 \$	6,369,911 1,249,019 608,507 599,590 1,298,608 1,174,522	1,028,715 \$ 6,560,077 1,785,598 812,634 958,000 1,343,500 333,000 12,821,524 \$	6,995,466 1,789,678 816,718 963,000 1,348,409 1,286,788	625,555 540,659 208,211 363,410 49,801 112,266
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	\$	2,072,268	\$	1,620,299 \$	(1,727,288) \$	1,965,279 \$	762,926 \$	(79,389) \$	2,044,668
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recovery Transfers In	\$	10,102 203,148	\$	0 \$	0 \$ 0	10,102 \$ 203,148	0 \$ 85,000	0 \$ 203,148	10,102 0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	213,250	\$	0 \$	0 \$	213,250 \$	85,000 \$	203,148 \$	10,102
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	2,285,518 12,756,335	\$	1,620,299 \$ (1,620,299)	(1,727,288) \$	2,178,529 \$ 11,136,036	847,926 \$ 11,075,250	123,759 \$ 11,075,250	2,054,770 60,786
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	15,041,853	\$	0 \$	(1,727,288) \$	13,314,565 \$	11,923,176 \$	11,199,009 \$	2,115,556

Exhibit D-1

Williamson County, Tennessee Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>		overnmental Activities - ternal Service Fund Self- Insurance Fund
Current Assets: Cash with Paying Agents Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Total Assets	\$	1,737,000 15,481,410 92,263 17,310,673
LIABILITIES	ψ	17,310,073
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions Payable Claims and Judgments Payable Total Liabilities	\$	240 183,998 7,617,180 7,801,418
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$	9,509,255
Total Net Position	\$	9,509,255

Exhibit D-2

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and
Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund Self - Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$	72,184,442
Other Local Revenues	·	8,396,061
Total Operating Revenues	\$	80,580,503
Operating Expenses		
Handling Charges and Administrative Costs	\$	10,087,809
Life Insurance		243,057
Dental Insurance		3,941,597
Flexible Benefit Charges		2,333,245
Medical Claims		45,656,027
Other Self-Insured Claims		13,676,379
Total Operating Expenses	\$	75,938,114
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	4,642,389
Net Position, July 1, 2018	<u> </u>	4,866,866
Net Position, June 30, 2019	\$	9,509,255

Exhibit D-3

Williamson County, Tennessee Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund Self - Insurance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Receipts from Interfund Services Provided Cash Receipts from Customers and Users Cash Payments for Interfund Services Used	\$ 63,683,657 16,863,603 (75,453,249)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$ 5,094,011
Increase (Decrease) in Cash Cash, July 1, 2018	\$ 5,094,011 12,124,399
Cash, June 30, 2019	\$ 17,218,410
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:	\$ 4,642,389
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgments Payable	 (33,243) 34,980 449,885
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$ 5,094,011
Reconciliation of Cash With Statement of Net Position Cash With Paying Agents Per Net Position Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Per Net Position	\$ 1,737,000 15,481,410
Cash, June 30, 2019	\$ 17,218,410

Exhibit E

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2019

	 Agency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments Property Taxes Receivable Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	\$ 15,262,383 1,521,991 195,850 13,492,423 12,433,633 (50,117)
Total Assets	\$ 42,856,163
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Taxing Units Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others Due to Joint Venture	\$ 1,259,498 $25,612,624$ $15,411,810$ $572,231$
Total Liabilities	\$ 42,856,163

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE Index of Notes to the Financial Statements

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WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Williamson County's financial statements are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments.

The following are the more significant accounting policies of Williamson County:

A. Reporting Entity

Williamson County is a public municipal corporation governed by an elected 24-member board. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present Williamson County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the county's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the county.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The following entities meet the criteria for discretely presented component units of the county. They are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the county.

The Williamson County School Department operates the public school system in the county, and the voters of Williamson County elect its board. The school department is fiscally dependent on the county because it may not issue debt, and its budget and property tax levy are subject to the county commission's approval. The school department's taxes are levied under the taxing authority of the county and are included as part of the county's total tax levy.

The Williamson County Hospital District provides health care to the citizens of Williamson County, and the Williamson County Commission appoints its governing body. The county annually provides a subsidy to the hospital to help defray the costs of operating an ambulance service.

The Williamson County Emergency Communications District provides a simplified means of securing emergency services through a uniform emergency number for the residents of Williamson County, and the Williamson County Commission appoints its governing body. The district is funded primarily through a service charge levied on telephone services. Before the issuance of most debt instruments, the district must obtain the county commission's approval.

The Williamson County School Department does not issue separate financial statements from those of the county. Therefore, basic financial statements of

the school department are included in this report as listed in the table of contents. Complete financial statements of the Williamson County Hospital District and the Williamson County Emergency Communications District can be obtained from their administrative offices at the following addresses:

Administrative Offices:

Williamson County Hospital District d/b/a Williamson Medical Center 4321 Carothers Parkway Franklin, TN 37067

Williamson County Emergency Communications District 304 Beasley Drive, Suite 145 Franklin, TN 37064

Related Organization — The Williamson County Industrial Development Board and the War Memorial Public Library Board of Trustees are related organizations of Williamson County. The county's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards, but the county's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, when applicable, interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated in the process of consolidation in the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges, are required to be reported separately from governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, the primary government of Williamson County does not have any business-type activities to report. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Williamson County School Department component unit only reports governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not

properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Williamson County issues all debt for the discretely presented Williamson County School Department. Net debt issues totaling \$72,749,797 were contributed by the county to the school department during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund (an internal service fund), and fiduciary funds. The internal service fund is reported with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary funds financial statements, except for agency funds, which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund financial statements of Williamson County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. Williamson County only reports one proprietary fund, an internal service fund. It has no enterprise funds to report.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are aggregated into a single column on the fund financial statements. The internal service fund and the fiduciary funds in total are reported in single columns by fund type.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the county considers revenues other than grants to be available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and the revenues are available. Williamson County considers grants and similar revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service funds for payments to be made early in the following year.

Property taxes for the period levied, in-lieu-of tax payments, sales taxes, interest, and miscellaneous taxes are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Applicable business taxes, litigation taxes, state-shared excise taxes, fines, forfeitures, and penalties are not susceptible to accrual since they are not measurable (reasonably estimable). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the county receives cash.

Proprietary fund and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for agency funds, which have no measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Williamson County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the county's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway/Public Works Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for transactions of the county's highway department. Local and state gasoline/fuel taxes are the foundational revenues of this fund.

General Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Rural Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs specifically issued for K-8 schools outside the territorial boundaries of the Franklin Special School District.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, Williamson County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund – The Self-Insurance Fund is used to account for the county's and the school department's self-insured health programs. Amounts per employee are charged to the various funds, and employee payroll deductions are placed in this fund for the payment of claims.

Agency Funds — These funds account for amounts collected in an agency capacity by the constitutional officers, local sales taxes received by the state to be forwarded to the various cities in Williamson County, property taxes for the City of Nolensville, City of Brentwood, City of Franklin and the Town of Thompson's Station, various cities' share of adequate facilities taxes collected by the county, the Franklin Special School District's share of educational revenues, funds held for the benefit of the Judicial District Drug Task Force, restricted revenues held for the benefit of the Office of District Attorney General, and assets held in a custodial capacity for the Williamson County Governmental Library Commission. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

The discretely presented Williamson County School Department reports the following major governmental funds:

General Purpose School Fund – This fund is the primary operating fund for the school department. It is used to account for general operations of the school department.

Education Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of debt issued by Williamson County and contributed to the school department for building construction and renovations.

Additionally, the Williamson County School Department reports the following fund type:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated

resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. The county has one proprietary fund, an internal service fund, used to account for the county's and the school department's employee self-insurance health programs. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. Insurance contributions and premiums are the principal operating revenues of the internal service fund. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include administrative expenses and employee benefits.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on deposit with the county trustee and cash with paying agent.

State statutes authorize the government to make direct investments in bonds, notes, or treasury bills of the U.S. government and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government or any of its agencies; deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; repurchase agreements; the State Treasurer's Investment Pool; bonds of any state or political subdivision rated A or higher by any nationally recognized rating service; nonconvertible debt securities of certain federal government sponsored enterprises; and the county's own legally issued bonds or notes.

The county trustee maintains a cash and internal investment pool that is used by all funds and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheets or statements of net position as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments. Most income from these pooled investments is assigned to the General Purpose School, General Debt Service, General Capital Projects, and Education Capital Projects funds. Williamson County and the school department have adopted a policy of reporting U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency obligations, and repurchase agreements with maturities of one year or less when purchased on the balance sheet at amortized cost. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are reported at amortized cost using a stable net asset value. The primary oversight responsibility for the investments and operations of the State Treasurer's Investment Pool rests with the Funding Board of the State of Tennessee (Funding Board). The Funding Board has established an investment policy that is administered by the state treasurer. These polices were designed to comply with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, state statutes require the state treasurer to

administer the pool under the same terms and conditions, including collateral requirements, as prescribed for other funds invested by the state treasurer. Compliance with Funding Board polices is audited by the Tennessee Comptroller of the Treasury, Division of State Audit. The latest audit opinion issued by the Division of State Audit concluded that the State Treasurer's Investment Pooled complied with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds for unremitted current collections outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as due to/from other funds.

All property taxes receivable are shown with an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is .21 percent of total taxes levied.

Property taxes receivable are recognized as of the date an enforceable legal claim to the taxable property arises. This date is January 1 and is referred to as the lien date. However, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied, which is the ensuing fiscal year. Since the receivable is recognized before the period of revenue recognition, the entire amount of the receivable, less an estimated allowance for uncollectible taxes, is reported as a deferred inflow of resources as of June 30.

Property taxes receivable are also reported as of June 30 for the taxes that are levied, collected, and reported as revenue during the current fiscal year. These property taxes receivable are presented on the balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources to reflect amounts not available as of June 30. Property taxes collected within 30 days of year-end are considered available and accrued. The allowance for uncollectible taxes represents the estimated amount of the receivable that will be filed in court for collection. Delinquent taxes filed in court for collection are not included in taxes receivable since they are neither measurable nor available.

Property taxes are levied as of the first Monday in October. Taxes become delinquent and begin accumulating interest and penalty the following March 1. Suit must be filed in Chancery Court between the following February 1 to April 1 for any remaining unpaid taxes. Additional costs attach to delinquent taxes after a court suit has been filed.

Most payables are disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. Current liabilities payable from restricted assets reflected in the primary government's General Capital Projects Fund represent deposits placed with Williamson County for road damage (\$1,428,565). Current liabilities payable from restricted assets reflected in the school

department's nonmajor governmental funds represent deposits placed with the school department for student meals (\$642,555). Claims and judgments payable are discussed in Note V.A. Risk Management.

Retainage payable in the primary government's General Capital Projects Fund and the school department's Education Capital Projects Fund represent amounts withheld from payments made on construction contracts pending completion of the projects. These amounts are held by the county trustee as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments in the respective funds.

3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of amounts held in a pension stabilization trust by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) for the benefit of the discretely presented Williamson County School Department's Teacher Retirement Plan. The purpose of this trust is to accumulate funds to provide stabilization (smoothing) of retirement costs to the school system in times of fluctuating investment returns and market downturns. These funds are held and invested by TCRS pursuant to an irrevocable agreement and may only be used for the benefit of the Williamson County School Department to fund retirement benefits upon approval of the TCRS Board of Directors. To date, the Williamson County School Department has not withdrawn any funds from the trust to pay pension cost. Trust documents provide that the funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the school department.

4. Capital Assets

Governmental funds do not capitalize the cost of capital outlays; these funds report capital outlays as expenditures upon acquisition.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the primary government as \$10,000 assets with an initial. individual cost of(buildings/improvements and intangibles \$100,000; infrastructure \$50,000) or more and an estimated useful life of more than five years. Capital assets are defined by the school department as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 (buildings/improvements \$100,000; vehicles \$20,000) and an estimated useful life of more than five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government and the discretely presented school department are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40
Intangibles	Various*
Other Capital Assets	5 - 20
Infrastructure:	
Roads	20 - 50
Bridges	30 - 50

^{*}applicable legal life of the asset

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These items are for the deferred charges on refunding debt, pension changes in assumptions, pension changes in experience, pension changes in employer contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date, pension changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset, and other postemployment benefits changes in assumptions.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These items are from the following sources: current and delinquent property taxes, pension changes in investment earnings, pension changes in experience, pension changes in the proportionate share of

net pension asset, other postemployment benefits changes in assumptions, other postemployment benefits paid after the measurement date, and various receivables for revenues, which do not meet the availability criteria in governmental funds. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of Williamson County and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since Williamson County and the school department do not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements for the county and the discretely presented school department. A liability for vacation pay is reported in governmental funds only if amounts have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Long-term Debt and Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and are amortized over the life of the new debt using the straight-line method. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred. In refunding transactions, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the new debt issued, whichever is shorter.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Only the matured portion (the portion that has come due for payment) of long-term indebtedness, including bonds payable, is recognized as a liability and expenditure in the governmental fund financial

statements. Liabilities and expenditures for other long-term obligations, including compensated absences, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits, and landfill closure/postclosure care costs are recognized to the extent that the liabilities have matured (come due for payment) each period.

8. Net Position and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$6,931,230 of restricted net position, of which \$1,755,341 is restricted by enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County had \$502,858,460 in outstanding debt for capital purposes for the discretely presented Williamson County School Department. This debt is a liability of Williamson County, but the capital assets acquired are reported in the financial statements of the school department. Therefore, Williamson County has incurred a liability significantly decreasing its unrestricted net position with no corresponding increase in the county's capital assets.

It is the county's policy that restricted amounts be reduced first followed unrestricted amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, it is the county's policy that committed amounts be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in these funds can be spent. These classifications may consist of the following:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use of the resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the county commission, the county's highest level of decision-making authority and the Board of Education, the school department's highest level of decision-making authority, and shall remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts that are constrained by the county's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed (excluding stabilization arrangements). The county commission has by resolution authorized the county's Budget Committee to make assignments for the general government. The Board of Education makes assignments for the school department.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the residual classification of the General and General Purpose School funds. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General and General Purpose School funds.

E. <u>Pension Plans</u>

Primary Government

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Williamson County's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from Williamson County's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions)

are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement Plan and the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System, and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Teacher Retirement Plan and the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

Primary Government

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Williamson County. For this purpose, Williamson County recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Williamson County's OPEB plan is not administered through a trust.

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the discretely presented Williamson County School Department. For this purpose, the school department recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. The school department's OPEB plan is not administered through a trust.

II. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL</u> STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position

Primary Government

Exhibit C-2 includes explanations of the nature of individual elements of items required to reconcile the balance sheet of governmental funds with the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

<u>Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department</u>

Exhibit J-3 includes explanations of the nature of individual elements of items required to reconcile the balance sheet of governmental funds with the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the government-wide Statement of Activities

Primary Government

Exhibit C-4 includes explanations of the nature of individual elements of items required to reconcile the net change in fund balances – total governmental funds with the change in net position of governmental activities reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

Exhibit J-5 includes explanations of the nature of individual elements of items required to reconcile the net change in fund balances — total governmental funds with the change in net position of governmental activities reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all governmental funds except the Constitutional Officers - Fees Fund (special revenue fund), which is not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The county is required by state statute to adopt annual budgets. Annual budgets are prepared on the basis in which current available funds must be sufficient to meet current expenditures. Expenditures and encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations authorized by the county commission and any authorized revisions. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The budgetary level of control is at the major category level established by the County Uniform Chart of Accounts, as prescribed by the Comptroller of the Treasury of the State of Tennessee. Major categories are at the department level (examples of General Fund major categories: County Commission, Board of Equalization, Beer Board, Other Boards and Committees, etc.). Management may make revisions within major categories, but only the county commission may transfer appropriations between major categories. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

The county's budgetary basis of accounting is consistent with GAAP, except instances in which encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures. The difference between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis is presented on the face of each budgetary schedule.

At June 30, 2019, Williamson County and the Williamson County School Department had outstanding encumbrances in the budget funds as follows:

Fund	Amount
Primary Government:	
General	\$ 1,813,039
Highway/Public Works	1,727,288
Nonmajor Governmental	$428,\!551$
School Department:	
General Purpose School	4,785,103
Nonmajor Governmental	191,391

B. <u>Cash Shortages - Prior Years</u>

The audit of Williamson County for the 2005-06 year reported a cash shortage of \$45,038 as of June 30, 2006, at the Fairview Recreational Center. This cash shortage resulted from collections that were not deposited or otherwise accounted for properly. On October 6, 2008, the defendant pled guilty and was sentenced to four years' probation and ordered to pay restitution to Williamson County. On October 7, 2008, the defendant signed a promissory note with Williamson County. The promissory note states that the debtor shall pay the principal amount in full no later than 48 months from November 1, 2008. This note was extended for an additional four years in FY 2012 and again for an additional four years on November 21, 2016. During the 2018-19 fiscal year, this individual paid restitution totaling \$445, leaving the outstanding cash shortage of \$31,908 as of June 30, 2019.

A special report of the Williamson County Animal Control Department released on July 26, 2010, for the period May 17, 2005, through March 31, 2010, reported a cash shortage of \$106,446 from receipts that were not deposited with the county or otherwise accounted for properly. On November 15, 2010, the employee pled guilty to theft over \$60,000 and was sentenced to eight years' confinement, which was suspended to eight years' probation, and was ordered to pay restitution of \$106,446. During the 2018-19 fiscal year, this individual paid restitution of \$800 leaving the outstanding cash shortage of \$102,421 as of June 30, 2019.

An investigation by the Comptroller's Division of Investigations disclosed that a former employee of the Williamson County Parks and Recreation misappropriated funds designated for the adult softball league program. At June 30, 2018, the General Fund recognized an outstanding cash shortage of \$7,615 related to this report. On January 14, 2019, the former employee pled

guilty to one count of Theft under \$1,000 and one count of Official Misconduct, was sentenced to supervised probation, and paid court ordered restitution of \$7,615. The full amount of restitution was paid on February 2, 2019.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u>

A. Deposits and Investments

Williamson County and the Williamson County School Department participate in an internal cash and investment pool through the Office of Trustee. The county trustee is the treasurer of the county and in this capacity is responsible for receiving, disbursing, and investing most county funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheets or statements of net position as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments. Cash and investments reflected on the balance sheets or statements of net position represent nonpooled amounts held separately by individual funds.

Deposits

Legal Provisions. All deposits with financial institutions must be secured by one of two methods. One method involves financial institutions that participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the state treasurer. Participating banks determine the aggregate balance of their public fund accounts for the State of Tennessee and its political subdivisions. The amount of collateral required to secure these public deposits must equal at least 105 percent of the average daily balance of public deposits held. Collateral securities required to be pledged by the participating banks to protect their public fund accounts are pledged to the state treasurer on behalf of the bank collateral pool. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

For deposits with financial institutions that do not participate in the bank collateral pool, state statutes require that all deposits be collateralized with collateral whose market value is equal to 105 percent of the uninsured amount of the deposits. The collateral must be placed by the depository bank in an escrow account in a second bank for the benefit of the county.

<u>Investments</u>

Legal Provisions. Counties are authorized to make direct investments in bonds, notes, or treasury bills of the U.S. government and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government or any of its agencies; deposits at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; bonds of any state or political subdivision rated A or higher by any nationally recognized rating service; nonconvertible debt securities of certain federal government sponsored enterprises; and the county's own legally issued bonds or notes. These

investments may not have a maturity greater than two years. The county may make investments with longer maturities if various restrictions set out in state law are followed. Counties are also authorized to make investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and in repurchase agreements. The primary oversight responsibility for the investments and operations of the State Treasurer's Investment Pool rests with the Funding Board of the State of Tennessee (Funding Board). The Funding Board has established an investment policy that is administered by the state treasurer. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are reported both by the pool and the county at amortized cost using a stable net asset value. Repurchase agreements must be approved by the state Comptroller's Office and executed in accordance with procedures established by the State Funding Board. Securities purchased under a repurchase agreement must be obligations of the U.S. government or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government or any of its agencies. When repurchase agreements are executed, the purchase of the securities must be priced at least two percent below the fair value of the securities on the day of purchase.

Investment Balances. As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County had the following investments carried at amortized cost using a Stable Net Asset Value. All investments are in the county trustee's investment pool. Separate disclosures concerning pooled investments cannot be made for Williamson County and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department since both pool their deposits and investments through the county trustee.

	Weighted			
	Average			
	Maturity	Amortized		
Investment	(days)	Cost		
		_		
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	1 to 86	\$ 7,358,552		

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes limit the maturities of certain investments, as previously disclosed. Williamson County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State statutes limit the ratings of certain investments, as previously explained. Williamson County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2019, Williamson County's investment in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool was unrated.

TCRS Stabilization Trust

Legal Provisions. The Williamson County School Department is a member of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) Stabilization Reserve Trust. The school department has placed funds into the irrevocable trust as authorized by statute under *Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA)*, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the trust. Funds of trust members are held and invested in the name of the trust for the benefit of each member. Each member's funds are restricted for the payment of retirement benefits of that member's employees. Trust funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the school department.

The trust is authorized to make investments as directed by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The Williamson County School Department may not impose any restrictions on investments placed by the trust on their behalf.

Investment Balances. Assets of the TCRS, including the Stabilization Reserve Trust, are invested in the Tennessee Retiree Group Trust (TRGT). The TRGT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for the TRGT from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency. The fair value of investment positions in the TRGT is determined daily based on the fair value of the pool's underlying portfolio. Furthermore, TCRS had not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the sale or redemption of shares.

Investments are reported at fair value or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the securities and securities transactions are recorded in the financial statements on a trade-date basis. The fair value of assets of the TRGT held at June 30, 2019, represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets held are categorized for fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; assets or liabilities that have a bid-ask spread price in an inactive

dealer market, brokered market and principal-to-principal market; and Level 1 assets or liabilities that are adjusted.

• Level 3 - Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments using the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share have no readily determinable fair value and have been determined using amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Where inputs used in the measurement of fair value fall into different levels of the hierarchy, fair value of the instrument in its entirety is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. This assessment requires professional judgement and as such management of the TRGT developed a fair value committee that worked in conjunction with the plan's custodian and investment professionals to make these valuations. All assets held were valued individually and aggregated into classes to be represented in the table below.

Short-term securities generally include investments in money market-type securities reported at cost plus accrued interest.

Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. Equity securities classified in Level 3 are valued with last trade data having limited trading volume.

U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds, Notes and Futures classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a bid-ask spread price from multiple independent brokers, dealers, or market principals, which are known to be actively involved in the market. Level 3 debt securities are valued using proprietary information, a single pricing source, or other unobservable inputs related to similar assets or liabilities.

Real estate investments classified in Level 3 are valued using the last valuations provided by external investment advisors or independent external appraisers. Generally, all direct real estate investments are appraised by a qualified independent appraiser(s) with the professional designation of Member of the Appraisal Institute ("MAI"), or its equivalent, every three (3) years beginning from the acquisition date of the property. The appraisals are performed using generally accepted valuation approaches applicable to the property type.

Investments in private mutual funds, traditional private equity funds, strategic lending funds and real estate funds that report using GAAP, the fair

value, as well as the unfunded commitments, were determined using the prior quarter's NAV, as reported by the fund managers, plus the current cash flows. These assets were then categorized by investment strategy. In instances where the fund investment reported using non-GAAP standards, the investment was valued using the same method, but was classified in Level 3.

At June 30, 2019, the Williamson County School Department had the following investments held by the trust on its behalf.

Investment Investments at Fair Valu	10:			Weighted Average Maturity (days)	Maturities		Fair Value
U.S. Equity	ie.			N/A	N/A	\$	340,351
Developed Market Inter	mat.	ional Equit	V 7	N/A	N/A	ψ	153,707
Emerging Market Inter		-	•	N/A	N/A		43,916
U.S. Fixed Income	11441	onar Bquit,	,	N/A	N/A		219,582
Real Estate				N/A	N/A		109,790
Short-term Securities				N/A	N/A		10,979
Investments at Amortize	d Co	ost using th	ie NAV:				
Private Equity and Str	ateg	ic Lending		N/A	N/A		219,582
Total						\$	1,097,907
			Fair Va	lue Measuremer	nts Using		Amortized
			Quoted			-	Cost
			Prices in			-	
			Active	Significant			
			Markets for	Other	Significant		
			Identical	Observable	Unobservable		
		Fair Value	Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
Investment by Fair Value Lev	el	6-30-19	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		NAV
U.S. Equity Developed Market	\$	340,351	\$ 340,351	0 \$	0	\$	0
International Equity Emerging Market		153,707	153,707	0	0		0
International Equity		43,916	43,916	0	0		0
U.S. Fixed Income		219,582	0	219,582	0		0
Real Estate		109,790	0	0	109,790		0
Short-term Securities		10,979	0	10,979	0		0
Private Equity and		-,		-,			
Strategic Lending		219,582	0	0	0		219,582
Total	\$	1,097,907	537,974	\$ 230,561 \$	109,790	\$	219,582

Risks and Uncertainties. The trust's investments include various types of investment funds, which in turn invest in any combination of stock, bonds and other investments exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and market risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported for trust investments.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Williamson County School Department does not have the ability to limit trust investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Williamson County School Department does not have the ability to limit the credit ratings of individual investments made by the trust.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the county's investment in a single issuer. Williamson County School Department places no limit on the amount the county may invest in one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the county will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Pursuant to the trust agreement, investments are held in the name of the trust for the benefit of the Williamson County School Department to pay retirement benefits of the school department employees.

For further information concerning the school department's investments with the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust, audited financial statements of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may be obtained at https://comptroller.tn.gov/content/dam/cot/sa/advanced-search/disclaimer/2019/ag18092.pdf.

B. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable in the General Debt Service Fund totaling \$2,720,000 resulted from an agreement with the City of Spring Hill to help finance the construction of a recreational facility and related infrastructure and is included in the committed fund balance account.

C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is presented in the following table. This table does not include certain land, buildings, and equipment, which are titled to Williamson County and used by the Williamson

Medical Center. Title to these assets were transferred from the hospital to the county based on a 1992 refunding of the Series 1985, Hospital Revenue Bonds. These assets are reported in the financial statements of the discretely presented Williamson County Hospital District. Chapter 107, Private Acts of 1957, as amended, provides that "the Board of Trustees shall be vested with full, absolute and complete authority and responsibility for the operation, management, conduct and control of the business and affairs of the Hospital District ..."

Primary Government

Governmental Activities:

		Balance 7-1-18		Increases		Decreases	Balance 6-30-19
Capital Assets Not Depreciated: Land	\$	63,355,014	\$	3,693,913	\$	(32,013) \$	67,016,914
Intangible Assets- Indefinite Life		5,875,500		0		0	5,875,500
Construction in Progress		770,172		3,369,334		(265,261)	3,874,245
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	\$	70,000,686	\$	7,063,247	\$	(297,274) \$	76,766,659
Capital Assets Depreciated: Buildings and							
Improvements	\$	195,295,494	\$	597,592	\$	0 \$	195,893,086
Infrastructure		68,021,373		535,911		0	68,557,284
Intangibles		2,307,324		0		0	2,307,324
Other Capital Assets		74,464,738		7,249,746		(1,890,933)	79,823,551
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	\$	340,088,929	\$	8,383,249	\$	(1,890,933) \$	346,581,245
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and							
Improvements	\$	59,405,910	\$	4,627,902	\$	0 \$	64,033,812
Infrastructure		41,793,447		1,210,597		0	43,004,044
Intangibles		1,432,778		386,976		0	1,819,754
Other Capital Assets		45,270,233		5,635,099		(1,797,931)	49,107,401
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	147,902,368	\$	11,860,574	\$	(1,797,931) \$	157,965,011
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	\$	192,186,561	\$	(3,477,325)	\$	(93 002) \$	188,616,234
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Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	262,187,247	\$	3,585,922	\$	(390,276) \$	265,382,893

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government Finance	\$ 1,883,908 182,524
Public Safety Public Health and Welfare	3,835,350 824,216
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services Highways/Public Works	3,108,033 2,026,543
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 11,860,574

<u>Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department</u>

Governmental Activities:

	Balance 7-1-18	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6-30-19
	 7-1-10	Increases	Decreases	0-30-13
Capital Assets Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 48,064,414	\$ 2,465,301	\$ (1,597,712) \$	48,932,003
Construction in Progress	90,861,815	44,551,300	(81,964,945)	53,448,170
Total Capital Assets				_
Not Depreciated	\$ 138,926,229	\$ 47,016,601	\$ (83,562,657) \$	102,380,173
Capital Assets Depreciated: Buildings and				
Improvements	\$ 545,955,087	\$ 78,914,125	\$ 0 \$	624,869,212
Intangibles	756,973	0	0	756,973
Other Capital Assets	 45,836,985	2,378,857	(911,571)	47,304,271
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	\$ 592,549,045	\$ 81,292,982	\$ (911,571) \$	672,930,456
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and				
Improvements	\$ 177,274,199	\$ 13,722,108	\$ 0 \$	190,996,307
Intangibles	756,973	0	0	756,973
Other Capital Assets	 23,613,385	3,357,153	(911,571)	26,058,967
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 201,644,557	\$ 17,079,261	\$ (911,571) \$	217,812,247
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	\$ 390,904,488	\$ 64,213,721	\$ 0 \$	455,118,209
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 529,830,717	\$ 111,230,322	\$ (83,562,657) \$	557,498,382

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the discretely presented Williamson County School Department as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$ 23,679
Support Services	16,907,232
Operation of Non-instructional Services	148,350
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 17,079,261

D. Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2019, Williamson County had uncompleted construction contracts of approximately \$20,795,075 in the General Capital Projects Fund for reroofing and building construction projects. Funding has been received for these future expenditures.

At June 30, 2019, the school department had uncompleted construction contracts of approximately \$38,146,492 in the Education Capital Projects Fund for the school building program. Funding has been received for these future expenditures.

E. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Primary Government:		
General	Fiduciary Funds	\$ 269,374
Rural Debt Service	"	990,124
"	General	76,353
General Debt Service	"	327,423
Nonmajor Governmental	"	18,540

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds are made.

Due to/from Primary Government and Component Unit:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
	Component Unit:	
Primary Government:	School Department:	
Rural Debt Service	General Purpose School	\$ 962,475

Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following amounts:

Primary Government

	Transfers In				
	Highway/ Gene				
				Public	\mathbf{Debt}
		General		Works	Service
Transfers Out		Fund		Fund	Fund
General Capital Projects Fund	\$	6,377	\$	203,148 \$	6,000,000
Fiduciary Funds		28,611		0	0_
Total	\$	34,988	\$	203,148 \$	6,000,000

	Transfers In					
	Rural General				_	
		Debt		Capital		
		Service		Projects		Fiduciary
Transfers Out		Fund		Fund		Funds
General Fund	\$	0	\$	2,796,470	\$	71,845
General Debt Service Fund		0		83,486		0
General Capital Projects Fund		5,300,000		0		2,755,881
Nonmajor governmental funds		0		365,000		0
Total	\$	5,300,000	\$	3,244,956	\$	2,827,726

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

	 Γransfers In	
	General	_
	Purpose	
	School	
Transfers Out	Fund	Purpose
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 331,431	Indirect Costs

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

F. Capital Leases

On July 17, 2018, Williamson County entered into a four-year lease-purchase agreement for the school department for computers. The terms of the agreement require total lease payments of \$279,364 plus interest of 5.99 percent. Lease payments are made from the Rural Debt Service Fund. In the government-wide financial statements, the laptops were expensed in the year of acquisition because those items did not meet criteria of the school department's capitalization policy.

On July 17, 2018, Williamson County entered into a four-year lease-purchase agreement for the school department for computers. The terms of the agreement require total lease payments of \$225,965 plus interest of 5.99 percent. Lease payments are made from the Rural Debt Service Fund. In the government-wide financial statements, the laptops were expensed in the year of acquisition because those items did not meet criteria of the school department's capitalization policy.

Future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental			
June 30		Funds		
2020	\$	137,869		
2021		137,868		
2022		137,868		
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	413,605		
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(46,145)		
Present Value of Minimum				
Lease Payments	\$	367,460		

G. <u>Long-term Debt</u>

Primary Government

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

General Obligation Bonds - Williamson County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for the primary government and the discretely presented school department. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund other general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith, credit, and taxing authority of the government. General obligation bonds were issued for original terms of up to 25 years. Repayment terms are generally structured with increasing amounts of principal maturing as interest requirements decrease over the term of the debt. All bonds included in long-term debt as of June 30, 2019, will be retired from the debt service funds.

<u>Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements</u> — Williamson County also issues capital outlay notes for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and for other capital outlay purchases, such as equipment, for the primary government and the discretely presented school department. Capital outlay notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith, credit, and taxing authority of the government. Capital outlay notes outstanding were issued for original terms of up to one year. Repayment terms are generally structured with increasing amounts of principal maturing as interest requirements decrease over the term of the debt. All capital outlay notes included in long-term debt as of June 30, 2019, will be retired from the General Debt Service Fund.

General obligation bonds and capital outlay notes outstanding as of June 30, 2019, for governmental activities are as follows:

Туре	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Original Amount of Issue	Balance 6-30-19
General Obligation Bonds	1 to 5.75%	4-1-39	\$ 318,680,000 \$	244,395,000
General Obligation Bonds -				
Refunding	1.39 to 5	4-1-34	135,310,000	86,185,000
County District School Bonds	.85 to 5.75	4-1-39	290,740,000	230,415,000
County District School Bonds -				
Refunding	2 to 5	4-1-34	122,610,000	91,420,000
Direct Borrowing and Direct Place	ement:			
Capital Outlay Notes	1.98	12-31-19	10,000,000	10,000,000

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bond, county district school bonds, and capital outlay notes as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments, are presented in the following table:

Year Ending			Bonds		
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 40,690,000	\$	25,893,095	\$	66,583,095
2021	43,475,000		24,628,424		68,103,424
2022	39,530,000		22,717,239		62,247,239
2023	37,995,000		20,935,724		58,930,724
2024	39,110,000		19,118,631		58,228,631
2025-2029	201,750,000		68,633,055		270,383,055
2030-2034	168,575,000		32,103,484		200,678,484
2035-2039	81,290,000		7,769,967		89,059,967
Total	\$ 652,415,000	\$	221,799,619	\$	874,214,619
Year Ending	Not	tes	- Direct Place:	mer	nt
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	10,000,000		140,800		10,140,800
Total	\$ 10,000,000	\$	140,800	\$	10,140,800

There is \$38,902,886 available in the debt service funds to service long-term debt. Bonded debt per capita totaled \$3,562, based on the 2010 federal census. Total debt per capita, including bonds, notes, capital leases, and unamortized debt premiums, totaled \$3,935, based on the 2010 federal census.

Changes in Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Bonds	Capital Leases - Direct Placement	Notes - Direct Placement
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions	\$ 628,710,000 \$ 138,405,000 (114,700,000)	0 \$ 505,329 (137,869)	0 10,000,000 0
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 652,415,000 \$	367,460 \$	10,000,000
Balance Due Within One Year	\$ 40,690,000 \$	115,246 \$	10,000,000

Analysis of Noncurrent Liabilities for Debt Presented on Exhibit A:

Total Noncurrent Liabilities - Debt, June 30, 2019	\$ 662,782,460
Less: Balance Due Within One Year - Debt	(50,805,246)
Add: Unamortized Premium on Debt	 57,977,624
Noncurrent Liabilities - Due in	
More Than One Year - Debt - Exhibit A	\$ 669,954,838

Advance Refunding

On June 20, 2019, Williamson County advance refunded a portion of a general obligation school bond issue with a separate general obligation school bond issue. The county issued \$17,570,000 of general obligation school refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust to generate resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased, and the liability has been removed from the county's long-term debt. Because of the advance refunding, total debt service payments will be reduced by \$2,145,393, and an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$1,824,999 was obtained.

Also on June 20, 2019, Williamson County advance refunded a portion of a county district school bond issue with a separate county district school bond issue. The county issued \$31,740,000 of county district school refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust to generate resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased, and the liability has been removed from the county's long-term debt. Because of the advance refunding, total debt service payments will be reduced by \$3,868,190, and an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$3,302,738 was obtained.

<u>In-Substance Defeasance</u>

On June 20, 2019, Williamson County placed existing resources (local option sales tax) totaling \$14,318,825 into an irrevocable trust to generate resources for future debt service payments of \$15,190,141 on existing school bonds, resulting in an in-substance defeasance and an economic loss of \$1,563,825. The escrow agent for the trust is empowered and required to pay all principal and interest on the defeased bonds as originally scheduled. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the county's financial statements. At June 30, 2019, the following outstanding bonds are considered defeased:

	Amount
County District School Bonds 2014A	\$ 3,000,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B	5,310,000
County District School Bonds 2016C	4,445,000

<u>Arbitrage</u>

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires governmental entities that issue tax-exempt debt subsequent to August 1986 to calculate and rebate arbitrage earnings to the federal government. The U.S. Treasury has issued regulations that define how the rebate should be calculated and reported. Governmental issuers must comply with the rebate regulations in order for their bonds to maintain tax-exempt status. The regulations require the excess of the aggregate amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that would have been earned if the proceeds had been invested at a rate equal to the bond yield to be rebated to the federal government. Rebate payments are due at least once every five years over the life of the bonds. Arbitrage payments totaling \$97,550 were made during the year. Williamson County utilized an independent tax consultant to perform the calculation of the amount of the arbitrage paid.

H. Long-term Obligations

Changes in Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	 Claims and Judgments	Other Postemployment Benefits*	Closure/ Postclosure Care Costs
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions	\$ 9,186,872 51,542,631 (50,744,549)	66,463,418 \$ 10,019,280 (1,682,506)	71,027 1,633 0
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 9,984,954	\$ 74,800,192 \$	72,660
Balance Due Within One Year	\$ 9,984,954	\$ 0 \$	0
		Net Pension Liability - Agent Pension Plan*	Compensated Absences
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions	\$	417,104 \$ 1,901,528 (2,982,081)	3,385,493 3,841,578 (3,404,813)
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	(663,449) \$	3,822,258
Balance Due Within One Year	\$	0 \$	3,822,258

^{*}At June 30, 2019, the Agent Pension Plan had a net asset balance.

Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and pension liability will be paid from the employing funds, primarily the General and Highway/Public Works funds. Landfill closure/postclosure care costs will be paid from the General Capital Projects Fund.

The internal service fund primarily serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for the internal service fund are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, claims and judgments are comprised of the following amounts.

Fund	Amount
Self-Insurance General Highway/Public Works Solid Waste/Sanitation	\$ 7,617,180 1,672,081 366,280 329,413
Total	\$ 9,984,954

Analysis of Noncurrent Liabilities - Long-term Obligations Presented on Exhibit A:

Total Noncurrent Liabilities - Debt, June 30, 2019	\$ 88,680,064
Less: Balance Due Within One Year - Debt	(13,807,212)
No. 10 A Link Para Decision	
Noncurrent Liabilities - Due in	
More Than One Year - Debt - Exhibit A	\$ 74,872,852

<u>Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department</u>

Changes in Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the discretely presented Williamson County School Department for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	C	compensated Absences	Claims and Judgments	Other Postemployment Benefits
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions	\$	1,659,508 \$ 1,915,350 (1,876,506)	750,000 3,243,249 (3,225,303)	\$ 285,570,000 43,037,177 (7,257,263)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,698,352 \$	767,946	\$ 321,349,914
Balance Due Within One Year	\$	254,754 \$	767,946	\$ 0
Additions Reductions Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,915,350 (1,876,506) 1,698,352 \$	3,243,249 (3,225,303) 767,946	 43,037,1 (7,257,2

		Net Pension Liability - Agent
	P	ension Plan*
Balance, July 1, 2018 Additions Reductions	\$	390,767 1,773,632 (2,783,225)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	(618,826)
Balance Due Within One Year	\$	0

^{*}At June 30, 2019, the Agent Pension Plan had a net asset balance.

Analysis of Noncurrent Liabilities Presented on Exhibit A:

Total Noncurrent Liabilities, June 30, 2019	\$ 323,816,212
Less: Due Within One Year	(1,022,700)

Noncurrent Liabilities - Due in
More Than One Year - Exhibit A \$

Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and net pension liability will be paid from the employing funds, primarily the General Purpose School and School Federal Projects funds. Claims and judgments will be paid from the General Purpose School Fund.

322,793,512

I. Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues

In 2018, the citizens of Williamson County voted to increase the local option sales tax rate from 2.25 percent to 2.75 percent. The county, school department, and each incorporated municipality within Williamson County has pledged the additional sales tax collections generated from the increase over the next three years to be used towards Williamson County school purposes, including payment of principal and interest on bonds, notes, or other related indebtedness. For the current year, principal and interest paid and sales tax revenues generated by the increase was \$17,068,825 and \$22,500,629, respectively.

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

Williamson County and the Williamson County School Department have chosen to establish the Self-Insurance Fund for risks associated with the employees' health insurance plans. The Self-Insurance Fund is accounted for as an internal service fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements. The county retains the risk of loss to a limit of \$300,000 per specific loss. The plans do not carry aggregate reinsurance.

All full-time and certain retired employees of the primary government and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are eligible to participate. A premium charge is allocated to each fund that accounts for its employees. This charge is based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior- and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Self-Insurance Fund establishes claim liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities include incremental claim adjustment expenditures/expenses, if any. In addition, estimated recoveries, if any, on settled claims have been deducted from the liability for unpaid claims.

The process used to compute claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current-year Claims and		Balance at Fiscal
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-end
2017-18 2018-19	\$ 7,654,060 \$ 7,167,295	49,109,567 8 49,840,681	\$ (49,596,332) \$ (49,390,796)	7,167,295 7,617,180

Williamson County and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are self-insured for all other risks of loss, including general liability, property, casualty, and workers' compensation. The county carries commercial insurance coverage for any specific loss related to general liability, property, and casualty exceeding \$100,000 up to \$12,000,000 and any specific loss related to workers' compensation exceeding \$250,000 up to \$2,000,000. Claims liabilities are reported as claims and judgments payable in the General, Highway/Public Works, Solid Waste/Sanitation, and the discretely presented General Purpose School funds.

B. <u>Accounting Changes</u>

Provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations; Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements became effective for the year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, Williamson County early implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations establishes accounting and reporting requirements for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs) associated with tangible capital assets. The scope of this statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. In addition, this standard establishes note disclosure requirements for AROs.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements addresses note disclosure requirements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should report when disclosing information related to debt. These required disclosures include direct borrowings and direct placements, unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant acceleration clauses.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period amends paragraphs 5 through 22 of GASB

Statement No. 62. This standard establishes that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense/expenditure. The changes adopted to conform with this standard are to be applied prospectively.

C. Contingent Liabilities

The county and the school department are involved in several pending lawsuits. Attorneys for the county and the school department estimate that the potential claims against the county and the school department not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the county or the school department.

D. Financial Guarantee

Williamson County is contingently liable for certain revenue bonds and loans of the discretely presented Williamson County Hospital District. Williamson County would become liable for these bonds, loans, and the interest thereon, in case of default by the Williamson County Hospital District.

E. Changes in Administration

On August 31, 2018, Sadie Wade left the Office of Register of Deeds and was succeeded by Sherry Anderson.

On January 15, 2019, Jeff Long left the Office of Sheriff and was succeeded by Dusty Rhoades.

On May 20, 2019, Dr. Mike Looney left the Office of Director of Schools and was succeeded by Jason Golden.

F. <u>Landfill Closure/Postclosure Care Costs</u>

Williamson County has active permits on file with the state Department of Environment and Conservation for a sanitary landfill, solid waste transfer station, demolition landfill, and a compost facility. The county has provided financial assurances for estimated closure and postclosure liabilities as required by the State of Tennessee. These financial assurances are on file with the State Department of Environment and Conservation.

State and federal laws and regulations require Williamson County to place a final cover on its sanitary landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the county reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$72,660 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2019, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of

seven percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The county will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and postclosure care of \$965,347 if the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2019. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

G. Joint Ventures

The Williamson County Joint Communication Network Authority is a joint venture formed by an interlocal agreement between Williamson County and the cities of Brentwood and Franklin. The purpose of the authority is to oversee the expansion, maintenance, operation, and access of an 800MHz trunked radio system with the intent to improve emergency dispatch and response throughout Williamson County. It is governed by a nine-member committee, which consists of three representatives from each governmental unit. The authority receives financial support from each of the three government entities that created it. During the year ended June 30, 2019, Williamson County contributed \$1,266,167 to the operations of the Williamson County Joint Communication Authority.

The Cool Springs Conference Center is a joint venture between Williamson County and the City of Franklin. The parties have agreed to share equally all revenues, expenses, and other legal obligations from the operation of the conference center. The county's net investment of \$6,794,625 is reported as an asset in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Position. The county's share of 2018-19 revenues (\$406,059) and expenditures (\$98,610) related to the conference center are included in the county's General Fund. Williamson County and the City of Franklin have contracted with VI/H Franklin Cool Springs, LLC, for the operation and maintenance of the conference center.

The Twenty-first Judicial District Drug Task Force (DTF) is a joint venture formed by an interlocal agreement between the district attorney general of the Twenty-first Judicial District, Williamson, Perry, Lewis, and Hickman counties, and various cities within these counties. The purpose of the DTF is to provide multi-jurisdictional law enforcement to promote the investigation and prosecution of drug-related activities. Funds for the operations of the DTF come primarily from federal grants, drug fines, and the forfeiture of drug-related assets to the DTF. The DTF is overseen by the district attorney general and is governed by a board of directors, including the district attorney general, sheriffs, and police chiefs of participating law enforcement agencies within each judicial district. Williamson County contributed \$71,845 to the DTF for the year ended June 30, 2019, but does not have any equity interest in this joint venture.

Complete financial statements for the Williamson County Joint Communication Network Authority, Cool Springs Conference Center, and the Twenty-first Judicial District Drug Task Force can be obtained from their respective administrative offices at the following addresses:

Administrative Offices:

Williamson County Joint Communication Network Authority Williamson County Office of Accounts and Budgets 304 Beasley Drive, Suite 145 Franklin, TN 37064

Cool Springs Conference Center City of Franklin P.O. Box 305 Franklin, TN 37065-0305

Office of District Attorney General Twenty-first Judicial District Drug Task Force P.O. Box 937 Franklin, TN 37065

H. Retirement Commitments

1. <u>Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS)</u>

Primary Government

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Employees of Williamson County and non-certified employees of the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The primary government employees comprise 51.74 percent, the non-certified employees of the discretely presented school department comprise 48.26 percent of the plan based on contribution data. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Benefits Provided. TCA, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establish the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with five years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit

regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available to vested members at age 55. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits is available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at three percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions plus any accumulated interest.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	890
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving	
Benefits	2,763
Active Employees	2,534
-	
Total	6,187

Contributions. Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute five percent of salary. Williamson County makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer contribution for Williamson County was \$4,544,295 based on a rate of 4.85 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Williamson County's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contributions (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during

the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Williamson County's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases Graded Salary Ranges from 8.72%

to 3.44% Based on Age, Including

Inflation, Averaging 4%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan

Investment Expenses, Including

Inflation

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.25%

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016, actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historic market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major class are summarized in the following table:

	Percentage			
	Long-term Expected Real Rate		Percentage Target	
Asset Class	of Return		Allocations	
U.S. Equity	5.69	%	31	%
Developed Market				
International Equity	5.29		14	
Emerging Market				
International Equity	6.36		4	
Private Equity and				
Strategic Lending	5.79		20	
U.S. Fixed Income	2.01		20	
Real Estate	4.32		10	
Short-term Securities	0.00	_	1	
Total		_	100	%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from Williamson County will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net Pension
		Pension		Fiduciary		Liability
		Liability		Net Position		(Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balance, July 1, 2017	\$	204,696,676	\$	203,888,805	\$	807,871
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	\$	7,093,680	\$	0	\$	7,093,680
Interest		15,099,796		0		15,099,796
Differences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience		200,752		0		200,752
Changes in Assumptions		0		0		0
Contributions-Employer		0		3,490,036		(3,490,036)
Contributions-Employees		0		4,292,661		(4,292,661)
Net Investment Income		0		16,944,923		(16,944,923)
Benefit Payments, Including						
Refunds of Employee						
Contributions		(7,034,609)		(7,034,609)		0
Administrative Expense		0		(243, 246)		243,246
Other Changes		0		0		0
Net Changes	\$	15,359,619	\$	17,449,765	\$	(2,090,146)
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	220,056,295	\$	221,338,570	\$	(1,282,275)

Allocation of Agent Plan Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Total	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Pension	Net	Liability
		Liability	Position	(Asset)
Primary Government	51.74%	\$ 113,857,127	\$ 114,520,576	\$ (663,449)
School Department	48.26%	 106,199,168	106,817,994	(618,826)
Total		\$ 220,056,295	\$ 221,338,570	\$ (1,282,275)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of Williamson County calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were

calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
6.25%	7.25%	8.25%

Net Pension Liability

\$ 28,184,907 \$ (1,282,275) \$ (25,718,159)

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

Pension Expense or Negative Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2019, Williamson County recognized pension expense of \$3,675,160.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2019, Williamson County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows	
		of		of
		Resources		Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	3,382,478	\$	417,992
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan				
Investments		0		1,013,364
Changes in Assumptions		3,482,921		0
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date of June 30, 2018 (1)		4,544,295		N/A
Total	\$	11,409,694	\$	1,431,356

(1) The amount shown above for "Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date of June 30, 2018," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Allocation of Agent Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources
Primary Government	\$	5,867,619	\$	740,583
School Department		5,542,075		690,773
Total	\$	11,409,694	\$	1,431,356

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources, with the exception of contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 2,916,744
2021	1,846,480
2022	(88,714)
2023	759,533
2024	0
Thereafter	0

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

Non-certified Employees

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. As noted above under the primary government, employees of Williamson County and non-certified employees of the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The primary government employees comprise 51.74 percent and the non-certified employees of the discretely presented school department comprise 48.26 percent of the plan based on contribution data.

Certified Employees

Teacher Retirement Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Teachers of the Williamson County School Department with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan is closed to new membership. Teachers with membership in the TCRS after June 30, 2014, are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the Teacher Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reportingand-Investment-Policies.

Benefits Provided. TCA, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establish the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with five years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available to vested members at age 60 or pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits is available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at three percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. Members who leave employment may withdraw their employee

contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions. Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly or by automatic cost controls set out in law. Teachers are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than four percent, except in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Retirement Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$1,006,685, which is 1.94 percent of covered payroll. In addition, employer contributions of \$1,042,481, which is 2.06 percent of covered payroll were made to the Pension Stabilization Reserve Trust Fund to fund future pension costs. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions and the stabilization reserve trust funds, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities (Assets). At June 30, 2019, the school department reported a liability (asset) of (\$2,191,828) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school department's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the school department's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the school department's proportion was 4.832840 percent. The proportion as of June 30, 2017, was 5.082309 percent.

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school department recognized pension expense of \$748,789.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows	
		of		of
		Resources		Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	124,139	\$	87,302
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan				
Investments		0		123,810
Changes in Assumptions		103,404		0
Changes in Proportion of Net Pension				
Liability (Asset)		60,384		52,991
LEA's Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date of June 30, 2018 (1)		1,006,685		N/A
Total	\$	1,294,612	\$	264,103

The school department's employer contributions of \$1,006,685, reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ (15,778)
2021	(19,707)
2022	(37,354)
2023	(5,002)
2024	11,493
Thereafter	90.172

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases Graded Salary Ranges from 8.72%

to 3.44% Based on Age, Including

Inflation, Averaging 4%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan

Investment Expenses, Including

Inflation

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.25%

Mortality rates are based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016, actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historic market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major class are summarized in the following table:

	Percentage			
Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		Percentage Target Allocations	
U.S. Equity	5.69	%	31	%
Developed Market				
International Equity	5.29		14	
Emerging Market				
International Equity	6.36		4	
Private Equity and				
Strategic Lending	5.79		20	
U.S. Fixed Income	2.01		20	
Real Estate	4.32		10	
Short-term Securities	0.00	_	1	
Total		_	100	%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all the LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the school department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the school department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

School Department's		Current	
Proportionate Share of	1%	Discount	1%
the Net Pension	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Liability (Asset)	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 338 858 \$	(2 191 828) \$	(4 056 346)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

Teacher Legacy Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Teachers of the Williamson County School Department with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by LEAs after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reportingand-Investment-Policies.

Benefits Provided. TCA, Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establish the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with five years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available to vested members at age 55. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced ten percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits is available under various eligibility criteria. Member

and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the second of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at three percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions. Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers are required to contribute five percent of their salaries. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by the Williamson County School Department for the year ended June 30, 2019, to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$12,472,650, which is 10.46 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liability (Assets). At June 30, 2019, the school department reported a liability (asset) of (\$12,266,902) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school department's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the school department's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the school department's proportion was 3.485989 percent. The proportion measured at June 30, 2017, was 3.534152 percent.

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school department recognized (negative) pension expense of (\$2,828,550).

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows
		of	of
		Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$	2,479,559	\$ 16,549,021
Changes in Assumptions		7,244,891	0
Net Difference Between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan			
Investments		0	2,669,789
Changes in Proportion of Net Pension			
Liability (Asset)		1,756,979	131,374
LEA's Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date of June 30, 2018		12,472,650	N/A
Total	\$	23,954,079	\$ 19,350,184

The school department's employer contributions of \$12,472,650 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 3,211,660
2021	(3,234,554)
2022	(6,678,924)
2023	(1,166,937)
2024	0
Thereafter	0

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases Graded Salary Ranges from 8.72%

to 3.44% Based on Age, Including

Inflation, Averaging 4%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan

Investment Expenses, Including

Inflation

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.25%

Mortality rates are based actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016, actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historic market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major class are summarized in the following table:

	Percentage			
Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		Percentage Target Allocations	
U.S. Equity	5.69	%	31	%
Developed Market				
International Equity	5.29		14	
Emerging Market				
International Equity	6.36		4	
Private Equity and				
Strategic Lending	5.79		20	
U.S. Fixed Income	2.01		20	
Real Estate	4.32		10	
Short-term Securities	0.00	_	1	
Total		_	100	%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all the LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the school department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the school department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

School Department's		$\operatorname{Current}$		
Proportionate Share of	1%	Discount	1%	
the Net Pension	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
Liability (Asset)	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	

Net Pension Liability \$ 94,561,004 \$ (12,266,902) \$ (100,652,110)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

2. <u>Deferred Compensation</u>

Primary Government

Williamson County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC Section 401(k). All costs of administering and funding these programs are the responsibility of plan participants. The Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k) and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plan.

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

The Williamson County School Department offers its employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC Section 403(b). All costs of administering and funding these programs are the responsibility of plan participants. The Section 457 and the Section 403(b) plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees and are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 457 and 403(b) establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans.

Teachers hired after July 1, 2014, by the school department are required to participate in a hybrid pension plan consisting of a defined benefit portion, which is detailed in the pensions footnote above and is managed by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System, and a defined contribution portion, which is placed into the state's 401(k) plan and is managed by the employee. The defined contribution portion of the plan requires that the school department contribute five percent of each teacher's salary into their deferred compensation plan. In addition, teachers are required to contribute two percent of their salaries into this deferred compensation plan, unless they opt out of the employee portion. During the year the school department contributed \$2,556,413 to this deferred compensation pension plan.

I. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Williamson County and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department provide OPEB benefits to their retirees through a single commercial insurance plan administered by Cigna Insurance Company. For reporting purposes, the plan is considered a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan based on criteria in Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Description. All full-time employees hired prior to July 1, 2009, and eligible retirees of the primary government and the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are eligible to participate in the health insurance plan accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund).

Benefits of the plan and premium requirements of plan members are established and amended by an insurance committee established by the county commission. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. The county develops its own contribution policy in terms of subsidizing active or retired employees' premiums.

Benefits Provided. The plan provides healthcare and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Vision insurance and life insurance are also available through the plan at full cost to the retiree.

An employee hired prior to July 1, 2009, who retires from Williamson County becomes eligible for retiree health coverage upon the earlier of attaining: (1) age 55 with ten continuous years of full-time service and active coverage for one year prior to retirement, or (2) any age with 30 continuous years of full-time service and active coverage for one year prior to retirement. Williamson County pays 80 percent of the costs of benefits. If the retiree is eligible for health and dental insurance coverage, the coverage is also provided for the retiree's spouse and/or dependent children that have had active coverage for one year prior to the employee's retirement. Medicare eligible retirees are automatically enrolled on the Medicare Advantage plan chosen by Williamson County.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the valuation date of June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees Not Fully Eligible	
to Receive Benefits	1,430
Active Employees Entitled to But Not	
Yet Receiving Benefits	664
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	1,134
Total	3,228

Total OPEB Liability

The plan's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level
	percentage of projected salary
Discount Rate	3.5%
Salary Increase Rate	3.5%
Medical Consumer Price	
Index Trend	3.0%
Inflation Rate	3.0%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.5% for dental and administrative fees;
	6.0% for Pre 65 medical/Rx and 5.0% for
	Post Medicare with both rates being
	reduced by 0.5% each year until reaching
	the ultimate trend rate of 4.5%
Retirees Share of Benefit	
Related Cost	20%
Future Participation Rate	95%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 generational table using MP-17
	and applied on a gender-specific basis

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer $20-Bond\ GO$ index.

The actuarial assumptions used for the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on plan data and costs presented by Williamson County with concurrence by the actuary and certain actuarial assumptions from the 2017 Tennessee Consolidated Retirement Plan valuation report.

Changes in Assumptions. The discount rate changed from 3.89 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.5 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Share of Collective Liability				
	Primary		School		Total OPEB
		Government	Department		Liability
Balance July 1, 2018	\$	66,463,418 \$	285,570,000	\$	352,033,418
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost	\$	2,831,313 \$	12,165,050	\$	14,996,363
Interest		2,657,300	11,417,383		14,074,683
Changes in Assumptions		4,537,265	19,454,904		23,992,169
Benefit Payments		(1,689,104)	(7,257,423)		(8,946,527)
Net Changes	\$	8,336,774 \$	35,779,914	\$	44,116,688
Balance June 30, 2019	\$	74,800,192 \$	321,349,914	\$	396,150,106

During the year, the plan members' proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability was as follows: Primary Government 18.88 percent and school department 81.12 percent.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the plan recognized OPEB expense of \$30,471,685, which was allocated as follows: Primary Government (\$5,753,597) and school department (\$24,718,088). At June 30, 2019, the plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Γ	eferred	Deferred
	C	Outflows	Inflows
		of	of
	R	esources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$	0	\$ 0
Changes in Assumptions	17	7,379,343	8,841,379
Benefits Paid After the Measurement Date		0	0
Total	\$ 17	7,379,343	\$ 8,841,379

Allocation of OPEB Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
		of		of
		Resources		Resources
D. C.	Φ.	0.001 200	Φ.	1 000 110
Primary Government	\$	3,281,529	\$	1,669,410
School Department		14,097,814		7,171,969
Total	\$	17,379,343	\$	8,841,379

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources (excluding benefits paid after the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	Primary	School
June 30	Government	Department
2020	\$ 264,466 \$	1,136,173
2021	264,466	1,136,173
2022	$907,\!207$	3,897,464
2023	175,980	756,035
2024	0	0
Thereafter	0	0

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability of the plan members calculated using the discount rate of 3.5 percent, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.5%) or one percentage point higher (4.5%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Primary Government	\$ 90,529,600 \$	74,800,192 \$	62,734,653
School Department	 388,970,400	321,349,914	269,546,347
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 479,500,000 \$	396,150,106 \$	332,281,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability of the plan members calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	Trend	1%		
	Decrease	Rates	Increase		
	3.5 to 5.0%	4.5 to 6.0%	5.5 to 7.0%		
Primary Government	\$ 63,053,158	\$ 74,800,192	\$ 89,751,933		
School Department	270,914,842	321,349,914	385,629,067		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 333,968,000	\$ 396,150,106	\$ 475,381,000		

J. Office of Central Accounting, Budgeting, and Purchasing

Williamson County operates under provisions of the Fiscal Control Acts of 1957. These acts provide for a central system of accounting, budgeting, and purchasing covering all funds administered by the county mayor and the highway superintendent. These funds are maintained in the Office of Central Accounting, Budgeting, and Purchasing under the supervision of the director of accounts and budgets. Williamson County also operates under provisions of the Williamson County Budget Act, Chapter 56, Private Acts of 2001.

K. Purchasing Laws

Offices of County Mayor and Highway Superintendent

Purchasing procedures for these offices are governed by provisions of the County Purchasing Law of 1957, Section 5-14-101, et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA)*. Purchasing procedures for the highway department are also governed by provisions of the Uniform Road Law, Section 54-7-113, *TCA*. These statutes require that purchase orders be issued for all purchases and that sealed bids be solicited on purchases exceeding \$25,000 for the Offices of

County Mayor and Highway Superintendent. Additionally, the county commission requires three quotes for purchases over \$10,000.

Office of Director of Schools

Purchasing procedures for the discretely presented Williamson County School Department are governed by purchasing laws applicable to schools as set forth in Section 49-2-203, *TCA*, which provides for the county Board of Education, through its executive committee (director of schools and chairman of the Board of Education), to make all purchases. This statute also requires competitive bids be solicited through newspaper advertisement on all purchases exceeding \$25,000.

L. Subsequent Events

On November 15, 2019, Williamson County issued the following debt: General Obligation Public Improvement and School Bonds in the amount of \$75,100,000 for various county projects, the school building program, and to retire a bond anticipation note; and County District School Bonds in the amount of \$49,780,000 to fund various projects in the school building program.

VI. <u>OTHER NOTES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED WILLIAMSON COUNTY</u> HOSPITAL DISTRICT

A. Nature of operations

Organization — Williamson County Hospital District operates under the name of Williamson Medical Center and is a general, short-term, acute care hospital organized as a political subdivision of Williamson County, Tennessee. The medical center constitutes a component unit of the county, which is considered the primary government unit. The Williamson County Commission adopted a resolution in 1992, in conjunction with acquiring title to the property and equipment of the district, giving the district complete authority and responsibility to manage and operate the medical center as provided in Chapter 107 of the Private Act of 1957, passed by the Tennessee legislature. The county is financially accountable as it appoints a voting majority of the district's Board of Trustees, and the full faith and credit of the county is pledged for payment of principal and interest on the outstanding hospital revenue and tax bonds.

The primary mission of the medical center is to provide inpatient and outpatient health care services to citizens of Williamson County and surrounding areas. The medical center also provides ambulance services in Williamson County.

Williamson Medical Center Foundation is a tax-exempt organization, which was established in 2003. The foundation was formed to coordinate the fundraising and development activities of the medical center, which is the sole

member of the organization. The activities of the foundation are reflected in the operating, nonoperating revenues (expenses) and capital grants and contributions as they relate to the foundation in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. All assets of the foundation, other than unconditional promises to give, are shown as part of assets limited as to use in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. No contributions to the foundation were used for capital purposes, and thus all contributions during 2019 were classified as operating activities.

The medical center follows the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* As a result, the foundation is included in the accompanying financial statements as a discretely presented component unit of the medical center.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present both Williamson Medical Center and its discretely presented component unit (collectively referred to as the reporting entity).

Financial statements for the discretely presented individual component unit may be obtained at the following address:

Williamson Medical Center 4321 Carothers Parkway Franklin, TN 37067

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The medical center utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis, which is an economic resources measurement focus approach to accounting. In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre–November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. GASB Statement No. 62 makes the GASB Accounting Standards Codification the sole source of authoritative accounting technical literature for governmental entities in the United States of America. In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Net Position. GASB Statements No. 62 and No. 63 were effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The medical center considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts maintained in bank deposits and overnight repurchase agreements, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or are otherwise collateralized as required by state statutes.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories consist principally of medical and pharmaceutical supplies and are stated at the lower of cost, determined on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis, or market (net realizable value).

Assets Limited as to Use — Assets limited as to use include cash and investments designated by the Board of Trustees for future capital improvements and debt repayment, over which the board retains control and may at its discretion use for other purposes; cash and investments from county bond proceeds to be used for capital improvements; and restricted cash and investments from donors through the foundation. Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

Property and Equipment – Property and equipment are recorded at cost. The medical center capitalizes purchases that cost a minimum of \$5,000 and have a useful life greater than two years. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows: land improvements two to 25 years; buildings generally 40 years; fixed equipment five to 20 years; and major movable equipment three to 20 years. Assets under capital leases are included in property and equipment, and the related amortization and accumulated amortization is included in depreciation and amortization expense and accumulated depreciation and amortization, respectively. The medical center reviews the carrying values of long-lived assets if facts and circumstances indicate that recoverability may have been impaired. Costs of maintenance and minor repairs are expensed as incurred. Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

<u>Investment in Joint Ventures</u> – Investments in joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and the medical center recognizes its proportionate share in the results of the underlying activities of the joint ventures.

Excess Consideration Provided for Acquisition – The medical center evaluates excess consideration provided for acquisition for impairment on an annual basis or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. In the event excess consideration provided for acquisition is considered to be impaired, a charge to earnings would be recorded during the period in which management makes such impairment assessment. The excess consideration provided for acquisition is amortized over 10 years on a straight-line basis in accordance with GASB No. 69, Governmental Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations.

<u>Accrual for Compensated Absences</u> – The medical center recognizes an expense and accrues a liability for compensated future employee absences in the period in which employees' rights to such compensated absences are earned. Compensated absences consist of paid days off, including holiday, vacation, and sick days to qualifying employees.

Patient Service Revenue – The medical center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the medical center at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per-diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The medical center is exposed to various risks of loss from medical malpractice; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased for claims arising from such matters. The medical center is self-insured for employee medical and other health care benefit claims and judgments as discussed Note VI.O.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The medical center and its blended component unit are classified as an organization exempt from federal income taxes as it is a political subdivision of Williamson County. The foundation is classified as an organization exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Net Position – The medical center's net position is classified in three components. The *net investment in capital assets* consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the remaining balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The *restricted net position* is the noncapital net position that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or contributors external to the medical center, including amounts related to county contributions and bond indebtedness restricted for specific purposes. The *unrestricted net position* is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted. The medical center first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. As of June 30, 2019, the medical center did not have a permanently or temporarily restricted net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses – The medical center's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with providing health care services, the medical center's principal activity. Nonexchange revenues, including grants and contributions received by the medical center for purposes other than capital asset acquisition, are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide health care services, other than financing costs.

<u>Charity Care</u> — The medical center accepts all patients, regardless of their ability to pay. A patient is classified as a charity patient by reference to certain established policies of the medical center. In assessing a patient's inability to pay, the medical center utilizes generally recognized poverty income levels. Because the medical center does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, charges related to charity care are not included in net patient service revenue. These costs are estimated based on the ratio of total costs to gross charges. In addition to these charity care services, the medical center provides a number of other services to benefit underprivileged patients for which little or no payment is received, including providing services to TennCare and state indigent patients and providing various public health education, health evaluation, and screening programs.

Contributed Resources – The medical center receives grants from the county, as well as from individuals and private organizations through the foundation. Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts received by the medical center that are unrestricted or that are restricted for specific operating purposes are reported as nonoperating income (expenses). Amounts received by the foundation that are unrestricted or that are restricted for specific operating purposes are reported as operating revenues. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported as other increases in net position.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement - In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective clauses. This accounting standard is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The medical center adopted this standard at the beginning of fiscal year 2019. The adoption of this accounting standard did not have a material impact on the medical center's financial statements.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Performance Indicator</u> – Excess of revenues over expenses reflected in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is a performance indicator.

<u>Events Occurring After Reporting Date</u> – The medical center has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the date the financial statements were available to be issued for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

C. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, fair value accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity including quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1), or significant other observable inputs (Level 2), and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (Level 3). The medical center does not have any fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) as of June 30, 2019. All of the medical center's investments are classified as Level 1 under the hierarchy above.

<u>Financial Assets</u> – The carrying amount of financial assets, consisting of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and current portions of long-term debt and capital lease obligations approximate their fair value due to their relatively short maturities. Long-term debt and capital lease obligations are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Non-financial Assets – The medical center's non-financial assets, which include property and equipment, are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. However, if certain triggering events occur, or if an annual impairment test is required, and the medical center is required to evaluate the non-financial instrument for impairment, a resulting asset impairment would require that the non-financial asset be recorded at the fair value. During the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no triggering events that prompted an asset impairment test of the medical center's non-financial assets. Accordingly, the medical center did not measure any non-recurring, non-financial assets or recognize any amounts in earnings related to changes in fair value for non-financial assets for the year ended June 30, 2019.

D. <u>Net Patient Service Revenue</u>

A significant portion of the amount of services provided by the medical center is to patients whose bills are paid by third-party payors such as Medicare, TennCare, and private insurance carriers.

A reconciliation of the amount of services provided to patients at established rates to net patient service revenue as presented in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is as follows:

Gross Patient Service Charges	\$ 774,955,077
Less:	
Medicare Contractual Adjustments	(240,587,212)
TennCare Contractual Adjustments	(34,455,478)
Other Contractual Adjustments	(246, 116, 039)
Bad Debt	(16,216,369)
Charity Care	 (483,167)
Net Patient Service Revenue	\$ 237,096,812
Net patient accounts receivable consists of the following:	
Commercial and Managed Care Plans	\$ 17,230,050
Medicare	6,238,549
TennCare	877,588
Patients, Including Self-Insured	15,065,715
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(11,173,944)
Total	\$ 28,237,958

E. <u>Third-party Reimbursement Programs</u>

The medical center renders services to patients under contractual arrangements with the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Effective January 1, 1994, the Medicaid program in Tennessee was replaced with TennCare, a managed-care program designed to cover previous Medicaid-eligible enrollees, as well as other previously uninsured and uninsurable participants.

Amounts earned under these contractual arrangements are subject to review and final determination by fiscal intermediaries and other appropriate governmental authorities or their agents. Activity with respect to audits and reviews of governmental programs and reimbursement has increased and is expected to increase in the future. No additional reserves or allowances have been established with regard to these increased audits and reviews as management is not able to estimate such amounts. In the opinion of management, any adjustments, which may result from such audits and reviews, will not have a material impact on the financial statements; however, due to the uncertainties involved, it is at least reasonably possible that management's estimates will change in the future. In addition, participation in these programs subjects the medical center to significant rules and regulations; failure to adhere to such could result in fines, penalties, or expulsion from the programs.

The Medicare program pays for inpatient services on a prospective basis. Payments are based upon diagnostic-related group assignments, which are determined by the patient's clinical diagnosis and medical procedures utilized.

The Medicare program reimburses for outpatient services under a prospective method utilizing an ambulatory payment classification system, which classifies outpatient services based upon medical procedures and diagnosis codes.

The medical center contracts with various managed care organizations under the TennCare program. TennCare reimbursement for both inpatient and outpatient services is based upon prospectively determined rates and per-diem amounts.

Net patient service revenue related to Medicare and TennCare was approximately \$72,546,000 and \$4,821,000, respectively, in 2019.

The medical center has also entered into reimbursement agreements with certain commercial insurance companies, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for reimbursement under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, perdiem rates, case rates, and discounts from established charges.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) established incentive payments under the Medicare and Medicaid programs for hospitals that implemented "meaningful use" certified electronic health record (EHR) technology. In order to receive incentive payments, a hospital that is able to meet the meaningful use criteria must attest that during the EHR reporting period, the hospital used certified EHR technology and specify the technology used, satisfied the required meaningful use objectives and associated measures for the applicable stage, and must also specify the EHR reporting period and provide the result of each applicable measure for all patients admitted to the inpatient or emergency department of the hospital during the EHR reporting period for which a selected measure is applicable. A hospital may receive an incentive payment for up to four years, provided it successfully demonstrates meaningful use of certified EHR technology for the EHR reporting period. Hospitals that adopt a certified EHR system and are meaningful users can begin receiving incentive payments in any federal fiscal year from 2011 (October 1, 2010 – September 30, 2011) to 2015; however, the incentive payments will decrease for hospitals that first start receiving payments in federal fiscal year 2014 or 2015.

F. Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use consist of the following:

By Board for Capital Improvements:	\$ 35,682,537
By Board for Bond Principal and Interest Payments:	
Cash	3,309,063
By Donors:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,011,773
Investments	 2,553,023
Total Assets Limited as to Use	\$ 42,556,396

Balances consist of cash and mutual funds and an investment in real estate at June 30, 2019. The mutual funds are held by the foundation, which is a discretely presented component unit of the medical center and a 501(c)(3) organization. Amounts are classified as noncurrent assets to the extent they are not expected to be used to satisfy current obligations.

Amounts classified as current assets will be used to make bond principal and interest payments. All assets limited as to use relating to the primary enterprise at June 30, 2019, are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, registered or otherwise collateralized by the financial institution through the State of Tennessee Collateral Bank Pool. See Note VI.O. for additional information related to the medical center's risks with respect to its investments.

G. Property and Equipment

The major classifications and changes in property and equipment, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	7-1-18	Additions	Retirements	6-30-19
Land	\$ 13,599,755	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ $13,\!599,\!755$
Land Improvements	2,442,942	0	0	2,442,942
Building and Improvements	202,111,882	52,392,771	0	254,504,653
Equipment	113,082,252	9,523,484	0	$122,\!605,\!736$
Equipment Under				
Capital Leases	15,238,516	0	0	15,238,516
Subtotal	\$ 346,475,347	\$ 61,916,255	\$ 0	\$ 408,391,602
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
and Amortization	(177, 180, 780)	(12,654,645)	0	(189, 835, 425)
Add: Construction in Progress	 16,245,844	45,684,236	(58,738,445)	3,191,635
Total	\$ 185,540,411	\$ 94,945,846	\$ (58,738,445)	\$ 221,747,812

The construction in progress at June 30, 2019, consists primarily of various projects related to road work construction surrounding the hospital, department expansions, and various renovations. Estimated costs to complete these projects amount to approximately \$2,500,000 at June 30, 2019.

H. Investments in Joint Ventures

The medical center has an investment in Shared Hospital Services, Inc. (S.H.S.), which provides laundry and linen services. This investment is in a joint venture in which the medical center owns approximately seven percent at June 30, 2019. Equity earnings are distributed based upon tons of laundry processed by S.H.S.

The medical center paid S.H.S. approximately \$593,000 for laundry services for 2019.

The medical center has a 49 percent ownership interest in Vanderbilt Health and Williamson Medical Center Clinics and Services, LLC (VHWMCCS). VHWMCCS owns and operates two primary care, walk-in clinics located in Williamson County, Tennessee.

The medical center has a 20 percent ownership interest in Williamson Imaging, LLC, doing business as Cool Springs Imaging, LLC.

Summary information for the joint ventures as of June 30, 2019, and for the year then ended, is as follows:

Total Assets	\$_	28,179,000
Total Liabilities	\$	6,942,000
Net Revenues	\$	41,596,000
Net Earnings	\$	6,106,000

Medical Center's Interest:

Investment in Joint Ventures	\$ 15,841,284
Equity in Earnings of Joint Ventures	\$ 1,236,043

Financial statements for the joint ventures can be obtained from their respective administrative offices at the following addresses:

Shared Hospital Services, Inc. 641 Mainstream Drive Nashville, TN 37228

Vanderbilt Health and Williamson Medical Center Clinics and Services, LLC 512 Autumn Springs Court, Suite C Franklin, TN 37067

Cool Springs Imaging, LLC 2000 Richard Jones Rd Century Plaza, Suite 720 Nashville, TN 37215

I. Williamson County Ambulance Service

Pursuant to terms of an agreement with the county, which has been and may continue to be renewed annually upon agreement by both parties, the medical center controls and operates the Williamson County Ambulance Service. In accordance with this agreement, the county made unrestricted donations to the medical center of \$1,943,624 in 2019, which is included in nonoperating income in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the medical center received an additional \$760,021 from the county in order to reimburse the medical center for the purchase of ambulances. This amount is included within nonoperating income in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The agreement also provides for the medical center to return all related assets (as defined) of the Ambulance Service to the county at the end of the contract period. The net book value of assets related to the Ambulance Service was \$1,694,486 at June 30, 2019.

J. Long-term Debt

A schedule of changes in the medical center's long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within
•	7-1-18	Additions	Reductions	6-30-19	One Year
General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds					
	\$ 13,265,000 \$	0 \$	(1,845,000) \$	11,420,000	\$ 1,915,000
3.005% Note					
Payable to Bank	3,526,071	0	(373,290)	3,152,781	3,152,781
2.90% Note					
Payable to Bank	3,128,959	0	(248, 343)	2,880,616	2,880,616
4.5% Note					
Payable to Bank	138,785	0	(138,785)	0	0
General obligation School					
and Public Improvemen					
Bonds, Series 2013	24,025,000	0	(1,055,000)	22,970,000	1,110,000
Premium on Series					
2013 Bonds	1,707,727	0	(109,587)	1,598,140	109,587
2.2% Note payable					
to bank	1,681,115	0	(246,022)	1,435,093	257,567
2.4% Note payable					
to bank	4,705,236	0	(4,705,236)	0	0
2.2% Note payable					
to bank (2016)	2,713,687	0	(176,807)	2,536,880	189,456
Revolving Line of					
Credit Loan	0	10,000,000	0	10,000,000	10,000,000
2.2% Note					
payable to bank	0	18,175,635	0	18,175,635	878,505
General Obligation Public					
Improvement and School	l				
Bonds, Series 2018	0	41,795,000	0	41,795,000	1,290,000
Premium on Series					
2018 Bonds	0	3,205,000	(104,656)	3,100,344	156,984
Total	\$ 54,891,580	\$ 73,175,635 \$	(9,002,726) \$	119,064,489	\$ 21,940,496

In June 2012, the county issued \$17,780,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A. The Series 2012A Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from two to four percent and are due through May 1, 2025. The trust indentures related to the Bonds contain certain covenants and restrictions, involving the issuance of additional debt and income available for debt service.

In November 2013, the county issued \$30,000,000 in General Obligation School and Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013 for the purpose of funding the Vanderbilt Pediatrics Clinic expansion project pursuant to a resolution of the county commission. The bonds were issued at a premium resulting in future principal payments of \$27,790,000. The bond premium totaling \$2,210,000 is amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the term of the bonds. The Series 2013 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from three percent to five percent and are due through May 1, 2034.

In October 2018, the county issued \$45,000,000 in General Obligation Public Improvement and School Bonds, Series 2018. The bonds were issued at a premium resulting in future principal payments of \$41,795,000. The bond premium in the amount of \$3,205,000 is amortized as a reduction to interest

expense over the term of the bonds. The Series 2018 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.75 percent to five percent and are due through April 1, 2039.

The bonds discussed above provide for certain events of default to include failure to pay obligations, failure to observe and perform covenants, making false representations or defaulting under other loan agreements. In the event of default, all amounts due under the loans may become immediately due and payable. The full faith and credit of Williamson County, Tennessee, is irrevocably pledged to pay principal, redemption premiums, if any, and interest on all bonds. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenues to be derived from the operation of the medical center. The bond agreements also contain provisions allowing ad valorem taxes to be levied and collected by Williamson County, Tennessee, on all taxable property within Williamson County should funds from the medical center be insufficient to pay amounts due under the loans.

The medical center also issues notes payable to finance certain property and equipment additions. The 3.005 percent note payable to bank represents amounts drawn under a \$7.5 million construction loan, which converted to a term loan on December 1, 2008, and was amended again in November 2016 to extend monthly principal and interest payments of \$39,628 through November 2019. This loan is secured by security interests in accounts receivable, excluding Medicare payments. The 2.9 percent note payable to bank was amended in April 2017 and is payable in monthly amounts of principal and interest of \$28,062 through March 2020 with all outstanding principal and interest payments due in April 2020 and is secured by certain accounts receivable of the medical center. The amendment also increased the interest rate from 2.7 percent to 2.9 percent. The 2.46 percent note payable to bank secured by certain personal property of the medical center and the 1.44 percent note payable to bank secured by accounts receivable were refinanced in June 2016 with the 2.4 percent note payable. The 2.4 percent note payable to bank is payable in monthly principal and interest payments of \$135,595 based on a 5-year amortization and was set to mature in June 2019. The 2.4 percent note payable was refinanced in June 2019 with the 3.2 percent note payable. The 3.2 percent note payable to bank is payable in monthly principal and interest payments of \$127,273 based on a 15-year amortization and matures in July 2022. The 3.2 percent note payable to bank contains a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Medical Center is unable to make payment. The 4.5 percent note payable to the bank was payable in monthly amounts of principal and interest of \$20,390 through February 2019 and is secured by the medical center's deposit accounts and security interest in accounts receivable, excluding Medicare payments. The 2.2 percent note payable to bank is payable in monthly principal and interest payments of \$23,902 based on a 20-year amortization, and matures on October 9, 2020. In November 2017, the interest rate was adjusted to an annual rate equal to 1.3 basis points in excess of the weekly average yield on United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of three years. The interest rate will never exceed 3 percent and all outstanding principal and interest is due on October 9, 2020. The loan is secured by the encumbering property. The 2.2 percent note payable to bank (2016) is payable in monthly principal and interest of \$20,236 through April 2031 and is secured by the encumbering property.

In March 2018, the medical center entered into a revolving line of credit loan with a bank in the amount of \$10,000,000. The revolving loan bears interest at a variable rate of prime rate as stated in the Wall Street Journal minus 1.2 percent. There were no borrowings made on the revolving loan during 2018. In March 2019, the medical center borrowed the entire \$10,000,000 on the revolving loan. There were no unused lines of credit as of June 30, 2019. The entire unpaid principal balance and all accrued interest was paid by the medical center on July 1, 2019.

The debt service requirements at June 30, 2019, related to long-term debt are as follows:

	Principal Maturities or	
Year Ending	Sinking Fund	
June 30	Requirements	Interest
	-	
2020	\$ 21,940,496	\$ 3,621,000
2021	7,130,594	3,318,000
2022	$6,\!214,\!454$	3,070,000
2023	20,712,253	2,384,000
2024	5,568,064	2,156,000
2025-2029	20,630,834	8,219,000
2030-2034	22,052,170	4,099,000
2035-2039	14,815,624	950,000
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Total	\$ 119,064,489	\$ 27,817,000

The medical center did not capitalize any interest relating to construction projects in 2019.

Further detail of future maturities and interest of long-term debt by issue is as follows:

Year Ending	County Bonds					
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
						_
2020	\$	4,581,571	\$	2,901,000	\$	7,482,571
2021		4,771,571		2,723,000		7,494,571
2022		4,996,571		2,518,000		7,514,571
2023		5,221,571		2,302,000		7,523,571
2024		5,361,571		2,120,000		7,481,571
2025-2029		19,082,835		8,162,000		27,244,835
2030-2034		22,052,170		4,099,000		26,151,170
2035-2039		14,815,626		951,000		15,766,626
						_
Total	\$	80,883,486	\$	25,776,000	\$	106,659,486
						_
Year Ending			N	otes to Banks		
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$	17,358,925	\$	720,000	\$	18,078,925
2021		2,359,023		595,000		2,954,023
2022		1,217,883		552,000		1,769,883
2023		15,490,682		82,000		15,572,682
2024		206,493		36,000		242,493
2025-2026		1,547,997		56,000		1,603,997
Total	\$	38,181,003	\$	2,041,000	\$	40,222,003

K. Other Receivables

Other current and long-term receivables at June 30, 2019, include receivables from certain physicians and donors and miscellaneous non-patient receivables. Receivables from certain physicians, which were made as part of the medical center's recruitment program to attract physicians to the medical center's service area totaled \$249,644 at June 30, 2019. Under terms of the related agreements, such receivables will be forgiven over a period of time, generally over three years, as long as the physician continues to practice in the area. The medical center is amortizing these loans over the physicians' service commitments. Contributions receivable totaled \$757,244 at June 30, 2019. The foundation solicits pledges of support from board members and others for contributions to be used for specific purposes. The pledges are discounted when recorded to reflect the present value of expected future collections due after one year.

Contributions receivable are reported as restricted net assets in the accompanying financial statements and are scheduled to be received as follows:

	 2019
Receivables in Less than a Year	\$ 958,000
Receivables in One to Five Years	180,000
	\$ 1,138,000
Less Allowance for Uncollectible Pledges	(222,000)
Less Discounts	 (158,756)
Total	\$ 757,244

L. <u>Employees Retirement Plan</u>

Tax sheltered annuity program

The medical center participates in a tax-sheltered annuity program for substantially all of its employees who have one or more years of service, more than 1,000 scheduled hours, and have attained the age of 21. The Plan is a defined contribution plan and is administered by Tanner & Associates, Inc. Benefits expense includes approximately \$2,569,000 in 2019 related to the medical center's share of expenses for contributions and service charges on tax-sheltered annuities for covered employees. The medical center's contribution percentage is seven percent of covered wages for physicians and ten percent of covered wages for executives as of June 30, 2019. The medical center also matches executives up to two percent of compensation, administrative and nonphysician department heads up to nine percent of compensation and all other employee contributions up to five percent of compensation. Employees may make voluntary contributions so long as the total amount contributed by the employee does not exceed 25 percent of the employee's wages or maximum amounts as provided by law. Employees are always 100 percent vested in their contributions. Physicians, certain members of management, and employees hired prior to January 1, 2018, are 100 percent vested in employer matching contributions. Employees hired after January 1, 2018, are 100 percent vested after three years of service. Forfeitures related to the nonvested portion of employer contributions are used to pay Plan expenses and reduce employer contributions. The Board of Trustees of the medical center have the authority to amend the terms of the plan at any time. The plan's investments at June 30, 2019, consist of various mutual fund and fixed income investments.

Deferred compensation plan

Effective September 1, 2016, the medical center implemented a physician call pay plan. The medical center made contributions to the plan of approximately \$935,000 during 2019. The plan had assets of approximately \$1,628,000 and a liability of approximately \$1,667,000 at June 30, 2019. The assets are included in other assets and the liability is included in other long-term liabilities on the accompanying statements of net position.

<u>Defined contribution plans</u>

The medical center has two defined contribution plans including the Bone and Joint Institute of Tennessee 403(b) Plan and the Bone and Joint Institute of Tennessee 457 Plan which were each effective May 1, 2018. The 403(b) Plan and the 457 Plan are administered by the American United Life Insurance Company. Contributions are made to employees who meet the eligibility requirements. Prior to January 1, 2019, certain employees who worked more than 20 hours per week were eligible for the 403(b) Plan and immediately vested in all contributions. Effective January 1, 2019, the 403(b) Plan was restated and amended as a safe harbor plan, requiring an employee entering the plan after December 31, 2018 to be at least 21 years of age and have obtained 1,000 hours of service to receive the safe harbor and discretionary matching contributions. Participants are 100 percent vested in safe harbor matching contributions and become 100 percent vested after three years in discretionary matching contributions. Certain highly compensated employees are eligible to contribute to the 457 Plan and are immediately vested in all contributions. The 403(b) Plan includes an employer match up to five percent of eligible compensation. Employee benefits expense, as presented on the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, includes approximately \$560,000 relating to the medical center's expense for the 403(b) Plan and the 457 Plan for 2019. Forfeitures related to the nonvested portion of employer contributions are used to pay Plan expenses and reduce employer contributions. The Board of Trustees of the medical center have the authority to amend the terms of the Plan at any time. The plan's investments consist of various mutual fund and fixed income investments.

M. Functional Expenses

The following is a summary of management's functional classification of operating expenses:

Healthcare Services	\$ 123,648,242
General and Administrative	125,307,845_
Total	\$ 248,956,087

N. Leases

The medical center leases equipment and office space under operating lease agreements. Future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending	Operating
June 30	Leases
2020	\$ 2,288,000
2021	2,046,000
2022	1,843,000
2023	 1,442,000
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 7,619,000

Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$2,449,306.

The medical center generates rental income primarily from operating leases of two medical office buildings. Rental revenue was \$1,498,189 in 2019 and is included in other revenue.

Approximate future minimum rental revenue under noncancellable leases at June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 1,731,000
2021	1,635,000
2022	1,026,000
2023	363,000
2024	1,072,000
2025 and later years	 1,078,000
Total	\$ 6,905,000

Future minimum rental payments generally include minor annual increases for inflation.

O. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Medical malpractice liability is limited under provisions of the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (Section 29-20-403, et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated*), which removed tort liability from governmental entities which, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, includes the medical center. In addition to requiring claims to be made in conformance with this act, special provisions include, but are not limited to, special notice of requirements imposed upon the claimant, a one-year statute of limitations, and a provision requiring the governmental entity to purchase insurance or to be self-insured within certain limits. This act also prohibits a judgment or award exceeding the minimum amounts of insurance coverage set out in the act (\$300,000 for bodily injury or death of any one person and \$700,000 in the aggregate for all

persons in any one accident, occurrence, or act) or the amount of insurance purchased by the governmental entity.

The medical center maintains commercial insurance on a claims-made basis for medical malpractice liabilities. Insurance coverages are \$1 million per claim and \$3 million in the aggregate annually with a deductible of \$100,000 per claim. In addition, the medical center maintains an annual aggregate excess liability policy. Management intends to maintain such coverages in the future. During the past five fiscal years, no settlements of malpractice claims have exceeded insurance coverage limits.

There are known incidents occurring through June 30, 2019, that have resulted in the assertion of claims, although other claims may be asserted, arising from services provided to patients in the past. Management of the medical center is of the opinion that such liability, if any, related to these asserted claims will not have a material effect on the medical center's financial position. No amounts have been accrued for potential losses related to unreported incidents or reported incidents, which have not yet resulted in asserted claims, as the medical center is not able to estimate such amounts.

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government health care program participation requirements, reimbursement for patient services, Medicare fraud and abuse, and, most recently under the provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, matters related to patient records, privacy, and security. Recently, government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations by health care providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

The medical center is self-insured for medical and other health care benefits provided to its employees and their families. The medical center maintains reinsurance through a commercial excess coverage policy, which covers annual individual employee claims paid in excess of \$100,000 for the plan year. Contributions by the medical center and participating employees are based on actual claims experience. A provision for estimated incurred but not reported claims has been provided in the accompanying financial statements. Expenses under this program totaled approximately \$10,767,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The medical center is exposed to risks related to its cash and investments, a portion of which is included in assets limited as to use, although certain risks such as credit risk are mitigated due to the medical center's practice of

maintaining investments primarily in cash and cash equivalents. The medical center's investment policy includes certificates of deposit, bank demand and savings accounts, and investment vehicles of the United States government. The medical center is subject to investment rate risk, the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment; however, the medical center's cash and investments are short-term in nature. The medical center's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk, the risk that in the event of failure of a counterparty to a transaction, the medical center will not be able to recover the value of the investment or any collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party, or concentration of credit risk, the risk that the amount of investments the medical center has with any one issuer exceeds five percent of its total investment. State statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105 percent of the values of the uninsured deposits. The deposits must be covered by federal depository insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the medical center's agent in the medical center's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third party agents. Statutes also require that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the amount of funds invested in the repurchase transaction. Substantially all of the medical center's cash and assets limited as to use are held in institutions, which participate in the Tennessee Bank collateral pool.

Management continues to implement policies, procedures, and compliance overview of organizational structure to enforce and monitor compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and other government statutes and regulations. The medical center's compliance with such laws and regulations is subject to future government review and interpretations, as well as regulatory actions, which are unknown or unasserted at this time.

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) have implemented a Recovery Audit Contractors (RAC) program. The purpose of the program is to reduce improper Medicare payments through the detection and recovery of overpayments. CMS has engaged subcontractors to perform these audits, and they are being compensated on a contingency basis based on the amount of overpayments that are recovered. While management believes that all Medicare billings are proper and adequate support is maintained, certain aspects of Medicare billing, coding and support are subject to interpretation and may be viewed differently by the RAC auditors. The medical center has not recorded any potential losses as of June 30, 2019; however, the amount of actual losses incurred could differ materially from this estimate.

In March 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act was signed into law, along with the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (collectively, the "Affordable Care Act"). The passage of the Affordable Care Act has resulted in comprehensive reform of legislation that is expected to expand health care coverage to millions of currently uninsured people beginning in 2014 and provide for significant changes to the U.S. health care system over

the next ten years. To help fund this expansion, the Affordable Care Act outlines certain reductions in Medicare reimbursements for various health care providers, as well as certain other changes in Medicare payment methodologies. This comprehensive health care legislation provides for extensive future rulemaking by regulatory authorities, and also may be altered or amended.

Due to the complexity of the Affordable Care Act, lack of current implementation regulations and interpretive guidance, and response by CMS and other participants in the health care industry to the choices available under the law, it is difficult for the medical center to predict the full impact of the law on the medical center's operations. Additionally, pending legislative proposals, which may be adopted, may affect the medical center. The provisions of the legislation and other regulations implementing the provisions of the Affordable Care Act may materially impact the medical center through increased costs, decreased revenues, and additional exposure to potential liability.

VII. <u>OTHER NOTES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED WILLIAMSON COUNTY</u> EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS DISTRICT

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General Information — On May 15, 1984, the Tennessee state legislature approved the Tennessee Emergency Communications District Law (Acts 1984, Ch. 867), which enables a county, upon approval by voters, to create a district to provide local emergency telephone service. Subsequently, on March 11, 1988, the Williamson County Commission approved resolution number 3-88-7, which established a district for its county, the Williamson County Emergency Communications District (the "district"). As provided by the Act, the district operates as a governmental organization through the directives of a seven-member board of directors and provides enhanced 911 emergency telephone service for its service area. The Williamson County Commission at its February 14, 2005, meeting added an eighth representative seat with the new director to be appointed from within the corporate limits of Franklin. The directors serve without compensation for terms of four years.

<u>Financial Reporting Entity - Component Unit</u> – The district is a component unit of the primary government of Williamson County, Tennessee. The district reports its financial information separately from Williamson County; however, the county in its financial report also presents the district's financial information.

Legally, the district is a separate governmental entity that has considerable legal, financial, and administrative autonomy. However, as the governing board is not elected but instead is entirely appointed by the Williamson County Mayor and approved by the Williamson County Commission, the district cannot be a primary government. Instead, it qualifies as a component unit

according to the directives of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

GASB specifies that component units must be legally separate organizations, which have financial accountability to a primary government. Financial accountability exists prima facie if a special-purpose government is not fiscally independent. GASB states that to be fiscally independent, the government has to have the authority to do all of three activities. Two of these are to issue bonded debt without approval by another government and to levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by another government. By Section 7-86-114, Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA), before issuing negotiable bonds, the district must have approval of the legislative body of a county wherein a district is established. It also must have approval before making purchase contracts, lease agreements, and notes payable of over five years' duration. In addition, the Williamson County Commission has the ability to adjust the district's service charges. Because the district is both a legal entity and financially accountable to the primary government of Williamson County as the county commission approves all members of the governing board and by the nature of its fiscal dependence on Williamson County as described above, it is a component unit of Williamson County.

At June 30, 2019, there were no related party receivables and \$379,094 was due to Williamson County. The district did not engage in any activities that were subject to the approval of Williamson County.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> – The financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a component unit of Williamson County, the accounts of the district are organized on the basis of a proprietary fund type, specifically an enterprise fund. The activities of this fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the district's assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses. Enterprise funds account for activities (i) that are financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity; or (ii) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (iii) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

The district does not have the authority to levy or collect taxes but is supported instead by the fees collected from telephone subscribers who benefit from the availability of its service. It recovers the cost of providing its services from its customers. Consequently, the district functions in a manner similar to a private business enterprise and utilizes the accrual method of accounting. Income is recognized as it is earned, and expenses are recognized as they are incurred, whether or not cash is received or paid out at that time.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the district is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the district are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets plus net deferred outflows net of total liabilities and net deferred inflows) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, and unrestricted components. As of June 30, 2019, the district had no debt that related to the aforementioned categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the district's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Cash Flow - Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The district presents its cash flow statement using the direct method. For purposes of cash flow presentation, the district considers cash in operating bank accounts, cash on hand, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash and cash equivalents. At June 30, 2019, there were no certificates of deposit that qualified as cash equivalents.

<u>Budgetary Law and Practice</u> – The treasurer of the district files an annual budget with the mayor of Williamson County in accordance with *TCA*, Title 7, Chapter 86, Part 1. In March of each year, the treasurer presents a preliminary budget to the board of directors, which is then discussed and amended as necessary for approval by the board.

The budget for operations is prepared on the modified-cash receipts and disbursements basis by line-item accounts. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected, and disbursements are budgeted in the year that the disbursement is expected to occur.

Equipment – Equipment is stated at cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available and depreciated from two to ten years by the straight-line method of depreciation. The district defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property are sold or retired, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss is included as nonoperating revenue or loss. At June 30, 2019, the district did not own any equipment that met the threshold for capitalization.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Use of Facilities</u> – The district conducts its operations in the Williamson County government's office building at no cost to the district. The measurement of the contribution from Williamson County is not considered material for disclosure as in-kind support and as an expense in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses – The district's operating revenues and expenses consist of revenues earned and expenses incurred relating to the operation and maintenance of its principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses and consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

<u>Reclassifications</u> – Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements in order to conform to the current year presentation.

B. Cash and Certificates of Deposit Investments

State statutes authorize the district to make investments in bonds, notes, or treasury bills of the United States, Federal Land Bank bonds, Federal Home Loan Bank notes and bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association notes and debentures, banks for cooperative debentures, or any of its other agencies, or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any of its agencies with a maturity not greater than one year, or in the pooled investment fund established under Tennessee law. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the board of directors chose to limit the investment of funds to certificates of deposits at banks. Cash reserves for operations were held in bank checking and savings accounts.

Cash – At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of cash deposits and cash on hand was \$1,765,496, and the bank balance was \$1,765,496 as listed below. The district follows state statutes requiring all deposits with financial institutions to be secured by one of two methods. One method involves financial institutions that participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the state treasurer. The Tennessee Bank Collateral pool is a multiple financial institution collateral pool to which member financial institutions holding public funds pledge collateral securities. In the event any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral pool becomes available to satisfy the claims of governmental entities. The pool also has the ability to make additional assessments on a pro rata basis to the members of the pool if the value of collateral is inadequate to cover a loss. At June 30, 2019, the entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance, or by collateral held in the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool.

		June 30, 2019		
	Interest	Carrying	Bank	
Cash Accounts	Rate	Amount	Balance	
Franklin Synergy Bank Checking	1.01%	\$ 1,675,151 \$	1,675,151	
Franklin Synergy Bank Money Market	1.24	90,345	90,345	
Total		\$ 1,765,496 \$	1,765,496	

<u>Certificates of Deposit</u> – At June 30, 2019, the district held the following certificates of deposit:

Bank	Maturity	Interest		Amount
Franklin Synergy Bank	12-09-19	2.80	% \$	250,000
Franklin Synergy Bank	12-09-19	2.80		250,000
Franklin Synergy Bank	12-09-19	2.80		250,000
Franklin Synergy Bank	10-03-19	2.78		250,000
				_
Total			\$	1,000,000

The certificates of deposit are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool and are shown at their fair value.

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets are summarized as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	 7-1-18	Additions	Deductions	6-30-19
Capital Assets, being Depreciated-				
Communications Equipment	\$ 10,124	\$ 0	\$ (10,124) \$	0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (10,124)	0	10,124	0
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	0

D. Risk Management

The district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district is covered under insurance policies maintained by Williamson County. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

E. Related-party Transactions

Williamson County provides dispatch employees and certain services to the district. The district and the county signed an interlocal contract effective from July 1, 1998, to June 30, 1999, that automatically renews each year unless one party notifies the other in writing within 60 days prior to the commencement of the new fiscal year. The expenses, which are primarily salaries, employee benefits, and services, are billed to the district quarterly and are included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as contracts with government agencies. Amounts paid and accrued to the county during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 are summarized below:

	Due to			Due to
	County			County
	6-30-18	Expense	Paid	6-30-19
Contract with government agencies				
Salaries and benefits		\$ 2,235,218	\$ 1,899,781	\$ 335,437
Technology equipment		55,366	55,366	0
Total contracts with government agencies		2,290,584	1,955,147	335,437
Training		43,657	0	43,657
Maintenance agreement	\$ 45,696	22,848	68,544	0
Total	\$ 45,696	\$ 2,357,089	\$ 2,023,691	\$ 379,094

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Exhibit F-1

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Based on

Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS

Primary Government

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	5,487,696 \$	\$	5,559,981	\$	5,936,041	\$	6,321,989	\$	7,093,680
Interest		11,100,084		11,780,321		12,788,888		14,019,186		15,099,796
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience		(2,507,952)		1,360,207		3,316,248		1,665,523		200,752
Change of Assumptions		0		0		0		5,224,383		0
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(4,683,009)		(5,481,560)		(5,776,480)		(6,269,802)		(7,034,609)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	9,396,819 \$	\$	13,218,949	\$	16,264,697	\$	20,961,279	\$	15,359,619
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		144,854,932		154,251,751		167,470,700		183,735,397		204,696,676
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	154,251,751 \$	\$	167,470,700	\$	183,735,397	\$	204,696,676	\$	220,056,295
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - Employer	\$	5,483,272 \$	P	4,679,182	Φ	5,081,850	Φ	3,266,805	Ф	3,490,036
1 0	Ф	3,303,197	₽	3,394,129	Φ	3,688,472	Φ	, ,	Φ	, ,
Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income		, ,		, ,		, ,		4,030,237		4,292,661
		23,546,181		5,187,493		4,675,744		20,712,058		16,944,923
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(4,683,009)		(5,481,560)		(5,776,480)		(6,269,802)		(7,034,609)
Administrative Expense		(84,247)		(113,559)		(175,266)		(214,469)		(243,246)
Other	Φ.	0	Th.	0	Ф	46,600	Ф	12,856		0
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Ф	27,565,394 \$		7,665,685	ф	.,,	\$,,	\$	17,449,765
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	_	139,579,121		167,144,515		174,810,200		182,351,120		203,888,805
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$	167,144,515	\$	174,810,200	\$	182,351,120	\$	203,888,805	\$	221,338,570
Net Pension Liability (Asset), Ending (a - b)	\$	(12,892,764) \$	\$	(7,339,500)	\$	1,384,277	\$	807,871	\$	(1,282,275)
Plan Fiduciany Not Position as a Paycontage of Total Pancian Lightlity		108.36%		104.38%		99.25%		99.61%		100.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	Ф		ja.		Ф				ው	
Covered Payroll	\$	66,063,529 \$	P	67,487,335	Ф	73,441,452	Ф	,,	\$	85,750,185
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(19.52)%		(10.88)%		1.88%		1.00%		(1.50)%

Note: Ten years of data will be presented when available.

Note: The agent plan is a single plan reported under one account with the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System. This plan covers employees of the primary government and non-certified employees of the discretely presented school department.

Exhibit F-2

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Contributions Based on Participation in the Public
Employee Pension Plan of TCRS
Primary Government
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially Determined Contribution Less Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 5,483,272	\$ 4,679,182	\$ 5,081,850 \$	3,266,805	\$ 3,490,036 \$	4,544,295
Actuarially Determined Contribution	 (5,483,272)	(4,679,182)	(5,081,850)	(3,266,805)	(3,490,036)	(4,544,295)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	0	\$ 0 \$	0
Covered Payroll	\$ 66,063,529	\$ 67,487,335	\$ 73,441,452 \$	80,666,395	\$ 85,750,185 \$	93,696,600
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.30%	6.93%	6.92%	4.05%	4.07%	4.85%

Note: Ten years of data will be presented when available.

Note: The agent plan is a single plan reported under one account with the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System. This plan covers employees of the primary government and non-certified employees of the discretely presented school department.

Exhibit F-3

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Contributions Based on Participation in the Teacher

Retirement Plan of TCRS

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually Required Contribution Less Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 358,890	\$ 820,704	\$ 1,334,286	\$ 688,716	\$ 1,006,685
Contractually Required Contribution	 (358,890)	(820,704)	(1,334,286)	(1,689,328)	(1,006,685)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (1,000,612)	\$ 0
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,972,207	\$ 20,517,553	\$ 33,087,857	\$ 42,233,270	\$ 50,654,268
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.00%	4.00%	4.03%	4.00%	1.94%

Exhibit F-4

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Contributions Based on Participation in the Teacher
Legacy Pension Plan of TCRS
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually Required Contribution Less Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 11,316,956	\$	11,506,530 \$	11,461,882 \$	11,293,719 \$	11,083,774 \$	12,472,650
Contractually Required Contribution	 (11,316,956)	((11,506,530)	(11,461,882)	(11,293,719)	(11,083,774)	(12,472,650)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0 8	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Covered Payroll	\$ 127,443,200	\$ 1	127,284,800 \$	126,790,914 \$	125,002,293 \$	122,067,884 \$	119,245,600
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.88%		9.04%	9.04%	9.03%	9.08%	10.46%

Exhibit F-5

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
in the Teacher Retirement Plan of TCRS
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018
School Department's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	4.229148%	4.663044%	5.082309%	4.832840%
School Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (173,723) \$	(485,438) \$	(1,340,890) \$	(2,191,828)
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,972,207 \$	20,517,553 \$	33,087,857 \$	42,233,270
School Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	(1.94)%	(2.37)%	(4.05)%	(5.19)%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	127.46%	121.88%	126.81%	126.97%

Exhibit F-6

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
in the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan of TCRS
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
School Department's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	3.246967%	3.400148%	3.512405%	3.534152%	3.485989%
School Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (527,617) \$	1,392,817 \$	21,950,582 \$	(1,156,317) \$	(12,266,902)
Covered Payroll	\$ 127,443,200 \$	127,284,800 \$	126,790,914 \$	125,002,293 \$	122,067,884
School Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	(0.41)%	1.09%	17.31%	(0.93)%	(10.05)%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.08%	99.81%	97.14%	100.14%	101.49%

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Single-Employer Defined Benefit Plan Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

2018	2019
\$ 14,362,107 \$	14,996,363
14,000,959	14,074,683
0	0
0	0
(18, 135, 371)	23,992,169
(7,508,000)	(8,946,527)
\$ 2,719,695 \$	44,116,688
349,313,723	352,033,418
\$ 352,033,418 \$	396,150,106
\$ 66,463,418 \$	74,800,192
285,570,000	321,349,914
\$ 23,028,017 \$	19,376,264
98,942,414	83,242,578
288.62%	386.04%
288.62%	386.04%
\$	\$ 14,362,107 \$ 14,000,959 0 0 (18,135,371) (7,508,000) \$ 2,719,695 \$ 349,313,723 \$ 352,033,418 \$ 285,570,000 \$ 23,028,017 \$ 98,942,414 288.62%

Note 1: Ten years of data will be presented when available.

Note 2: Changes in assumptions. Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2017 3.58% 2018 3.89% 2019 3.50%

Note 3: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates for fiscal year 2019 were calculated based on the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed (Not to Exceed 20 Years)

Remaining Amortization

Period Varies by Year

Asset Valuation 10-Year Smoothed Within a 20%

Corridor to Market Value

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases Graded Salary Ranges from 8.72% to

3.44% Based on Age, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, Net of Investment Expense,

Including Inflation

Retirement Age Pattern of Retirement Determined by

Experience Study

Mortality Customized Table Based on Actual

Experience Including an Adjustment for

Some Anticipated Improvement

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.25%

Changes of Assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.5 to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4 percent; and modified the mortality assumptions.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund</u> – The Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund is used to account for transactions of Williamson County's recycling and solid waste collection.

<u>Drug Control Fund</u> – The Drug Control Fund is used to account for revenues received from drug-related fines, forfeitures, and seizures.

<u>Constitutional Officers - Fees Fund</u> — The Constitutional Officers - Fees Fund is used to account for operating expenses paid directly from the fee and commission accounts of the trustee, clerks, register of deeds, and sheriff.

Williamson County, Tennessee Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Specia	al Revenue Fund	s	
$\underline{ ext{ASSETS}}$	_	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Constitu - tional Officers - Fees	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Property Taxes Receivable Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	\$	575 \$ 6,828,819 167,908 18,540 4,291,741 (23,243)	0 \$ 302,015 0 0 0 0	16,476 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	17,051 7,130,834 167,908 18,540 4,291,741 (23,243)
Total Assets	\$	11,284,340 \$	302,015 \$	16,476 \$	11,602,831
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts Payable Claims and Judgments Payable Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others Total Liabilities	\$	553 \$ 329,413 0 329,966 \$	0 \$ 0 0 0 \$	0 \$ 0 16,476 16,476 \$	553 329,413 16,476 346,442
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Current Property Taxes Deferred Delinquent Property Taxes Other Deferred/Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES	\$	4,199,332 \$ 63,166 47,500 4,309,998 \$	0 \$ 0 0 0 \$	0 \$ 0 0 0 \$	4,199,332 63,166 47,500 4,309,998
Restricted: Restricted for Public Safety Committed: Committed for Public Health and Welfare Total Fund Balances	\$	0 \$ 6,644,376 6,644,376 \$	302,015 \$ 0 302,015 \$	0 \$ 0 0 \$	302,015 6,644,376 6,946,391
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	11,284,340 \$	302,015 \$	16,476 \$	11,602,831

Williamson County, Tennessee
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Spec	cial Revenue Fun	ds	Capital Projects Fund	
		Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Total	Education Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Local Taxes	\$	4,122,402 \$	0 \$	4,122,402	0 \$	4,122,402
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		0	162,073	162,073	0	162,073
Charges for Current Services		2,469,733	0	2,469,733	0	2,469,733
Other Local Revenues		988,162	2,574	990,736	0	990,736
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		0	13,350	13,350	0	13,350
Total Revenues	\$	7,580,297 \$	177,997 \$	7,758,294	0 \$	7,758,294
Expenditures Current:						
Public Safety	\$	0 \$	71,442 \$	71,442	0 \$	71,442
Public Health and Welfare	т	5,014,822	0	5,014,822	0	5,014,822
Other Operations		991,199	0	991,199	0	991,199
Capital Projects		0	0	0	505,329	505,329
Total Expenditures	\$	6,006,021 \$	71,442 \$	6,077,463	505,329 \$	6,582,792
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	\$	1,574,276 \$	106,555 \$	1,680,831	(505,329) \$	1,175,502
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Capital Leases Issued	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	505,329 \$	505,329
Transfers Out	ψ	(365,000)	0	(365,000)	ο ουσ,σ2 <i>σ</i> φ	(365,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(365,000) \$	0 \$	(365,000)		
Not Change in Fund Palances	ф.	1 200 270 Ф	100 555 0	1 21 5 22 1 4		1 915 991
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,209,276 \$	106,555 \$	1,315,831	0 \$ 0	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		5,435,100	195,460	5,630,560	0	5,630,560
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	6,644,376 \$	302,015 \$	6,946,391	0 \$	6,946,391

Exhibit G-3

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual (GAAP Basis)	Less: Encumbrances 7/1/2018	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2019	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	Budgeted Ar Original	mounts Final	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Local Taxes	\$	4,122,402 \$	0 \$	0 \$	4,122,402 \$	3,820,157 \$	3,820,157 \$	302,245
Charges for Current Services	*	2,469,733	0	0	2,469,733	2,030,000	2,030,000	439,733
Other Local Revenues		988,162	0	0	988,162	269,550	269,550	718,612
State of Tennessee		0	0	0	0	0	42,504	(42,504)
Total Revenues	\$	7,580,297 \$	0 \$	0 \$	7,580,297 \$	6,119,707 \$	6,162,211 \$	1,418,086
Expenditures Public Health and Welfare Sanitation Management Other Operations	\$	5,014,822 \$	(294,006) \$	396,599 \$	5,117,415 \$	5,309,879 \$	5,645,183 \$	527,768
Other Charges		507,302	0	1,817	509,119	544,000	544,000	34,881
Employee Benefits		483,897	0	0	483,897	529,404	529,404	45,507
Total Expenditures	\$	6,006,021 \$	(294,006) \$	398,416 \$	6,110,431 \$	6,383,283 \$	6,718,587 \$	608,156
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	\$	1,574,276 \$	294,006 \$	(398,416) \$	1,469,866 \$	(263,576) \$	(556,376) \$	2,026,242
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		/··			((
Transfers Out	\$	(365,000) \$. , , , .	0 \$	(365,000) \$	0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	(365,000) \$	0 \$	0 \$	(365,000) \$	0 \$	(365,000) \$	0
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	1,209,276 \$ 5,435,100	294,006 \$ (294,006)	(398,416) \$	1,104,866 \$ 5,141,094	(263,576) \$ 5,139,793	(921,376) \$ 5,139,793	2,026,242 1,301
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	6,644,376 \$	0 \$	(398,416) \$	6,245,960 \$	4,876,217 \$	4,218,417 \$	2,027,543

Exhibit G-4

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget

Drug Control Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Actual				Variance
			-			Revenues/				with Final
	Actual	_	Less:	Add:		Expenditures				Budget -
	(GAAP			Encumbrances		(Budgetary		Budgeted Amounts		Positive
	Basis)		7/1/2018	6/30/2019		Basis)		Original	Final	(Negative)
Revenues										
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$ 162,073	\$	0 \$	0	\$	162,073	\$	36,000 \$	125,236 \$	36,837
Other Local Revenues	2,574		0	0		2,574		0	0	2,574
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	13,350		0	0		13,350		0	0	13,350
Total Revenues	\$ 177,997	\$	0 \$	0	\$	177,997	\$	36,000 \$	125,236 \$	52,761
Expenditures Public Safety										
Drug Enforcement	\$ 71,442	\$	(1,610) \$	30,135	\$	99,967	\$	112,000 \$	201,236 \$	101,269
Total Expenditures	\$ 71,442	\$	(1,610) \$	30,135	\$	99,967	\$	112,000 \$	201,236 \$	101,269
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	\$ 106,555	\$	1,610 \$	(30,135)	\$	78,030	\$	(76,000) \$	(76,000) \$	154,030
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$ 106,555 195,460	\$	1,610 \$ (1,610)	(30,135) 0	\$	78,030 193,850	\$	(76,000) \$ 178,420	(76,000) \$ 178,420	154,030 15,430
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 302,015	\$	0 \$	(30,135)	\$	271,880	\$	102,420 \$	102,420 \$	169,460

Major Governmental Funds

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>General Debt Service Fund</u> – The General Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Rural Debt Service Fund</u> – The Rural Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs specifically issued for schools outside the territorial boundaries of the Franklin Special School District.

General Capital Projects Fund

The General Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Exhibit H-1

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget
General Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Variance with Final Budget - Positive				
		Actual	Budgeted A Original	Final	(Negative)	
		Actual	Originai	гшаг	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Local Taxes	\$	33,247,718 \$	31,132,463 \$	31,132,463 \$	2,115,255	
Other Local Revenues	Ψ	2,533,163	770,000	770,000	1,763,163	
State of Tennessee		380,438	350,000	350,000	30,438	
Federal Government		689,924	749,275	749,275	(59,351)	
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		421,228	463,625	741,228	(320,000)	
Total Revenues	\$	37,272,471 \$	33,465,363 \$	33,742,966 \$	3,529,505	
Total nevenues	Ψ	στ,2τ2,4τ1 φ	ου, 100,000 φ	θθ,142,000 ψ	0,020,000	
Expenditures						
Principal on Debt						
General Government	\$	12,745,000 \$	15,645,000 \$	12,745,000 \$	0	
Education	Ψ	13,850,000	13,850,000	13,850,000	0	
Interest on Debt		10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	•	
General Government		6,047,558	6,947,000	6,047,558	0	
Education		7,729,058	7,446,000	7,729,058	0	
Other Debt Service		1,120,000	1,110,000	1,120,000	· ·	
General Government		743,859	690,000	870,000	126,141	
Education		194,437	0	197,546	3,109	
Total Expenditures	\$	41,309,912 \$	44,578,000 \$	41,439,162 \$	129,250	
Total Expelicitures	Ψ	41,000,012 φ	44,070,000 φ	41,400,102 φ	123,200	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	\$	(4,037,441) \$	(11,112,637) \$	(7,696,196) \$	3,658,755	
P		() / / -	() // 1	(1)111/11/11		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Refunding Debt Issued	\$	17,570,000 \$	0 \$	17,570,000 \$	0	
Premiums on Debt Sold	•	3,604,409	0	3,604,409	0	
Transfers In		6,000,000	10,605,253	5,217,249	782,751	
Transfers Out		(83,486)	0	(83,486)	0	
Payments to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent		(20.976,863)	0	(20.976,863)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	6,114,060 \$	10,605,253 \$	5,331,309 \$	782,751	
	<u> </u>	0,1111,000 q	,, +	σ,σσ=,σσσ φ	,	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,076,619 \$	(507,384) \$	(2,364,887) \$	4,441,506	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	•	20,563,640	17,402,899	17,402,899	3,160,741	
, . .			,	, ,	· · ·	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	22,640,259 \$	16,895,515 \$	15,038,012 \$	7,602,247	
•	=					

Exhibit H-2

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget
Rural Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance with Final Budget -
			Budgeted A		Positive
		Actual	Original	Final	(Negative)
Revenues					
Local Taxes	\$	21,640,071 \$	20,019,272 \$	20,019,272 \$	1,620,799
Other Local Revenues	Ψ	481,621	75.000	75.000	406,621
Federal Government		1,021,325	1,030,413	1,030,413	(9,088)
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		22,899,812	20,000,000	23,179,653	(279,841)
Total Revenues	\$	46,042,829 \$	41,124,685 \$	44,304,338 \$	1,738,491
Total revenues	Ψ	40,042,020 ψ	41,124,000 φ	41,001,000 ψ	1,700,401
Expenditures Principal on Debt					
Education	\$	32,842,869 \$	17,200,000 \$	32,842,869 \$	0
Interest on Debt					
Education		15,254,274	12,821,000	$15,\!254,\!275$	1
Other Debt Service					
Education		835,104	460,000	915,510	80,406
Total Expenditures	\$	48,932,247 \$	30,481,000 \$	49,012,654 \$	80,407
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	Ф	(0.000 410) @	10.049.005.0	(4.700.91 <i>a</i>)	1.010.000
Over Expenditures	\$	(2,889,418) \$	10,643,685 \$	(4,708,316) \$	1,818,898
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Refunding Debt Issued	\$	31,740,000 \$	0 \$	31,740,000 \$	0
Premiums on Debt Sold	Ψ.	4,861,667	0	4,861,667	0
Transfers In		5,300,000	5,561,314	5,300,000	0
Payments to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent		(36,396,157)	0	(36,396,157)	0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	5,505,510 \$	5,561,314 \$	5,505,510 \$	0
	<u> </u>	//- T	/ /- - -	·//- *	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,616,092 \$	16,204,999 \$	797,194 \$	1,818,898
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		13,646,535	13,300,452	13,300,452	346,083
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	16,262,627 \$	29,505,451 \$	14,097,646 \$	2,164,981

Exhibit H-3

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget
General Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Budgete	ed 2	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Actual		Original		(Negative)		
Davianus								
Revenues Local Taxes	\$	13,290,376 \$	Ŀ	0	\$	13,290,376	Ф	0
Other Local Revenues	Φ	20,384,082	Р	0	φ	7,570,634	Φ	12,813,448
Federal Government		29,679		0		29,679		12,013,440
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		7,350,010		0		5,582,221		1,767,789
Total Revenues	\$	41,054,147 \$			\$		\$	14,581,237
Total Revenues	Ψ	41,004,147 ¢	Р		ψ	20,472,310	ψ	14,001,201
Expenditures Capital Projects								
General Administration Projects	\$	4,494,462 \$	Ŀ	5,592,224	œ	26,420,882	Ф	21,926,420
Public Safety Projects	φ	12,776,461	Р	14,688,111	φ	30,045,263	φ	17,268,802
Public Health and Welfare Projects		952,268		3,481,823		9,822,483		8,870,215
Social, Cultural, and Recreation Projects		6,946,979		6,500,516		16,053,616		9,106,637
Other General Government Projects		17,500		943,938		1,534,968		1,517,468
Highway and Street Capital Projects		665,266		6,386,658		6,462,164		5,796,898
Education Capital Projects		539,719		0		539,719		0
Capital Projects - Donated		,		_		,		_
Capital Projects Donated to School Department		72,244,468		0		72,244,468		0
Total Expenditures	\$	98,637,123 \$	3		\$		\$	64,486,440
•		·						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	\$	(57,582,976) \$	3	(37,593,270)	\$	(136,650,653)	\$	79,067,677
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bonds Issued	\$	89,095,000 \$	R	0	\$	89,095,000	\$	0
Notes Issued	Ψ	10,000,000	۲	0	Ψ	10,000,000	Ψ	0
Premiums on Debt Sold		7,177,541		0		7,177,542		(1)
Transfers In		3,244,956		0		3,244,956		0
Transfers Out		(14,265,406)		0		(14,265,406)		0
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	95,252,091 \$	S		\$	95,252,092	\$	(1)
	<u>T</u>	+			т_	,,	r	(1)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	37,669,115 \$	3	(37,593,270)	\$	(41,398,561)	\$	79,067,676
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		65,833,590		65,833,590	•	65,833,590	•	0
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	103,502,705 \$	3	28,240,320	\$	24,435,029	\$	79,067,676

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the county in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Cities - Sales Tax Fund</u> – The Cities - Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the second half of the sales tax revenues collected inside incorporated cities of the county. These revenues are received by the county from the State of Tennessee and forwarded to the various cities on a monthly basis.

<u>Cities - Property Tax Fund</u> – The Cities - Property Tax Fund is used to account for the property taxes of the City of Nolensville, City of Brentwood, City of Franklin, and the Town of Thompson's Station. These collections are remitted to each city and town monthly.

<u>Cities Adequate Facilities Tax Fund</u> – The Cities Adequate Facilities Tax Fund is used to account for various cities' share of adequate facilities tax collected by the county. These collections are remitted to the cities on a monthly basis.

<u>Special School District Fund</u> – The Special School District Fund is used to account for the Franklin Special School District's share of education revenues collected by the county that must be apportioned between the county and special school district on an average daily attendance basis and property taxes assessed on parcels that lie within the Franklin Special School District. These collections are remitted to the special school district on a monthly basis.

<u>Judicial District Drug Fund</u> – The Judicial District Drug Fund is used to account for state grants and other restricted revenues that are held in trust for the benefit of the judicial district drug task force.

<u>District Attorney General Fund</u> – The District Attorney General Fund is used to account for restricted revenue held in trust for the benefit of the Office of District Attorney General.

<u>Constitutional Officers - Agency Fund</u> – The Constitutional Officers - Agency Fund is used to account for amounts collected in an agency capacity by the county clerk, circuit and general sessions courts clerk, juvenile court clerk, clerk and master, register of deeds, and sheriff. Such collections include amounts due the state, cities, other county funds, litigants, heirs, and others.

Other Agency Fund – The Other Agency Fund is used to account for a special litigation tax levied by Chapter 9, Private Acts of 1957, as amended. Proceeds of the tax must be expended for the benefit of the county's law library under the control of the Williamson County Governmental Library Commission.

Exhibit I-1

Williamson County, Tennessee Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

				A	Age	ncy Funds				
		Cities - Sales Tax	Cities - Property Tax	Special School District		Judicial District Drug	District Attorney General	Constitu- tional Officers - Agency	Other Agency	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash	\$	0 \$	0 \$	3 0	\$	7,281 \$	0	\$ 15,255,102 \$	0 \$	15,262,383
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		0	58,664	668,145		653,560	$125,\!276$	0	16,346	1,521,991
Accounts Receivable		0	0	0		0	0	195,850	0	195,850
Due from Other Governments		12,491,446	0	1,000,977		0	0	0	0	13,492,423
Property Taxes Receivable		0	0	12,433,633		0	0	0	0	12,433,633
Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	_	0	0	(50,117)		0	0	0	0	(50,117)
Total Assets	\$	12,491,446 \$	58,664	3 14,052,638	\$	660,841 \$	125,276	\$ 15,450,952 \$	16,346 \$	42,856,163
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Due to Other Funds	\$	990,124 \$	0 \$	3 0	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 269,374 \$	0 \$	1,259,498
Due to Other Taxing Units		11,501,322	58,664	14,052,638		0	0	0	0	25,612,624
Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others		0	0	0		88,610	125,276	15,181,578	16,346	15,411,810
Due to Joint Ventures	_	0	0	0		572,231	0	0	0	572,231
Total Liabilities	\$	12,491,446 \$	58,664	3 14,052,638	\$	660,841 \$	125,276	\$ 15,450,952 \$	16,346 \$	42,856,163

Williamson County, Tennessee
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and
Liabilities - All Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Cities - Sales Tax Fund				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments	\$ 0 11,907,200	\$ 71,994,246 12,491,446	\$ 71,994,246 11,907,200	\$ 0 12,491,446
Total Assets	\$ 11,907,200	\$ 84,485,692	\$ 83,901,446	\$ 12,491,446
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Funds Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 913,502 10,993,698	\$ 990,124 83,495,568	\$ 913,502 82,987,944	\$ 990,124 11,501,322
Total Liabilities	\$ 11,907,200	\$ 84,485,692	\$ 83,901,446	\$ 12,491,446
Cities - Property Tax Fund				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 75,141	\$ 34,277,260	\$ 34,293,737	\$ 58,664
Total Assets	\$ 75,141	\$ 34,277,260	\$ 34,293,737	\$ 58,664
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 75,141	\$ 34,277,260	\$ 34,293,737	\$ 58,664
Total Liabilities	\$ 75,141	\$ 34,277,260	\$ 34,293,737	\$ 58,664
Cities Adequate Facilities Tax Fund				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 0	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 0
Total Assets	\$ 0	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 0
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 0	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 0
Total Liabilities	\$ 0	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 1,973,500	\$ 0
Special School District Fund				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments Property Taxes Receivable Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	\$ 577,362 1,004,138 13,002,084 (68,694)	\$ 40,298,796 1,000,977 12,433,633 (50,117)	\$ 40,208,013 1,004,138 13,002,084 (68,694)	\$ 668,145 1,000,977 12,433,633 (50,117)
Total Assets	\$ 14,514,890	\$ 53,683,289	\$ 54,145,541	\$ 14,052,638
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 14,514,890	\$ 53,683,289	\$ 54,145,541	\$ 14,052,638
Total Liabilities	\$ 14,514,890	\$ 53,683,289	\$ 54,145,541	\$ 14,052,638

Exhibit I-2

Williamson County, Tennessee Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds (Cont.)

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance
Judicial District Drug Fund								
Assets Cash Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	9,220 1,302,588	\$	7,281 286,987	\$	9,220 936,015	\$	7,281 653,560
Total Assets	\$	1,311,808	\$	294,268	\$	945,235	\$	660,841
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others Due to Joint Ventures	\$	448,097 863,711	\$	130 294,138	\$	359,617 585,618	\$	88,610 572,231
Total Liabilities	\$	1,311,808	\$	294,268	\$	945,235	\$	660,841
<u>District Attorney General Fund</u> <u>Assets</u> Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	138,773	\$	37,770	\$	51,267	\$	125,276
Total Assets	\$	138,773	\$	37,770	\$	51,267	\$	125,276
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others Total Liabilities	\$	138,773 138,773	\$	37,770 37,770	\$	51,267 51.267	\$ \$	125,276 125,276
Constitutional Officers - Agency Fund	<u> </u>	100,770	Ψ	31,,10	Ψ	31,201	Ψ	120,210
Assets Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	11,967,220 106,530	\$	81,658,228 195,850	\$	78,370,346 106,530	\$	15,255,102 195,850
Total Assets	\$	12,073,750	\$	81,854,078	\$	78,476,876	\$	15,450,952
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Funds Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others	\$	443,141 11,630,609	\$	269,374 81,584,704	\$	443,141 78,033,735	\$	269,374 15,181,578
Total Liabilities	\$	12,073,750	\$	81,854,078	\$	78,476,876	\$	15,450,952

Exhibit I-2

Williamson County, Tennessee Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds (Cont.)

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance
Other Agency Fund								
Assets	Ф	10.00	Ф	90 700	Ф	90 55 0	Ф	10.040
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	16,605	\$	28,500	\$	28,759	\$	16,346
Total Assets	\$	16,605	\$	28,500	\$	28,759	\$	16,346
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others	\$	16,605	\$	28,500	\$	28,759	\$	16,346
Total Liabilities	\$	16,605	\$	28,500	\$	28,759	\$	16,346
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash	\$	11,976,440	\$	81,665,509	\$	78,379,566	\$	15,262,383
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		2,110,469		148,897,059		149,485,537		1,521,991
Accounts Receivable		106,530		195,850		106,530		195,850
Due from Other Governments		12,911,338		13,492,423		12,911,338		13,492,423
Property Taxes Receivable		13,002,084		12,433,633		13,002,084		12,433,633
Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes		(68,694)		(50,117)		(68,694)		(50,117)
Total Assets	\$	40,038,167	\$	256,634,357	\$	253,816,361	\$	42,856,163
Liabilities								
Due to Other Funds	\$	1,356,643	\$	1,259,498	\$	1,356,643	\$	1,259,498
Due to Other Taxing Units		25,583,729	·	173,429,617	·	173,400,722	Ċ	25,612,624
Due to Litigants, Heirs, and Others		12,234,084		81,651,104		78,473,378		15,411,810
Due to Joint Ventures		863,711		294,138		585,618		572,231
Total Liabilities	\$	40,038,167	\$	256,634,357	\$	253,816,361	\$	42,856,163

Williamson County School Department

This section presents combining and individual fund financial statements for the Williamson County School Department, a discretely presented component unit. The Williamson County School Department uses a General Fund, three Special Revenue Funds, and one Capital Projects Fund.

<u>General Purpose School Fund</u> – The General Purpose School Fund is used to account for general operations of the school department.

<u>School Federal Projects Fund</u> – The School Federal Projects Fund is used to account for restricted federal revenues, which must be expended on specific education programs.

<u>Central Cafeteria Fund</u> – The Central Cafeteria Fund is used to account for the cafeteria operations in each of the schools.

<u>Extended School Program Fund</u> – The Extended School Program Fund is used to account for transactions related to the after-school programs in the individual schools.

<u>Education Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Education Capital Projects Fund is used to account for building construction and renovations of the school department.

Exhibit J-1

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Activities
Discretely Presented Williamson County

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Charges for Services	Р	rogram Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services Operation of Non-instructional Services	\$	233,239,945 \$ 175,205,523 22,054,665	\$	563,262 555,679 17,795,848	\$	9,996,698 0 3,450,553	\$ 0 $72,761,927$ 0	\$ (222,679,985) (101,887,917) (808,264)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	430,500,133 \$	\$	18,914,789	\$	13,447,251	\$ 72,761,927	\$ (325,376,166)
General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Local Option Sales Tax Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Pro Unrestricted Investment Income Gain from Sale of Capital Assets Miscellaneous Total General Revenues	graı	ns						\$ 148,403,843 69,490,257 141,494,561 3,455,495 449,897 857,708 364,151,761
Change in Net Position Net Position, July 1, 2018 Net Position, June 30, 2019								\$ 38,775,595 356,103,587 394,879,182

Williamson County, Tennessee
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
June 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Funds
	Major Funds Other
	General Education Govern- Total
	Purpose Capital mental Governmenta
	School Projects Funds Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash	\$ 1,508 \$ 0 \$ 670,460 \$ 671,968
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	59,513,799 $81,824,186$ $2,134,124$ $143,472,109$
Accounts Receivable	121,440 0 $10,445$ $131,885$
Due from Other Governments	16,066,516 0 $643,158$ $16,709,674$
Property Taxes Receivable	164,494,148 0 0 $164,494,148$
Allowance for Uncollectible Property Taxes	(635,328) 0 0 (635,328)
Restricted Assets	1,097,907 0 642,555 1,740,462
Total Assets	\$ 240,659,990 \$ 81,824,186 \$ 4,100,742 \$ 326,584,918
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	\$ 306,816 \$ 13,081 \$ 2,992 \$ 322,889
Accrued Payroll	18,785,460 0 $122,094$ $18,907,554$
Payroll Deductions Payable	5,361,580 0 20,233 5,381,813
Contracts Payable	0 8,772,874 0 8,772,874
Retainage Payable	0 434,854 0 434,854
Claims and Judgments Payable	767,946 0 0 $767,946$
Due to Primary Government	962,475 0 0 $962,475$
Other Current Liabilities	20,000 0 0 20,000
Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	0 0 642,555 642,555
Total Liabilities	\$ 26,204,277 \$ 9,220,809 \$ 787,874 \$ 36,212,960
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Current Property Taxes	\$ 162,431,999 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 162,431,999

Williamson County, Tennessee
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Cont.)	-	Major I General Purpose School	Funds Education Capital Projects	-	Nonmajor Funds Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Deferred Delinquent Property Taxes	\$	1,276,822 \$		\$	0	. , ,
Other Deferred/Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	Φ.	5,158,530 168,867,351 \$	0	\$	0	5,158,530 \$ 168,867,351
Total Deferred filliows of Resources	φ	100,007,591 ф	0	Ф	0	100,007,331
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Restricted for Education	\$	104,028 \$		\$	0	. ,
Restricted for Hybrid Retirement Stabilization Funds		1,097,907	0		0	1,097,907
Committed: Committed for Education		9,560	0		175,008	184,568
Committed for Capital Outlay		9,560	72,603,377		175,008	72,603,377
Assigned:		· ·	12,000,011		· ·	12,000,011
Assigned for Education		29,086,876	0		3,137,860	32,224,736
Unassigned		15,289,991	0		0	15,289,991
Total Fund Balances	\$	45,588,362 \$	72,603,377	\$	3,312,868	\$ 121,504,607
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	240,659,990 \$	81,824,186	\$	4,100,742	\$ 326,584,918

Williamson County, Tennessee
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are different because:

Total fund balances - balance sheet - governmental funds (Exhibit J-2) $$	\$	121,504,607
(1) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Add: land \$48,932,0 Add: construction in progress 53,448,1 Add: buildings and improvements net of accumulated depreciation 433,872,9 Add: other capital assets net of accumulated depreciation 21,245,3	70 05	557,498,382
(2) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Less: compensated absences payable \$ (1,698,3)		
Less: other postemployment benefits liability (321,349,9)	14)	(323,048,266)
(3) Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB will be amortized and recognized as components of pension/OPEB expense in future years. Add: deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$30,790,7\$ Add: deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 14,097,8 Less: deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (20,305,0) Less: deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (7,171,9)	14 30)	17,411,551
(4) Net pension assets of the teacher retirement, teacher legacy, and agent pension plans are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		15,077,556
(5) Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.		6,435,352
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$	394,879,182

Williamson County, Tennessee

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,

and Changes in Fund Balances -

Governmental Funds

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Tear Ended June 50, 2019			NT :	
			Nonmajor	
	36.	D 1	Funds	
		Funds	Other	m . 1
	General	Education	Govern-	Total
	Purpose	Capital	mental	Governmental
	School	Projects	Funds	Funds
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$ 219,699,863	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	3 219,699,863
Licenses and Permits	8,854	0	0	8,854
Charges for Current Services	1,711,123	0	16,760,772	18,471,895
Other Local Revenues	3,893,005	2,064,544	576,481	6,534,030
State of Tennessee	140,319,155	0	102,451	140,421,606
Federal Government	1,525,222	0	11,479,571	13,004,793
Other Governments and Citizens Groups	505,329	72,244,468	0	72,749,797
Total Revenues	\$ 367,662,551	\$ 74,309,012 \$	28,919,275	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	\$ 225,838,532	\$ 0 \$	6,008,178	3 231,846,710
Support Services	117,850,701	0	1,997,488	119,848,189
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,668,325	0	20,014,429	21,682,754
Debt Service:	, ,		, ,	, ,
Other Debt Service	11,722,509	0	0	11,722,509
Capital Projects	0	72,609,914	0	72,609,914
Total Expenditures	\$ 357,080,067	\$ 72,609,914 \$	28,020,095	3 457,710,076
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	\$ 10,582,484	\$ 1,699,098 \$	899,180	3 13,180,762
O for Emporation	Ψ 10,002,404	Ψ 1,000,000 ψ	000,100 4	, 10,100,102
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance Recovery	\$ 15,875	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	15,875
Transfers In	331,431	0	0	331,431

Exhibit J-4

Williamson County, Tennessee
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

				Nonmajor	
				Funds	
		Major F	unds	Other	
	_	General Educa		Govern-	Total
		Purpose	Capital	mental	Governmental
		School	Projects	Funds	Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses) (Cont.) Transfers Out	\$	0 \$	0 \$	(331,431) \$	331,431)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	347,306 \$	0 \$	(331,431) \$	
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	10,929,790 \$ 34,658,572	1,699,098 \$ 70,904,279	567,749 \$ 2,745,119	3 13,196,637 108,307,970
i and Dalance, July 1, 2010		04,000,012	10,004,210	2,140,110	100,001,010
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	45,588,362 \$	72,603,377 \$	3,312,868 \$	121,504,607

Williamson County, Tennessee

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit J-4) $$		\$ 13,196,637
(1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlays and depreciation is itemized as follows: Add: capital assets purchased in the current period	\$ 46,332,508	
Less: current-year depreciation expense	(17,079,261)	29,253,247
(2) The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position. Add: assets donated and capitalized Less: book value of capital assets disposed	\$ 12,130 (1,597,712)	(1,585,582)
(3) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Less: deferred delinquent property taxes and other deferred June 30, 2018 Add: deferred delinquent property taxes and other deferred June 30, 2019	\$ (6,820,339) 6,435,352	(384,987)
(4) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in other postemployment benefits liability Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB Change in net pension asset - teacher retirement plan Change in net pension liability - agent pension plan Change in net pension asset - teacher legacy pension plan Change in deferred outflows related to pensions Change in deferred inflows related to pensions Change in compensated absences payable	\$ (35,779,914) 14,097,814 4,008,198 850,938 1,009,593 11,110,585 (1,206,631) 4,244,541 (38,844)	 (1,703,720)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 38,775,595

Williamson County, Tennessee
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
June 30, 2019

		Spec	ial Revenue F	und	s	-	
ASSETS		School Federal Projects	Central Cafeteria		Extended School Program	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ADDETO							
Cash Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments Restricted Assets	\$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & \$ \\ 211,785 & \\ 0 \\ 105,550 \\ 0 \end{array}$	12,152 735,837 6,845 537,608 642,555	\$	658,308 1,186,502 3,600 0	\$	$670,460 \\ 2,134,124 \\ 10,445 \\ 643,158 \\ 642,555$
Total Assets	\$	317,335 \$	1,934,997	\$	1,848,410	\$	4,100,742
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accrued Payroll Payroll Deductions Payable Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	\$	0 \$ 122,094 20,233 0 142,327 \$	589 0 0 642,555 643,144		2,403 0 0 0 2,403		2,992 122,094 20,233 642,555 787,874
FUND BALANCES							
Committed: Committed for Education Assigned:	\$	175,008 \$	0	\$	0	\$	175,008
Assigned for Education	_	0	1,291,853		1,846,007		3,137,860
Total Fund Balances	\$	175,008 \$	1,291,853	\$	1,846,007	\$	3,312,868
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	317,335 \$	1,934,997	\$	1,848,410	\$	4,100,742

Williamson County, Tennessee

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,

and Changes in Fund Balances -

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Speci	al Revenue Fund	ls	m . 1
		School Federal Projects	Central Cafeteria	Extended School Program	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Charges for Current Services	\$	0 \$	10,457,620 \$	6,303,152 \$	16,760,772
Other Local Revenues	Ψ	0	551,093	25,388	576,481
State of Tennessee		0	102,451	0	102,451
Federal Government		8,189,429	3,290,142	0	11,479,571
Total Revenues	\$	8,189,429 \$	14,401,306 \$	6,328,540 \$	28,919,275
Expenditures Current:					
Instruction	\$	6,008,178 \$	0 \$	0 \$, ,
Support Services		1,997,488	0	0	1,997,488
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		3,953	13,816,237	6,194,239	20,014,429
Total Expenditures	\$	8,009,619 \$	13,816,237 \$	6,194,239 \$	28,020,095
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	\$	179,810 \$	585,069 \$	134,301 \$	899,180
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4.00.000)		(4.10.7.11)	(001, 104)
Transfers Out	\$	(182,690) \$	0 \$	(148,741) \$	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(182,690) \$	0 \$	(148,741) \$	(331,431)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(2,880) \$	585,069 \$	(14,440) \$,
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		177,888	706,784	1,860,447	2,745,119
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	175,008 \$	1,291,853 \$	1,846,007 \$	3,312,868

Exhibit J-8

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
General Purpose School Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual (GAAP Basis)	E	Less: Encumbrances 7/1/2018	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2019	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	_	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
D.											
Revenues Local Taxes	Ф	219,699,863	d•	0 \$	0.9	3 219,699,863	Ф	105 940 649	\$ 208,149,081	d.	11,550,782
Licenses and Permits	\$	8,854	Ф	0 4	0 8	8,854	Ф	9,000	9,000	Ф	(146)
Charges for Current Services		0,034 $1,711,123$		0	0	1,711,123		1,676,721	1,709,221		1,902
Other Local Revenues		3,893,005		0	0	3,893,005		1,903,600			
State of Tennessee				-	0			, ,	2,038,579		1,854,426
Federal Government		140,319,155		0	0	140,319,155		137,626,949	138,467,382		1,851,773
		1,525,222		0	0	1,525,222		1,200,000	1,397,247		127,975
Other Governments and Citizens Groups Total Revenues	Ф	505,329 367,662,551	Ф	0 \$		505,329 3 367,662,551	Ф	0	\$ 352,275,839	\$	15,386,712
Total Revenues	ф	367,662,331	Ф	0 \$	0 3	367,662,331	\$	338,265,913	\$ 352,275,839	Þ	15,386,712
Expenditures Instruction											
Regular Instruction Program	\$	169,266,759	\$	(1,838,569) \$	446,718	167,874,908	\$	170,993,593	\$ 173,657,243	\$	5,782,335
Alternative Instruction Program		589,026		0	1,299	590,325		625,297	633,902		43,577
Special Education Program		47,672,555		(83,780)	272,281	47,861,056		48,675,084	50,367,116		2,506,060
Career and Technical Education Program		6,741,084		(26,100)	55,330	6,770,314		6,809,253	7,203,344		433,030
Student Body Education Program		1,569,108		(47,144)	3,469	1,525,433		1,815,000	1,815,000		289,567
Support Services											
Attendance		461,764		0	0	461,764		458,401	489,158		27,394
Health Services		5,318,320		(350)	4,632	5,322,602		5,264,423	5,638,126		315,524
Other Student Support		9,718,506		(390)	49,648	9,767,764		10,354,220	10,664,664		896,900
Regular Instruction Program		10,637,151		(9,274)	6,145	10,634,022		9,922,180	11,317,849		683,827
Alternative Instruction Program		192,999		0	0	192,999		179,935	195,780		2,781
Special Education Program		5,970,279		(240,664)	45,875	5,775,490		5,964,088	6,006,734		231,244
Career and Technical Education Program		291,744		0	3,719	295,463		306,947	354,922		59,459
Technology		6,714,770		(191,721)	149,873	6,672,922		8,916,504	7,332,704		659,782
Board of Education		7,085,049		(70,001)	19,590	7,034,638		6,105,264	7,291,335		256,697
Director of Schools		1,440,384		(20,810)	24,880	1,444,454		1,502,359	1,549,658		105,204
Office of the Principal		22,917,259		0	0	22,917,259		22,603,043	23,057,830		140,571
Fiscal Services		1,616,855		(91,546)	15,838	1,541,147		1,538,556	1,565,184		24,037

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
General Purpose School Fund (Cont.)

		Actual (GAAP	Я	Less:	Add: Encumbra	inces	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary		Budgete	dΔ	mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Basis)	_	7/1/2018	6/30/20		Basis)	_	Original	u 11.	Final	(Negative)
		· ·					,					
Expenditures (Cont.)												
Support Services (Cont.)												
Human Services/Personnel	\$	1,227,508	\$	(7,000) \$	5,	239 \$	$1,\!225,\!747$	\$	1,370,143	\$	1,346,322 \$	120,575
Operation of Plant		17,066,477		(959,749)	433,	941	16,540,669		17,993,165		17,489,372	948,703
Maintenance of Plant		8,880,334		(1,252,509)	1,326,	385	8,954,210		8,684,000		9,478,900	524,690
Transportation		18,311,302		(409,768)	1,906,	181	19,807,715		18,767,887		21,090,558	1,282,843
Operation of Non-Instructional Services												
Community Services		886,099		(21,448)	13,	700	878,351		891,274		957,853	79,502
Early Childhood Education		782,226		(27,320)		360	755,266		802,968		826,993	71,727
Other Debt Service												
Education		11,722,509		0		0	11,722,509		0		11,722,509	0
Total Expenditures	\$	357,080,067	\$	(5,298,143) \$	4,785,	103 \$	356,567,027	\$	350,543,584	\$	372,053,056 \$	15,486,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures	\$	10,582,484	\$	5,298,143 \$	(4,785,	103) \$	11,095,524	\$	(12,277,671)	\$	(19,777,217) \$	30,872,741
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Insurance Recovery	\$	15,875	\$	0 \$	5	0 \$	15,875	\$	20,000	\$	20,000 \$	(4,125)
Transfers In	*	331,431	т.	0		0	331,431	*	650,000	*	650,000	(318,569)
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	347,306	\$	0 \$;	0 \$	347,306	\$	670,000	\$	670,000 \$	(322,694)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	10,929,790	\$	5,298,143 \$	(4,785,	103) \$	11,442,830	\$	(11,607,671)	\$	(19,107,217) \$	30,550,047
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	Ψ	34,658,572	Ψ	(5,298,143)	, (1,100,	0	29,360,429	Ψ	23,059,174	Ψ	23,059,174	6,301,255
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	45,588,362	\$	0 \$	(4,785,	103) \$	40,803,259	\$	11,451,503	\$	3,951,957 \$	36,851,302

Exhibit J-9

Variance

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
School Federal Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Budgeted A	mounts	with Final Budget - Positive
		Actual _	Original	Final	(Negative)
		Actual	Original	Fillal	(Negative)
Revenues					
Federal Government	\$	8,189,429 \$	8,414,525 \$	10,087,347 \$	(1,897,918)
Total Revenues	\$	8,189,429 \$	8,414,525 \$	10,087,347 \$	(1,897,918)
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Regular Instruction Program	\$	833,727 \$	715,546 \$	999,229 \$	165,502
Special Education Program		4,950,892	5,168,492	6,100,005	1,149,113
Career and Technical Education Program		223,559	212,511	224,325	766
Support Services		,	,	,	
Health Services		733,934	778,278	867,674	133,740
Other Student Support		111,995	119,876	125,290	13,295
Regular Instruction Program		574,170	597,501	823,812	249,642
Special Education Program		450,071	471,361	560,047	109,976
Career and Technical Education Program		9,802	14,360	10,007	205
Transportation		117,516	141,944	142,746	25,230
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		.,-	,-	,	-,
Food Service		3,953	0	5,918	1,965
Total Expenditures	\$	8,009,619 \$	8,219,869 \$	9,859,053 \$	1,849,434
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	\$	179,810 \$	194,656 \$	228,294 \$	(48,484)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	\$	(182,690) \$	(194,655) \$	(231,182) \$	48,492
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	(182,690) \$	(194,655) \$	(231,182) \$	48,492
Total Other Financing Sources	Ψ	(102,030) φ	(134,000) \$	(201,102) ø	40,432
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,880) \$	1 \$	(2,888) \$	8
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	Ψ	177,888	177,888	177,888	0
1 unu Dalamee, buly 1, 2010		111,000	111,000	111,000	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	175,008 \$	177,889 \$	175,000 \$	8

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
Central Cafeteria Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual (GAAP Basis)	F	Less: Encumbrances 7/1/2018	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2019		Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	_	Budgeted A Original	Amounts Final	=	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues Charges for Current Services Other Local Revenues State of Tennessee Federal Government	\$	10,457,620 551,093 102,451 3,290,142	\$	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	\$	10,457,620 551,093 102,451 3,290,142	\$	10,251,000 \$ 20,000 103,785 3,295,000	10,251,000 519,901 103,785 3,321,599	\$	206,620 31,192 (1,334) (31,457)
Total Revenues	\$	14,401,306	\$	0 \$	3 0	\$	14,401,306	\$	13,669,785 \$	14,196,285	\$	205,021
Expenditures Operation of Non-Instructional Services Food Service Total Expenditures	\$ \$	13,816,237 13,816,237	_	(175,608) \((175,608) \)		_	13,715,671 13,715,671		13,219,015 \$ 13,219,015 \$	13,848,288 13,848,288		132,617 132,617
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	585,069	\$	175,608	3 (75,042)	\$	685,635	\$	450,770 \$	347,997	\$	337,638
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources	\$		\$	0 \$ 0 \$		_	0	_	(500,000) \$ (500,000) \$		\$	0
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	585,069 706,784	\$	175,608 \$ (175,608)	3 (75,042) 0	\$	685,635 531,176	\$	(49,230) \$ 1,131,151	347,997 1,131,151	\$	337,638 (599,975)
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,291,853	\$	0 \$	(75,042)	\$	1,216,811	\$	1,081,921 \$	1,479,148	\$	(262,337)

Exhibit J-11

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual (Budgetary Basis) and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
Extended School Program Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual (GAAP	E	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbranc		Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Budgeted A		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Basis)		7/1/2018	6/30/2019		Basis)	Original	Final	(Negative)
Revenues										
Charges for Current Services	\$	6,303,152	\$	0 8	\$	0 \$	6,303,152 \$	6,360,000 \$	6,360,000 \$	(56,848)
Other Local Revenues		25,388		0		0	25,388	4,900	4,900	20,488
Total Revenues	\$	6,328,540	\$	0 8	3	0 \$	6,328,540 \$	6,364,900 \$	6,364,900 \$	(36,360)
Expenditures Operation of Non-Instructional Services Community Services	\$	6,194,239	\$	(75,932) 8	§ 116,34	o, \$	\$ 6,234,656 \$	6,642,726 \$	6,874,576 \$	639,920
Total Expenditures	Φ.	6,194,239		(75,932) 8				6,642,726 \$	6,874,576 \$	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	134,301		75,932			, , , .	(277,826) \$	(509,676) \$	<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	\$	(148,741)	\$	0 8	8	0 \$	\$ (148,741) \$	(152,568) \$	(152,568) \$	3,827
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	(148,741)		0 8		0 \$		(152,568) \$	(152,568) \$	
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	(14,440) 1,860,447	\$	75,932 (75,932)		9) \$ 0	\$ (54,857) \$ 1,784,515	(430,394) \$ 1,489,751	(662,244) \$ 1,489,751	607,387 294,764
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,846,007	\$	0 8	(116,34	9) \$	1,729,658 \$	1,059,357 \$	827,507 \$	902,151

Exhibit J-12

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
Education Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual	_	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Other Local Revenues	\$	2,064,544	\$	0 \$	2,064,545 \$	(1)
Other Governments and Citizens Groups		72,244,468		65,408,286	144,409,666	(72,165,198)
Total Revenues	\$	74,309,012	\$	65,408,286 \$	146,474,211 \$	(72, 165, 199)
Expenditures Capital Projects Education Capital Projects Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u> \$	72,609,914 72,609,914	\$	140,323,431 \$ 140,323,431 \$	-) - , +	-,,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	ው	1 000 000	\$	(74 O1E 14E) Ф	(79.700.099) ¢	74 200 720
Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources	\$ \$	1,699,098	\$	(74,915,145) \$ 5,650,395 \$ 5,650,395 \$	5,140,536 \$	(5,140,536)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	1,699,098 70,904,279	\$	(69,264,750) \$ 70,904,278	(67,560,086) \$ 70,904,278	69,259,184 1
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	72,603,377	\$	1,639,528 \$	3,344,192 \$	69,259,185

MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULES

Exhibit K-1

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Changes in Long-term Notes, Capital Leases, and Bonds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Description of Indebtedness	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date	C	Outstanding 7-1-18	Issued During Period	Paid and/or Matured During Period	Debt Refunded	Outstanding 6-30-19
NOTES PAYABLE										
<u>Payable through General Debt Service Fund</u> General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2019 Total Payable through General Debt Service Fund	\$ 10,000,000	1.98	% 4-15-19	12-31-19	\$		10,000,000	\$ 0 \$ 0		\$ 10,000,000 \$ 10,000,000
Total Notes Payable					\$	0 \$	10,000,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 10,000,000
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE										
<u>Payable through Rural Debt Service Fund</u> Laptops Laptops Total Payable through Rural Debt Service Fund	279,364 225,965	5.99 5.99	7-17-18 7-17-18		\$ -	0 \$ 0 0 \$	279,364 225,965 505,329	61,650	\$ 0 0 \$ 0	164,315
Total Capital Leases Payable					\$	0 \$	505,329	\$ 137,869	\$ 0	\$ 367,460
BONDS PAYABLE							•			· · · · · ·
Payable through General Debt Service Fund General Obligation Schools General Obligation Refunding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2009 General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014 - School General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2015A General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2015B General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - School	7,465,000 3,635,000 18,000,000 8,450,000 24,700,000 32,960,000 17,950,000 24,500,000 30,115,000 25,095,000 13,675,000 19,170,000 12,040,000 6,975,000 12,445,000 12,445,000	3.5 to 4.25 3.5 to 4.25 2.5 to 4.4 2.5 to 4.4 2.5 to 5.75 2.5 to 5 1 to 4.6 2 to 4 2 to 4 3 to 5 2 to 5	2-28-08 2-28-08 2-24-09 2-24-09 12-3-09 4-1-10 10-26-10 12-7-12 11-20-13 11-20-13 8-28-14 8-28-14 6-11-15 10-29-15 10-29-15 1-5-16 1-5-16	4-23-19 4-1-20 4-1-34 4-1-36 4-1-30 2-15-19 3-1-25 5-1-34 5-1-34 4-1-34 4-1-34 4-1-35 4-1-30 4-1-30		400,000 \$ 200,000 1,805,000 845,000 22,350,000 24,070,000 15,250,000 1,965,000 13,340,000 22,650,000 11,905,000 11,185,000 17,185,000 17,1235,000 10,740,000 6,225,000 5,560,000 7,795,000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 400,000 200,000 885,000 415,000 1,000,000 3,220,000 1,100,000 4,120,000 995,000 610,000 995,000 695,000 405,000 405,000 2,550,000	0 0 0 0 20,250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 920,000 430,000 1,100,000 20,850,000 14,150,000 9,220,000 25,985,000 21,655,000 11,295,000 16,295,000 16,470,000 5,820,000 3,775,000 5,295,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A - School General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2016B General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2016B General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 - School Federally Taxable General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2017A General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2017 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2018 General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2018 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 Total Payable through General Debt Service Fund	13,510,000 10,695,000 20,755,294 2,789,706 9,105,703 74,297 5,285,000 13,375,000 18,855,000 28,445,000 15,240,000 17,570,000	1.5 to 5 1.5 to 5 3 to 5 3 to 5 2 to 5 2 to 5 1.5 to 3.2 2.25 to 5 2.25 to 5 3.75 to 5 3.75 to 5 1.39 to 2.2	3-10-16 3-10-16 11-29-16 11-29-16 1-4-17 1-4-17 8-30-17 11-21-17 10-30-18 6-20-19	4-1-29 4-1-37 4-1-37 4-1-37 4-1-22 4-1-22 6-1-34 4-1-38 4-1-38 4-1-39		13,425,000 10,570,000 19,745,000 2,705,000 7,445,000 60,000 5,285,000 31,375,000 18,855,000 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 28,445,000 15,240,000	95,000 120,000 1,060,000 95,000 1,795,000 15,000 265,000 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13,330,000 10,450,000 18,685,000 2,610,000 5,650,000 45,000 5,020,000 31,375,000 18,855,000 28,445,000 17,570,000 \$ 330,580,000

Exhibit K-1

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Changes in Long-term Notes, Capital Leases, and Bonds (Cont.)

	Original Amount	Interest	Date of	Last Maturity	Outstanding	Issued During	Paid and/or Matured During	Debt	Outstanding
Description of Indebtedness	of Issue	Rate	Issue	Date	7-1-18	Period	Period	Refunded	6-30-19
BONDS PAYABLE (CONT.)									
Payable through Rural Debt Service Fund									
County District School Bonds, Series 2008	\$ 19,250,000	3.5 to 4.25	% 2-28-08	4-23-19	\$ 1,150,000 \$	0	\$ 1,150,000	0	\$ 0
County District School Bonds, Series 2009A	23,660,000	2.5 to 5	2-24-09	6-25-19	3,755,000	0	3,755,000	0	0
County District School Bonds, Series 2009B	39,000,000	2.25 to 5.75	12-31-09	4-1-34	36,900,000	0	750,000	35,150,000	1,000,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	38,930,000	3 to 5	4-1-10	4-1-26	25,900,000	0	3,930,000	0	21,970,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2010	18,000,000	.85 to 5	10-26-10	4-1-30	16,250,000	0	450,000	0	15,800,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A	14,500,000	2 to 4	12-22-10	2-15-19	2,000,000	0	2,000,000	0	0
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	11,085,000	2 to 4	12-7-12	3-1-25	6,780,000	0	1,500,000	0	5,280,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2013	18,100,000	2 to 5	11-20-13	5-1-34	17,000,000	0	700,000	0	16,300,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2014A	21,100,000	3 to 5	8-28-14	4-1-34	18,100,000	0	4,000,000	0	14,100,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B	17,500,000	2.5 to 5	8-28-14	4-1-27	15,970,000	0	6,895,000	0	9,075,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2015A	14,120,000	3 to 5	6-11-15	4-1-35	12,665,000	0	510,000	0	12,155,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2015B	5,000,000	2	10-29-15	4-1-25	3,965,000	0	535,000	0	3,430,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A	23,355,000	2.75 to 5	3-10-16	4-1-29	23,355,000	0	0	0	23,355,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2016B	14,425,000	1.75 to 5	4-28-16	4-1-36	13,865,000	0	570,000	0	13,295,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2016C	36,225,000	3 to 5	11-29-16	4-1-37	35,525,000	0	5,710,000	0	29,815,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2017A	4,830,000	1.50 to 3.20	8-30-17	6-1-34	4,830,000	0	250,000	0	4,580,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2017	74,530,000	2.25 to 5	11-21-17	4-1-38	74,530,000	0	0	0	74,530,000
County District School Bonds, Series 2018	45,410,000	4 to 5	10-30-18	4-1-39	0	45,410,000	0	0	45,410,000
County District School Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	31,740,000	2.75 to 5	6-20-19	4-1-34	0	31,740,000	0	0	31,740,000
Total Payable through Rural Debt Service Fund					\$ 312,540,000 \$	77,150,000	\$ 32,705,000	\$ 35,150,000	\$ 321,835,000
Total Bonds Payable					\$ 628,710,000 \$	138,405,000	\$ 59,300,000	\$ 55,400,000	\$ 652,415,000

Exhibit K-2

<u>Williamson County, Tennessee</u> <u>Schedule of Long-term Debt Requirements by Year</u>

Ending			Bonds				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$	40,690,000 \$	25,893,095 \$	66,583,095			
2021	Ψ	43,475,000	24,628,424	68,103,424			
2022		39,530,000	22,717,239	62,247,239			
2023		37,995,000	20,935,724	58,930,724			
2024		39,110,000	19,118,631	58,228,631			
2025		43,730,000	17,354,003	61,084,003			
2026		41,740,000	15,477,161	57,217,161			
2027		39,710,000	13,603,288	53,313,288			
2028		38,910,000	11,858,889	50,768,889			
2029		37,660,000	10,339,714	47,999,714			
2030		35,705,000	8,953,844	44,658,844			
2031		31,935,000	7,511,029	39,446,029			
2032		33,070,000	6,346,669	39,416,669			
2033		33,665,000	5,228,386	38,893,386			
2034		34,200,000	4,063,556	38,263,556			
2035		20,795,000	2,867,331	23,662,331			
2036		19,140,000	2,149,860	21,289,860			
2037		18,815,000	1,481,888	20,296,888			
2038		15,680,000	820,338	16,500,338			
2039		6,860,000	$450,\!550$	7,310,550			
Total	_\$	652,415,000 \$	221,799,619 \$	874,214,619			

Exhibit K-2

<u>Williamson County, Tennessee</u> <u>Schedule of Long-term Debt Requirements by Year (Cont.)</u>

Year Ending	Notes								
June 30	 Principal		Interest	Total					
2020	\$ 10,000,000	\$	140,800	\$	10,140,800				
Total	\$ 10,000,000	\$	140,800	\$	10,140,800				
Year Ending		Ca	apital Leases						
June 30	 Principal		Interest	Total					
2020	\$ 115,246	\$	22,623	\$	137,869				
2021	122,341		15,527		137,868				
2022	 129,873		7,995		137,868				
Total	\$ 367,460	\$	46,145	\$	413,605				

Exhibit K-3

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Notes Receivable June 30, 2019

Description	Debtor	Original Amount of Notes	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance
General Debt Service Fund Spring Hill Recreation Center Spring Hill Recreation Center	City of Spring Hill City of Spring Hill	\$ 2,858,428 751,000	4-1-10 3-10-16	4-1-26 4-1-29	2.5 to 5 % 1.5 to 5	\$ 2,090,000 630,000
Total Notes Receivable						\$ 2,720,000

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Transfers

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
General	General Capital Projects	Various capital projects	\$ 2,796,470
"	Judicial District Drug	Salaries	71,845
General Debt Service	General Capital Projects	To provide funds for courthouse upgrades	83,486
General Capital Projects	General	Reimbursement of unspent project proceeds	6,377
"	Highway/Public Works	To provide funds for paving projects	85,000
"	"	Reimbursement of unspent project proceeds	118,148
n .	General Debt Service	Allocation of adequate facilities tax	6,000,000
n .	Rural Debt Service	Allocation of education privilege tax	5,300,000
n .	Cities Adequate Facilities Tax	Allocation of cities share of adequate facilities tax	1,973,500
n .	Special School District	Allocation of ADA share of education privilege tax	430,959
n .	"	Allocation of ADA share of adequate facilities tax	351,422
Judicial District Drug	General	Salaries	28,611
Solid Waste Sanitation	General Capital Projects	To purchase and repair equipment	365,000
Total Transfers Primary Government			\$ 17,610,818
DISCRETELY PRESENTED WILLIAMSON COUNTY SCHOOL DEPARTMENT			
School Federal Projects	General Purpose School	Indirect costs	\$ 182,690
Extended School Program	II F. A.	n	148,741
Total Transfers Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department			\$ 331,431

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Salaries and Official Bonds of Principal Officials Primary Government and Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Official	Authorization for Salary	Sala: Paid Durit Perid	d ng			Bond	Surety
County Mayor	Section 8-24-102, <i>TCA</i>	\$ 164,2	99		\$	100,000	Cincinnati Insurance Company
Highway Superintendent	Section 8-24-102, <i>TCA</i>	135,9			*	100,000	"
Director of Schools:							
Dr. Mike Looney (7-1-18 through 5-20-19)	State Board of Education and Williamson County Board of Education	274,5	33	(1)		(2)	
Jason Golden (5-21-19 through 6-30-19)	State Board of Education and Williamson County Board of Education	21,6	88			(2)	
Trustee	Section 8-24-102, TCA	123,6	35		15,	911,103	Cincinnati Insurance Company
Assessor of Property	Section 8-24-102, TCA	123,6	35			100,000	"
County Clerk	Section 8-24-102, TCA	123,6	35			100,000	"
Circuit and General Sessions Courts Clerk	Section 8-24-102, <i>TCA</i>	123,6	35			100,000	"
Clerk and Master	Section 8-24-102, <i>TCA</i>	123,6	35			100,000	"
Juvenile Court Clerk	Section 8-24-102, <i>TCA</i>	123,6	35			100,000	"
Register of Deeds:							
Sadie Wade (7-1-18 through 8-31-18)	Section 8-24-102, TCA	26,1	53			100,000	"
Sherry Anderson (9-1-18 through 6-30-19)	Section 8-24-102, TCA	97,4	82			100,000	"
Sheriff:							
Jeff Long (7-1-18 through 1-15-19)	Section 8-24-102, TCA	79,5	02			100,000	"
Dusty Rhoades (2-11-19 through 6-30-19)	Section 8-24-102, TCA	47,0	74	(3)		100,000	"
Director of Accounts and Budgets	County Commission	112,4	66			100,000	n .
Employee Blanket Bonds - All County and School Public Employee Dishonesty Public Employee Dishonesty	ol Department Employees:			1		100,000 100,001 500,000	Self-insured The Princeton Excess and Surplus Lines Insurance Company

- (1) Includes unused vacation pay of \$15,300; does not include a \$500 career ladder supplement.
- (2) Covered under county's employee blanket bond.
- (3) Does not include a law enforcement training supplement of \$600.

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Specia	al Revenue Funds	3	Debt Service Funds		
	General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service	
Local Taxes							
County Property Taxes							
Current Property Tax	\$ 47,370,079 \$	4,036,688 \$	0 \$	0 \$	32,411,115 \$	17,699,885	
Current Property Tax - Tax Increment Financing	149,424	0	0	0	0	0	
Trustee's Collections - Prior Year	61,777	31,103	0	0	42,268	125,913	
Circuit Clerk/Clerk and Master Collections - Prior Years	139,380	17,073	0	0	95,365	51,096	
Interest and Penalty	43,462	8,001	0	0	29,737	31,963	
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - T.V.A.	0	143	0	0	620	429	
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Other	258,309	29,394	0	0	176,118	121,928	
County Local Option Taxes							
Local Option Sales Tax	0	0	0	0	0	3,608,857	
Hotel/Motel Tax	5,649,047	0	0	0	0	0	
Wheel Tax	171,822	0	0	4,550,000	0	0	
Litigation Tax - General	50,042	0	0	0	0	0	
Litigation Tax - Special Purpose	305,851	0	0	0	0	0	
Litigation Tax - Jail, Workhouse, or Courthouse	4,345	0	0	0	492,495	0	
Litigation Tax - Courthouse Security	346,754	0	0	0	0	0	
Business Tax	3,784,297	0	0	3,282,450	0	0	
Mixed Drink Tax	40,277	0	0	0	0	0	
Mineral Severance Tax	0	0	0	147,536	0	0	
Other County Local Option Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Statutory Local Taxes							
Bank Excise Tax	2,272,490	0	0	0	0	0	
Wholesale Beer Tax	505,242	0	0	0	0	0	
Beer Privilege Tax	2,280	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Statutory Local Taxes	8,295	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Local Taxes	\$ 61,163,173 \$	4,122,402 \$	0 \$	7,979,986 \$	33,247,718 \$	21,640,071	

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

			Speci	Debt Service Funds			
		General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service
Licenses and Permits							
Licenses Licenses							
Animal Vaccination	\$	128,549 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Cable TV Franchise	Ψ	865,615	0 ψ	0 ψ	0 ψ	0	0
Permits		000,010	· ·	· ·	O	O	O
Beer Permits		2,612	0	0	0	0	0
Building Permits		1,003,932	0	0	0	0	0
Other Permits		69,950	0	0	0	0	0
Total Licenses and Permits	\$	2,070,658 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties							
Circuit Court							
Fines	\$	14,202 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Officers Costs		44,120	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Control Fines		0	0	18,926	0	0	0
Jail Fees		6,830	0	0	0	0	0
Judicial Commissioner Fees		728	0	0	0	0	0
DUI Treatment Fines		3,325	0	0	0	0	0
Data Entry Fee - Circuit Court		5,780	0	0	0	0	0
Courtroom Security Fee		1,660	0	0	0	0	0
Criminal Court		0	0	F05	0	0	0
Drug Control Fines		0	0	595	0	0	0
Drug Court Fees Veterans Treatment Court Fees		8,551	0	0	0	0	0
		4,530	0	0	0	0	0
Data Entry Fee - Criminal Court Courtroom Security Fee		31,400 8,008	0	0	0	0	0
Victims Assistance Assessments		14,764	0	0	0	0	0

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

	-	Speci	al Revenue Fun	Debt Service Funds		
	General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties (Cont.)						
General Sessions Court						
Fines	\$ 105,880 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Officers Costs	218,969	0	0	0	0	0
Game and Fish Fines	157	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Control Fines	0	0	39,273	0	0	0
Drug Court Fees	50,083	0	0	0	0	0
Veterans Treatment Court Fees	34,496	0	0	0	0	0
Jail Fees	26,374	0	0	0	0	0
Judicial Commissioner Fees	5,875	0	0	0	0	0
DUI Treatment Fines	34,852	0	0	0	0	0
Data Entry Fee - General Sessions Court	18,904	0	0	0	0	0
Victims Assistance Assessments	65,322	0	0	0	0	0
Juvenile Court						
Fines	40,451	0	0	0	0	0
Data Entry Fee - Juvenile Court	3,200	0	0	0	0	0
Chancery Court						
Officers Costs	9,231	0	0	0	0	0
Data Entry Fee - Chancery Court	12,814	0	0	0	0	0
Other Courts - In-county						
Drug Court Fees	3,412	0	0	0	0	0
DUI Treatment Fines	808	0	0	0	0	0
Judicial District Drug Program						
Victims Assistance Assessments	5,268	0	0	0	0	0
Other Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties						
Proceeds from Confiscated Property	0	0	103,279	0	0	0
Other Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	51,977	0	0	0	0	0
Total Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$ 831,971 \$	0 \$	162,073 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

		-	Specia	al Revenue Fund	ls	Debt Service Funds		
		General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service	
Charges for Current Services								
General Service Charges								
Tipping Fees	\$	0 \$	2,190,887 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	
Surcharge - Waste Tire Disposal	Ψ	0	278,846	0	0	0	0	
Other General Service Charges		6,311	0	0	0	0	0	
Service Charges		122,700	0	0	0	0	0	
Fees		,						
Engineer Review Fees		22,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Recreation Fees		6,538,586	0	0	0	0	0	
Copy Fees		17,699	0	0	0	0	0	
Library Fees		87,588	0	0	0	0	0	
Archives and Records Management Fee		84,627	0	0	0	0	0	
Telephone Commissions		161,095	0	0	0	0	0	
Data Processing Fee - Register		97,210	0	0	0	0	0	
Probation Fees		596,780	0	0	0	0	0	
Data Processing Fee - Sheriff		16,075	0	0	0	0	0	
Sexual Offender Registration Fee - Sheriff		1,900	0	0	0	0	0	
Data Processing Fee - County Clerk		71,670	0	0	0	0	0	
Vehicle Insurance Coverage and Reinstatement Fees		1,790	0	0	0	0	0	
Education Charges								
Transportation from Individuals		25,935	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Charges for Services		165,050	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Charges for Current Services	\$	8,017,016 \$	2,469,733 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	
Other Local Revenues Recurring Items								
Investment Income	\$	747,688 \$	111,504 \$	0 \$	0 \$	2,184,438 \$	481,621	

	Special Revenue Funds					Debt Service Funds		
		General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service	
Other Local Revenues (Cont.)								
Recurring Items (Cont.)								
Lease/Rentals	\$	552,623 \$	12,300 \$	0 \$	0 \$	282,913 \$	0	
Sale of Materials and Supplies		1,767	545,131	0	13,253	0	0	
Commissary Sales		45,884	0	0	0	0	0	
Sale of Maps		121,041	0	0	0	0	0	
Sale of Recycled Materials		1,227	62,662	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous Refunds		87,417	0	0	99,840	0	0	
Expenditure Credits		1,857	0	0	0	0	0	
Nonrecurring Items								
Sale of Equipment		42,682	256,565	2,574	103,788	0	0	
Damages Recovered from Individuals		11,696	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Local Revenues								
Other Local Revenues		22,740	0	0	6,704	65,812	0	
Total Other Local Revenues	\$	1,636,622 \$	988,162 \$	2,574 \$	223,585 \$	2,533,163 \$	481,621	
Fees Received From County Officials								
Fees In-Lieu-of Salary								
County Clerk	\$	3,356,335 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	
Circuit Court Clerk		377,985	0	0	0	0	0	
General Sessions Court Clerk		931,268	0	0	0	0	0	
Clerk and Master		566,017	0	0	0	0	0	
Juvenile Court Clerk		28,543	0	0	0	0	0	
Register		1,873,455	0	0	0	0	0	
Sheriff		228,906	0	0	0	0	0	
Trustee		8,512,028	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Fees Received From County Officials	\$	15,874,537 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	

	-	Speci	ial Revenue Fund	ls	Debt Service Funds	
	General	Solid Waste / Sanitation	Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service
State of Tennessee						
General Government Grants						
Juvenile Services Program	\$ 9,000 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Public Safety Grants						
Law Enforcement Training Programs	100,800	0	0	0	0	(
Public Works Grants						
State Aid Program	0	0	0	405,809	0	(
Litter Program	92,000	0	0	0	0	(
Other State Revenues						
Income Tax	2,968,994	0	0	0	0	(
Beer Tax	17,959	0	0	0	0	(
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	297,494	0	0	0	0	(
State Revenue Sharing - T.V.A.	380,438	0	0	1,141,315	380,438	(
State Revenue Sharing - Telecommunications	383,303	0	0	0	0	(
Contracted Prisoner Boarding	788,229	0	0	0	0	(
Gasoline and Motor Fuel Tax	0	0	0	4,130,588	0	(
Petroleum Special Tax	0	0	0	132,174	0	(
T.B.I Equipment Reimbursement	53,359	0	0	0	0	
Registrar's Salary Supplement	15,164	0	0	0	0	(
Other State Grants	1,218,045	0	0	0	0	(
Other State Revenues	66,549	0	0	0	0	(
Total State of Tennessee	\$ 6,391,334 \$	0 \$	0 \$	5,809,886 \$	380,438 \$	(
Federal Government						
Federal Through State						
Civil Defense Reimbursement	\$ 2,235,218 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	(
Other Federal through State	691,135	0	0	0	0	(

	-	Special Revenue Funds				Debt Serv	Debt Service Funds		
	General	Solid Waste / Sanitation		Drug Control	Highway / Public Works	General Debt Service	Rural Debt Service		
Federal Government (Cont.)									
Direct Federal Revenue									
Asset Forfeiture Funds	\$ 4,379 \$		\$	0 \$	0 8				
Tax Credit Bond Rebate	0	0		0	0	689,924	1,021,325		
Other Direct Federal Revenue	 457,936	0		0	0	0	0		
Total Federal Government	\$ 3,388,668 \$	0	\$	0 \$	0 8	\$ 689,924	3 1,021,325		
Other Governments and Citizens Groups									
Other Governments									
Prisoner Board	\$ 3,779 \$	0	\$	0 \$	0	8 0 8	3 0		
Paving and Maintenance	0	0		0	116,924	0	0		
Contributions	0	0		0	0	421,228	22,899,812		
Contracted Services	366,022	0		0	0	0	0		
Citizens Groups	,-								
Donations	711,126	0		13,350	0	0	0		
Other	, ,			-,					
Other	125,000	0		0	0	0	0		
Total Other Governments and Citizens Groups	\$ 1,205,927 \$	0	\$	13,350 \$	116,924	\$ 421,228	22,899,812		
Total	\$ 100,579,906 \$	7,580,297	\$	177,997 \$	14,130,381	\$ 37,272,471	3 46,042,829		

	Capital Projects Fund	
	General Capital Projects	Total
Local Taxes		
County Property Taxes		
Current Property Tax	\$ 0	\$ 101,517,767
Current Property Tax - Tax Increment Financing	Ψ 0	149,424
Trustee's Collections - Prior Year	0	261,061
Circuit Clerk/Clerk and Master Collections - Prior Years	0	302,914
Interest and Penalty	0	113,163
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - T.V.A.	0	1,192
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Other	0	585,749
County Local Option Taxes	v	000,110
Local Option Sales Tax	0	3,608,857
Hotel/Motel Tax	0	5,649,047
Wheel Tax	0	4,721,822
Litigation Tax - General	0	50,042
Litigation Tax - Special Purpose	0	305,851
Litigation Tax - Jail, Workhouse, or Courthouse	0	496,840
Litigation Tax - Courthouse Security	0	346,754
Business Tax	0	7,066,747
Mixed Drink Tax	0	40,277
Mineral Severance Tax	0	147,536
Other County Local Option Taxes	13,290,376	13,290,376
Statutory Local Taxes		
Bank Excise Tax	0	2,272,490
Wholesale Beer Tax	0	505,242
Beer Privilege Tax	0	2,280
Other Statutory Local Taxes	0	8,295
Total Local Taxes	\$ 13,290,376	\$ 141,443,726

		Capital Projects Fund				
	Gene Capir Proje	tal	Total			
Licenses and Permits						
Licenses						
Animal Vaccination	\$	0 \$	128,549			
Cable TV Franchise		0	865,615			
<u>Permits</u>						
Beer Permits		0	2,612			
Building Permits		0	1,003,932			
Other Permits		0	69,950			
Total Licenses and Permits	<u>\$</u>	0 \$	2,070,658			
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties						
Circuit Court						
Fines	\$	0 \$	14,202			
Officers Costs	Ψ	0	44,120			
Drug Control Fines		0	18,926			
Jail Fees		0	6,830			
Judicial Commissioner Fees		0	728			
DUI Treatment Fines		0	3,325			
Data Entry Fee - Circuit Court		0	5,780			
Courtroom Security Fee		0	1,660			
Criminal Court						
Drug Control Fines		0	595			
Drug Court Fees		0	8,551			
Veterans Treatment Court Fees		0	4,530			
Data Entry Fee - Criminal Court		0	31,400			
Courtroom Security Fee		0	8,008			
Victims Assistance Assessments		0	14,764			

		Capital Projects Fund			
	Ca	neral pital ojects	Total		
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties (Cont.)					
General Sessions Court					
Fines	\$	0 \$	105,880		
Officers Costs	·	0	218,969		
Game and Fish Fines		0	157		
Drug Control Fines		0	39,273		
Drug Court Fees		0	50,083		
Veterans Treatment Court Fees		0	34,496		
Jail Fees		0	26,374		
Judicial Commissioner Fees		0	5,875		
DUI Treatment Fines		0	34,852		
Data Entry Fee - General Sessions Court		0	18,904		
Victims Assistance Assessments		0	65,322		
Juvenile Court			,		
Fines		0	40,451		
Data Entry Fee - Juvenile Court		0	3,200		
Chancery Court			,		
Officers Costs		0	9,231		
Data Entry Fee - Chancery Court		0	12,814		
Other Courts - In-county			•		
Drug Court Fees		0	3,412		
DUI Treatment Fines		0	808		
Judicial District Drug Program					
Victims Assistance Assessments		0	5,268		
Other Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties			•		
Proceeds from Confiscated Property		0	103,279		
Other Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		0	51,977		
Total Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	\$	0 \$	994,044		

	Capital Projects Fund	
	General Capital Projects	Total
Charges for Current Services		
General Service Charges		
Tipping Fees	\$ 0 \$	2,190,88
Surcharge - Waste Tire Disposal	0	278,84
Other General Service Charges	0	6,31
Service Charges	0	122,70
<u>Fees</u>		
Engineer Review Fees	0	22,00
Recreation Fees	0	6,538,58
Copy Fees	0	17,69
Library Fees	0	87,58
Archives and Records Management Fee	0	84,62
Telephone Commissions	0	161,09
Data Processing Fee - Register	0	97,21
Probation Fees	0	596,78
Data Processing Fee - Sheriff	0	16,07
Sexual Offender Registration Fee - Sheriff	0	1,90
Data Processing Fee - County Clerk	0	71,67
Vehicle Insurance Coverage and Reinstatement Fees	0	1,79
Education Charges		
Transportation from Individuals	0	25,93
Other Charges for Services	0	165,05
otal Charges for Current Services	\$ 0 \$	10,486,74
Other Local Revenues		
Recurring Items		
Investment Income	\$ 1,758,140 \$	5,283,39

	Capital Projects Fund				
	General Capital Projects	Total			
Other Local Revenues (Cont.)					
Recurring Items (Cont.)					
Lease/Rentals	\$ 0	\$ 847,83			
Sale of Materials and Supplies	0	560,18			
Commissary Sales	0	45,88			
Sale of Maps	0	121,04			
Sale of Recycled Materials	0	63,88			
Miscellaneous Refunds	0	187,28			
Expenditure Credits	0	1,88			
Nonrecurring Items					
Sale of Equipment	0	405,60			
Damages Recovered from Individuals	0	11,69			
Other Local Revenues					
Other Local Revenues	18,625,942	18,721,19			
Total Other Local Revenues	\$ 20,384,082	\$ 26,249,80			
Fees Received From County Officials					
Fees In-Lieu-of Salary					
County Clerk	\$ 0	\$ 3,356,33			
Circuit Court Clerk	0	,			
General Sessions Court Clerk	0	,			
Clerk and Master	0	566,01			
Juvenile Court Clerk	0	- / -			
Register	0	, ,			
Sheriff	0	,			
Trustee	0	- , - , -			
Total Fees Received From County Officials	\$ 0	\$ 15,874,53			

	Capital Projects Fund	
	General Capital Projects	Total
State of Tennessee		
General Government Grants		
Juvenile Services Program	\$ 0 \$	9,0
Public Safety Grants		,
Law Enforcement Training Programs	0	100,8
Public Works Grants		
State Aid Program	0	405,8
Litter Program	0	92,0
Other State Revenues		
Income Tax	0	2,968,9
Beer Tax	0	17,9
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	0	297,4
State Revenue Sharing - T.V.A.	0	1,902,1
State Revenue Sharing - Telecommunications	0	383,3
Contracted Prisoner Boarding	0	788,
Gasoline and Motor Fuel Tax	0	4,130,
Petroleum Special Tax	0	132,
T.B.I Equipment Reimbursement	0	53,
Registrar's Salary Supplement	0	15,1
Other State Grants	0	1,218,0
Other State Revenues	0	66,8
Total State of Tennessee	\$ 0 \$	12,581,6
Federal Government		
Federal Through State		
Civil Defense Reimbursement	\$ 0 \$	2,235,2
Other Federal through State	29,679	720,8

	<u> </u>	Capital Projects Fund			
		General Capital Projects	Total		
Federal Government (Cont.)					
<u>Direct Federal Revenue</u>					
Asset Forfeiture Funds	\$	0 \$	4,379		
Tax Credit Bond Rebate		0	1,711,249		
Other Direct Federal Revenue		0	457,936		
Total Federal Government	\$	29,679 \$	5,129,596		
Other Governments and Citizens Groups					
Other Governments					
Prisoner Board	\$	0 \$	3,779		
Paving and Maintenance		0	116,924		
Contributions		0	23,321,040		
Contracted Services		0	366,022		
Citizens Groups			•		
Donations		7,350,010	8,074,486		
Other					
Other		0	125,000		
Total Other Governments and Citizens Groups	\$	7,350,010 \$	32,007,251		
Total	\$	41,054,147 \$	246,838,028		

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Fund	
	General Purpose School	School Federal Projects	Central Cafeteria	Extended School Program	Education Capital Projects	Total
Local Taxes						
County Property Taxes						
Current Property Tax	\$ 146,714,113 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	146,714,113
Trustee's Collections - Prior Year	83,383	0	0	0	0	83,383
Circuit Clerk/Clerk and Master Collections - Prior Years	430,665	0	0	0	0	430,665
Interest and Penalty	136,742	0	0	0	0	136,742
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - T.V.A.	2,786	0	0	0	0	2,786
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Local Utilities	125,504	0	0	0	0	$125,\!504$
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Other	669,124	0	0	0	0	669,124
County Local Option Taxes						
Local Option Sales Tax	70,244,131	0	0	0	0	70,244,131
Mixed Drink Tax	 1,293,415	0	0	0	0	1,293,415
Total Local Taxes	\$ 219,699,863 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	219,699,863
<u>Licenses and Permits</u> <u>Licenses</u>						
Marriage Licenses	\$ 8,854 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	8,854
Total Licenses and Permits	\$ 8,854 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	8,854
<u>Charges for Current Services</u> <u>Education Charges</u>						
Tuition - Regular Day Students	\$ 279,834 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	279,834
Tuition - Summer School	52,546	0	0	0	0	52,546
Lunch Payments - Children	0	0	5,745,048	0	0	5,745,048
Lunch Payments - Adults	0	0	231,748	0	0	231,748
Income from Breakfast	0	0	349,176	0	0	349,176

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

		_	Speci	al Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund		
		General Purpose	School Federal	Central	Extended School	Education Capital	m . 1	
		School	Projects	Cafeteria	Program	Projects	Total	
Charges for Current Services (Cont.)								
Education Charges (Cont.)								
A la Carte Sales	\$	0 \$	0 \$	4,131,648 \$	0 \$	0 \$	4,131,648	
Contract for Instructional Services with Other LEA's	т.	78,203	0	0	0	0	78,203	
Receipts from Individual Schools		35,100	0	0	0	0	35,100	
Community Service Fees - Children		755,464	0	0	6,303,152	0	7,058,616	
Other Charges for Services		509,976	0	0	0	0	509,976	
Total Charges for Current Services	\$	1,711,123 \$	0 \$	10,457,620 \$	6,303,152 \$	0 \$	18,471,895	
Other Local Revenues								
Recurring Items								
Investment Income	\$	1,314,444 \$	0 \$	51,192 \$	25,315 \$	2,064,544 \$	3,455,495	
Lease/Rentals	Ψ	278,197	0	0	0	0	278,197	
Commodity Rebates		256,937	0	0	0	0	256,937	
Miscellaneous Refunds		20,152	0	499,901	73	0	520,126	
Nonrecurring Items		,		,			,	
Sale of Equipment		104,666	0	0	0	0	104,666	
Sale of Property		1,658,671	0	0	0	0	1,658,671	
Damages Recovered from Individuals		9,458	0	0	0	0	9,458	
Contributions and Gifts		57,960	0	0	0	0	57,960	
Other Local Revenues								
Other Local Revenues		192,520	0	0	0	0	192,520	
Total Other Local Revenues	\$	3,893,005 \$	0 \$	551,093 \$	25,388 \$	2,064,544 \$	6,534,030	

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

		_	Spec	cial Revenue Fund	ls	Capital Projects Fund	
		General Purpose School	School Federal Projects	Central Cafeteria	Extended School Program	Education Capital Projects	Total
State of Tennessee							
State Education Funds							
Basic Education Program	\$	138,712,612 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$ 0 \$	138,712,612
Early Childhood Education	Ψ	463,878	0	0	0	0	463,878
School Food Service		0	0	102,451	0	0	102,451
Other State Education Funds		553,262	0	0	0	0	553,262
Coordinated School Health		155,665	0	0	0	0	155,665
Career Ladder Program		433,738	0	0	0	0	433,738
Total State of Tennessee	\$	140,319,155 \$	0 \$	102,451 \$	0	\$ 0 \$	140,421,606
Federal Government							
Federal Through State							
USDA School Lunch Program	\$	0 \$	0 \$	2,141,128 \$	0	\$ 0 \$	2,141,128
USDA - Commodities		0	0	826,599	0	0	826,599
Breakfast		0	0	322,415	0	0	322,415
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States		0	322,388	0	0	0	322,388
Other Vocational		113,155	0	0	0	0	113,155
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies		0	887,512	0	0	0	887,512
Special Education - Grants to States		947,247	6,338,077	0	0	0	7,285,324
Special Education Preschool Grants		0	59,996	0	0	0	59,996
English Language Acquisition Grants		0	88,969	0	0	0	88,969
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants		0	393,781	0	0	0	393,781
Other Federal through State		0	98,706	0	0	0	98,706
<u>Direct Federal Revenue</u>							
ROTC Reimbursement		464,820	0	0	0	0	464,820
Total Federal Government	\$	1,525,222 \$	8,189,429 \$	3,290,142 \$	0 :	\$ 0 \$	13,004,793

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Revenues All Governmental Fund Types
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

	_	Spec	ial Revenue Fund	s	Capital Projects Fund	
	 General Purpose School	School Federal Projects	Central Cafeteria	Extended School Program	Education Capital Projects	Total
Other Governments and Citizens Groups Other Governments						
Contributions	\$ 505,329 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	72,244,468 \$	72,749,797
Total Other Governments and Citizens Groups	\$ 505,329 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	72,244,468 \$	72,749,797
Total	\$ 367,662,551 \$	8,189,429 \$	14,401,306 \$	6,328,540 \$	3 74,309,012 \$	470,890,838

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures -All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

eral Fund			
<u>eneral Government</u>			
County Commission			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	143,400	
Other Per Diem and Fees		6,897	
Audit Services		86,484	
Dues and Memberships		85	
Legal Notices, Recording, and Court Costs		1,881	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		3,000	
Postal Charges		2,000	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		209	
Travel		2,788	
Other Contracted Services		149,424	
Tax Relief Program		577,969	
Other Charges		384	
Total County Commission			\$ 974,52
Board of Equalization			
Board and Committee Members Fees	\$	1,990	
Total Board of Equalization			1,99
Beer Board			
Board and Committee Members Fees	\$	1,575	
Total Beer Board			1,57
Other Boards and Committees			
Board and Committee Members Fees	\$	150	
Total Other Boards and Committees			15
County Mayor/Executive			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	164,299	
Supervisor/Director		102,669	
Secretary(ies)		96,267	
Longevity Pay		1,750	
Overtime Pay		157	
Communication		2,133	
Dues and Memberships		2,810	
Operating Lease Payments		2,783	
Postal Charges		3,500	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		678	
Travel		1,846	
Other Contracted Services		114,278	
Office Supplies		1,365	
Other Supplies and Materials		475	
Premiums on Corporate Surety Bonds		100	
In Service/Staff Development		7,932	
Other Charges	_	4,622	
Total County Mayor/Executive			507,664

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) General Government (Cont.) Personnel Office			
Assistant(s)	\$	133,059	
Supervisor/Director	φ	133,033 $114,192$	
Part-time Personnel			
		6,445	
Longevity Pay		1,100	
Communication		240	
Dues and Memberships		986	
Postal Charges		125	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		2,261	
Travel		47	
Office Supplies		1,999	
In Service/Staff Development		1,695	
Total Personnel Office			\$ 262,149
County Attorney			
Legal Services	\$	791,490	
Total County Attorney		,	791,490
Election Commission			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	111,281	
Assistant(s)	Ψ	191,504	
Temporary Personnel		159,075	
Part-time Personnel		50,459	
Longevity Pay		1,600	
Overtime Pay		30,740	
Election Commission			
Election Workers		4,290	
		117,832	
Advertising		6,966	
Communication		1,188	
Dues and Memberships		4,520	
Freight Expenses		18,172	
Operating Lease Payments		5,133	
Licenses		11,825	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		33,266	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		32,946	
Postal Charges		15,986	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		22,347	
Travel		1,100	
Office Supplies		20,913	
Other Charges		4,826	
Total Election Commission			845,969
Register of Deeds			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635	
Deputy(ies)		463,407	
Longevity Pay		8,600	
Communication		325	
Dues and Memberships		1,202	
received to the control of the contr		,	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) General Government (Cont.) Register of Deeds (Cont.) Operating Lease Payments Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment Postal Charges Printing, Stationery, and Forms In Service/Staff Development Data Processing Equipment Total Register of Deeds	\$ 10,056 24,368 3,988 22,356 1,230 19,591	\$ 678,758
Development Assistant(s) Supervisor/Director Deputy(ies) Secretary(ies) Temporary Personnel Part-time Personnel Longevity Pay Board and Committee Members Fees Communication Dues and Memberships Operating Lease Payments Licenses Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment Postal Charges Other Contracted Services Office Supplies In Service/Staff Development Other Charges Total Development	\$ 1,629,831 122,460 462,338 336,148 1,824 5,044 30,800 21,310 9,733 945 10,370 23,124 2,581 4,938 3,386 7,617 505 814	2,673,768
Planning Advertising Consultants Dues and Memberships Evaluation and Testing Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles Travel Gasoline Instructional Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development Highway Construction Total Planning Building Communication Dues and Memberships Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles Gasoline	\$ 761 161,491 1,662 10,485 291 30 448 215 3,247 12,859 1,704 440 5,525 7,241	191,489

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

neral Fund (Cont.)				
deneral Government (Cont.)				
Building (Cont.)	Ф	1 401		
Uniforms	\$	1,431		
In Service/Staff Development		10,321	ф	00.000
Total Building			\$	26,662
Engineering				
Board and Committee Members Fees	\$	2,428		
Consultants		3,400		
Dues and Memberships		706		
Evaluation and Testing		2,612		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		2,832		
Permits		3,460		
Gasoline		4,620		
Instructional Supplies and Materials		370		
In Service/Staff Development		5,933		
Total Engineering				26,361
Codes Compliance				
Advertising	\$	425		
Communication		1,221		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		4,050		
Gasoline		1,370		
Periodicals		39		
Uniforms		846		
In Service/Staff Development		2,952		
Total Codes Compliance				10,903
Geographical Information Systems				
Supervisor/Director	\$	114,587		
Data Processing Personnel	4	745,060		
Secretary(ies)		38,189		
Part-time Personnel		9,466		
Longevity Pay		8,500		
Overtime Pay		5,877		
Communication		202,854		
Consultants		2,970		
Dues and Memberships		1,316		
Licenses		1,074,302		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		966		
Other Contracted Services		34,945		
Gasoline		2,452		
Instructional Supplies and Materials		2,432		
Office Supplies		6,379		
Uniforms		477		
In Service/Staff Development		1,470		
Motor Vehicles		55,978		
Total Geographical Information Systems		99,910		2,305,808
Total Goographical Information Dystems				2,500,000

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)				
General Government (Cont.)				
County Buildings				
Supervisor/Director	\$	95,160		
Deputy(ies)		128,004		
Foremen		215,451		
Mechanic(s)		774,677		
Nightwatchmen		37,778		
Clerical Personnel		50,032		
Custodial Personnel		306,279		
Part-time Personnel		269,185		
Longevity Pay		10,950		
Overtime Pay		39,243		
Communication		36,130		
Contracts with Private Agencies		197,227		
Operating Lease Payments		1,505		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings		511,791		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		30,689		
Custodial Supplies		73,796		
Electricity		622,228		
Gasoline		38,464		
Natural Gas		42,660		
Office Supplies		1,656		
Uniforms		11,597		
Water and Sewer		71,172		
In Service/Staff Development		8,221		
Other Charges		346		
Motor Vehicles				
Total County Buildings		185,013	\$	3,759,254
Total County Buildings			Φ	5,759,254
Other Facilities				
Assistant(s)	\$	73,802		
Supervisor/Director		50,356		
Part-time Personnel		25,980		
Longevity Pay		1,400		
Communication		697		
Licenses		2,839		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		461		
Travel		164		
Gasoline		311		
Office Supplies		1,822		
Other Supplies and Materials		2,619		
Communication Equipment		28,492		
Motor Vehicles		61,397		
Total Other Facilities		<u> </u>		250,340
Preservation of Records				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	61,339		
Assistant(s)	Ψ	100,285		
Temporary Personnel		5,041		
remporary refsonner		0,041		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)				
General Government (Cont.)				
Preservation of Records (Cont.)				
Part-time Personnel	\$	25,512		
Longevity Pay		350		
Board and Committee Members Fees		25		
Advertising		565		
Communication		2,506		
Dues and Memberships		996		
Operating Lease Payments		2,697		
Licenses		1,926		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		4,061		
Postal Charges		378		
Other Contracted Services		710		
Office Supplies		10,073		
Other Supplies and Materials		10,478		
Total Preservation of Records		10,110	\$	226,942
Total Troscivation of Records			Ψ	220,012
Risk Management				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	100,152		
Assistant(s)		86,938		
Longevity Pay		1,800		
Communication		1,827		
Dues and Memberships		207		
Operating Lease Payments		1,090		
Postal Charges		1,000		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		80		
Travel		228		
Instructional Supplies and Materials		446		
Office Supplies		600		
Total Risk Management	-	000		194,368
Total itisk management				134,500
Other Risk Management				
Paraprofessionals	\$	93,059		
Clerical Personnel		217,911		
Longevity Pay		2,200		
Communication		955		
Operating Lease Payments		5,486		
Postal Charges		8,350		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		4,280		
Travel		244		
Office Supplies		2,472		
In Service/Staff Development		451		
Total Other Risk Management		401		335,408
Total Other Misk Management				555,400
Finance				
Accounting and Budgeting				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	112,466		
Assistant(s)		78,593		
Accountants/Bookkeepers		484,255		
-		•		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)				
Finance (Cont.)				
Accounting and Budgeting (Cont.)				
Purchasing Personnel	\$	122,158		
Longevity Pay		7,800		
Communication		2,834		
Dues and Memberships		648		
Operating Lease Payments		1,703		
Licenses		236,468		
Postal Charges		5,544		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		4,670		
Travel		93		
Office Supplies		6,376		
In Service/Staff Development		9,133		
Other Charges		115		
Total Accounting and Budgeting		110	\$	1,072,856
Total Accounting and Budgeting			Ψ	1,072,000
Property Assessor's Office				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635		
Deputy(ies)		1,170,053		
Salary Supplements		16,338		
Part-time Personnel		45,077		
Longevity Pay		18,550		
Overtime Pay		13,759		
Advertising		120		
Communication		1,644		
Consultants		139,154		
Data Processing Services		13,998		
Dues and Memberships		3,475		
Operating Lease Payments		27,300		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		23,000		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		1,270		
Postal Charges		10,232		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		3,637		
Travel		3,534		
Gasoline		2,019		
		,		
Office Supplies Periodicals		14,033		
		6,591		
Uniforms		1,483		
In Service/Staff Development		1,710		
Other Charges		2,085		
Total Property Assessor's Office				1,642,697
County Trustee's Office				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635		
Assistant(s)	•	350,113		
Part-time Personnel		24,001		
Longevity Pay		3,850		
Overtime Pay		400		
Advertising		1,276		
Tat. of vicinity		1,2.0		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Finance (Cont.) County Trustee's Office (Cont.) Communication Data Processing Services Dues and Memberships Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment Postal Charges Printing, Stationery, and Forms	\$	1,387 43,477 1,087 25,001 4,778 2,405		
Travel		991		
Office Supplies		5,785		
In Service/Staff Development		2,991		
Other Charges		333	Ф	701 710
Total County Trustee's Office			\$	591,510
County Clerk's Office				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635		
Assistant(s)	Ψ	764,462		
Part-time Personnel		45,403		
Longevity Pay		10,950		
Advertising		1,394		
Communication		338		
Dues and Memberships		1,027		
Operating Lease Payments		3,012		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		31,283		
Postal Charges		75,244		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		10,350		
In Service/Staff Development		370		
Office Equipment		9,725		
Total County Clerk's Office		*,.==		1,077,193
Other Finance				
Duplicating Supplies	\$	36,879		
Data Processing Equipment	ψ	454,632		
Furniture and Fixtures		45,370		
Total Other Finance		40,070		536,881
Total Other Finance				990,001
Administration of Justice				
Circuit Court				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635		
Deputy(ies)	*	1,276,918		
Part-time Personnel		20,044		
Longevity Pay		21,450		
Jury and Witness Expense		19,416		
Communication		4,416		
Dues and Memberships		936		
Operating Lease Payments		43,065		
Postal Charges		17,291		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		10,174		
Food Supplies		116		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

eral Fund (Cont.) Imministration of Justice (Cont.)			
Circuit Court (Cont.)			
Office Supplies	\$	12,313	
Office Equipment	•	16,042	
Total Circuit Court			\$ 1,565,81
General Sessions Court	ф	000 715	
Judge(s)	\$	333,715	
Assistant(s)		193,533	
Probation Officer(s)		191,797	
Secretary(ies)		88,795	
Clerical Personnel		36,832	
Part-time Personnel		17,080	
Longevity Pay		4,800	
Overtime Pay		634	
Communication		666	
Contracts with Government Agencies		359,422	
Dues and Memberships		1,200	
Evaluation and Testing		4,743	
Operating Lease Payments		3,628	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		1,425	
Travel		93	
Other Contracted Services		4,864	
Office Supplies		5,855	
Periodicals		3,094	
In Service/Staff Development		581	
Other Charges		143	
Total General Sessions Court	-		1,252,90
Drug Court			
Drug Treatment	\$	98,956	
Total Drug Court	Ψ	30,330	98,95
Total Diag Court			00,00
Chancery Court	Φ.	100.005	
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635	
Assistant(s)		324,391	
Part-time Personnel		15,090	
Longevity Pay		4,050	
Overtime Pay		1,064	
Communication		334	
Dues and Memberships		1,327	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		24,939	
Postal Charges		8,101	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		5,902	
Office Supplies		5,969	
Periodicals		889	
		100	
In Service/Stail Development		100	
In Service/Staff Development Office Equipment		3,864	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Administration of Justice (Cont.)			
Juvenile Court			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	123,635	
Assistant(s)	Ψ	362,301	
Part-time Personnel		14,471	
Longevity Pay		5,450	
Communication		1,422	
Dues and Memberships		942	
*			
Operating Lease Payments		6,019	
Legal Notices, Recording, and Court Costs		50	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		1,832	
Postal Charges		5,000	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		7,965	
Travel		28	
Other Contracted Services		21,432	
Office Supplies		1,047	
Other Charges		322	
Data Processing Equipment		4,206	
Total Juvenile Court			\$ 556,122
Judicial Commissioners			
Assistant(s)	\$	310,348	
Part-time Personnel	·	30,231	
Longevity Pay		4,600	
Overtime Pay		2,323	
Communication		241	
Dues and Memberships		750	
Operating Lease Payments		2,002	
Office Supplies		997	
Periodicals		831	
In Service/Staff Development		112	
Total Judicial Commissioners		112	352,435
			332,433
Other Administration of Justice			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	26,589	
Assistant(s)		188,752	
Part-time Personnel		41,650	
Total Other Administration of Justice			256,991
Victim Assistance Programs			
Contributions	\$	88,835	
Total Victim Assistance Programs			88,835
Public Safety			
Sheriff's Department			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	126,576	
Deputy(ies)		9,102,286	
Accountants/Bookkeepers		76,918	
Salary Supplements		100,800	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Safety (Cont.)			
Sheriff's Department (Cont.)			
Clerical Personnel	\$	761,297	
Longevity Pay	φ	91,650	
Overtime Pay		398,383	
Communication		155,494	
Contracts with Private Agencies			
9		135,438	
Evaluation and Testing		19,449	
Operating Lease Payments		14,342	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		369,748	
Postal Charges		7,029	
Transportation - Other than Students		44,701	
Travel		1,709	
Data Processing Supplies		53,234	
Gasoline		458,623	
Law Enforcement Supplies		57,550	
Office Supplies		43,289	
Periodicals		1,611	
Tires and Tubes		70,066	
Uniforms		177,345	
Other Supplies and Materials		5,341	
In Service/Staff Development		198,934	
Other Charges		26,925	
Data Processing Equipment		128,168	
Law Enforcement Equipment		393,873	
Motor Vehicles		54,994	
Other Equipment		15,497	
Other Capital Outlay		432,902	
Total Sheriff's Department	-	102,002	\$ $13,\!524,\!172$
Traffic Control			
Guards	\$	169,582	
Uniforms		13,782	
Total Traffic Control			183,364
<u>Jail</u>			
Guards	\$	3,721,337	
Longevity Pay		16,450	
Overtime Pay		231,832	
Advertising		8,499	
Communication		19,226	
Evaluation and Testing		16,914	
Laundry Service		64,520	
Operating Lease Payments		14,701	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings		191,980	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		19,605	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		5,699	
Medical and Dental Services		1,653,659	
Postal Charges		667	
_ 5564 0144800		001	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Safety (Cont.)				
Jail (Cont.)	ф	0.100		
Drugs and Medical Supplies	\$	6,192		
Electricity		204,161		
Food Supplies		638,802		
Gasoline		14,732		
Natural Gas		39,969		
Office Supplies		30,308		
Periodicals		80		
Prisoners Clothing		23,862		
Uniforms		71,022		
Water and Sewer		163,790		
Other Supplies and Materials		62,652		
In Service/Staff Development		36,317		
Total Jail		00,011	\$	7,256,976
100ai 6aii			Ψ	1,200,010
Workhouse				
Deputy(ies)	\$	99,576		
Longevity Pay		2,250		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		4,959		
Gasoline		11,000		
Instructional Supplies and Materials		35,386		
Office Supplies		1,266		
Other Road Materials		3,314		
Small Tools		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		1,983		
Uniforms		856		
Other Supplies and Materials		3,698		
Total Workhouse				164,288
Juvenile Services				
$\mathrm{Judge}(\mathrm{s})$	\$	166,858		
Assistant(s)		1,635,585		
Teachers		24,763		
Part-time Personnel		81,233		
Longevity Pay		10,900		
Overtime Pay		10,377		
Communication		8,150		
Contracts with Government Agencies		193,101		
Dues and Memberships		2,609		
Operating Lease Payments		7,214		
Licenses		10,409		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		2,705		
Medical and Dental Services		15,460		
Postal Charges		1,125		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		2,652		
Transportation - Other than Students		3,734		
Travel		9,795		
Other Contracted Services		19,477		
Food Supplies		13,151		
.		*		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Safety (Cont.)			
Juvenile Services (Cont.)			
Instructional Supplies and Materials	\$	26	
Office Supplies	Ф	5,897	
11		,	
Periodicals		2,181	
Uniforms		5,535	
Other Supplies and Materials		18,559	
In Service/Staff Development		7,953	
Other Charges		389	
Total Juvenile Services			\$ 2,259,838
Fire Prevention and Control			
Contracts with Government Agencies	\$	2,000	
Contributions		494,359	
Total Fire Prevention and Control			496,359
Other Emergency Management			
Printing, Stationery, and Forms	\$	50	
In Service/Staff Development	Ψ	5,496	
Total Other Emergency Management		0,100	5,546
County Coroner/Medical Examiner			
Contracts with Private Agencies	\$	01.650	
9	Ф	91,650	
Medical and Dental Services		37,050	
Other Contracted Services		100,690	
Drugs and Medical Supplies		72,260	
Total County Coroner/Medical Examiner			301,650
Other Public Safety			
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	107,027	
Assistant(s)		691,695	
Supervisor/Director		148,964	
Dispatchers/Radio Operators		1,805,882	
Secretary(ies)		45,084	
Part-time Personnel		50,152	
Longevity Pay		11,450	
Overtime Pay		281,546	
Advertising		247	
Communication		97,616	
Dues and Memberships		1,467	
Evaluation and Testing		24,580	
Operating Lease Payments		259,976	
Maintenance Agreements		434,710	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		52,088	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		12,577	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Onice Equipment Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		34,769	
Postal Charges		218	
Travel			
		1,671	
Other Contracted Services		6,325	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Safety (Cont.) Other Public Safety (Cont.) Electricity Gasoline Natural Gas Office Supplies Uniforms Water and Sewer Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development Motor Vehicles Other Equipment Total Other Public Safety	\$ 291,450 44,686 44,171 7,115 41,683 7,627 32,646 47,022 138,715 162,939	\$	4,886,098
		*	-,,
Public Health and Welfare Local Health Center Medical Personnel Secretary(ies) Clerical Personnel Custodial Personnel Part-time Personnel Longevity Pay Board and Committee Members Fees Communication Contracts with Government Agencies Dues and Memberships Laundry Service Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings Travel Other Contracted Services Drugs and Medical Supplies Food Supplies Instructional Supplies and Materials Office Supplies Utilities Liability Insurance Other Charges Total Local Health Center	\$ 206,168 38,158 34,310 27,957 16,924 7,750 2,425 11,331 616,231 642 187 16,913 3,863 6,139 5,899 2,333 8,572 1,677 27,745 1,224 767		1,037,215
D.1. 1. 1. 1			
Rabies and Animal Control Assistant(s) Supervisor/Director Paraprofessionals Attendants Custodial Personnel Part-time Personnel Longevity Pay Overtime Pay Communication	\$ 49,622 78,206 144,307 534,569 25,414 85,743 2,400 40,376 11,579		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Health and Welfare (Cont.)		
Rabies and Animal Control (Cont.)		
Contracts with Private Agencies	\$ 4,370	
Operating Lease Payments	1,885	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles	7,469	
Postal Charges	500	
Printing, Stationery, and Forms	2,238	
Veterinary Services	14,252	
Other Contracted Services	11,608	
Animal Food and Supplies	47,409	
Custodial Supplies	6,929	
Drugs and Medical Supplies	197,090	
Electricity	24,862	
Gasoline	14,378	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	392	
Natural Gas	6,239	
Office Supplies	9,008	
Uniforms	4,442	
Water and Sewer	10,814	
Other Supplies and Materials	22,874	
In Service/Staff Development	13,039	
Data Processing Equipment	16,659	
Total Rabies and Animal Control		\$ 1,388,673
Ambulance/Emergency Medical Services		
Contracts with Government Agencies	\$ 1,943,624	
Total Ambulance/Emergency Medical Services		1,943,624
Regional Mental Health Center		
Contributions	\$ 19,000	
Total Regional Mental Health Center	φ 13,000	19,000
Appropriation to State		
Contributions	\$ 103,816	
Total Appropriation to State		103,816
General Welfare Assistance		
Contributions	\$ 17,617	
Total General Welfare Assistance	 	17,617
Aid to Dependent Children		
Contracts with Government Agencies	\$ 10,370	
Total Aid to Dependent Children	Ψ 10,010	10,370
Total the to Dependent Officient		10,570
Other Local Welfare Services		
Pauper Burials	\$ 1,200	
Total Other Local Welfare Services		1,200

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Public Health and Welfare (Cont.)				
Other Public Health and Welfare				
	Ф	7 175		
Communication	\$	7,175		
Dues and Memberships		1,939		
Operating Lease Payments		8,534		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		3,584		
Postal Charges		315		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		993		
Data Processing Supplies		389		
Gasoline		9,423		
Office Supplies		6,750		
Periodicals		39		
Uniforms		2,475		
Other Supplies and Materials		3,815		
In Service/Staff Development		4,282		
Total Other Public Health and Welfare		1,202	\$	49,713
Total Other Lubiic Health and Wenare			Ψ	40,710
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services				
Adult Activities				
Contributions	\$	22,732		
Total Adult Activities				22,732
Senior Citizens Assistance				
Contributions	\$	56,552		
Total Senior Citizens Assistance				56,552
Libraries				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	84,999		
Librarians	,	1,329,467		
Temporary Personnel		14,879		
Part-time Personnel		279,393		
Longevity Pay		15,250		
Communication		12,609		
Contributions				
		98,115		
Data Processing Services		5,500		
Dues and Memberships		342		
Operating Lease Payments		10,466		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		4,608		
Postal Charges		1,981		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		1,269		
Travel		69		
Other Contracted Services		19,648		
Data Processing Supplies		149,154		
Library Books/Media		237,941		
Office Supplies		9,208		
Periodicals		7,500		
Utilities		119,978		
Other Supplies and Materials		35,234		
In Service/Staff Development		2,116		
in bet vicerbian Development		2,110		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)				
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services (Cont.)				
Libraries (Cont.)				
Other Charges	\$	8,000		
Data Processing Equipment	Ψ	13,378		
Other Capital Outlay		11,682		
Total Libraries		11,002	\$	2,472,786
Total Libraries			Ψ	2,412,100
Parks and Fair Boards				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	107,235		
Assistant(s)		2,389,754		
Supervisor/Director		503,211		
Mechanic(s)		43,243		
Clerical Personnel		321,755		
Custodial Personnel		223,960		
Maintenance Personnel		881,556		
Temporary Personnel		519,683		
Part-time Personnel		3,884,525		
Longevity Pay		35,100		
Overtime Pay		24,251		
Advertising		33,915		
Communication		89,540		
Contracts with Private Agencies		299,080		
Dues and Memberships		6,533		
Evaluation and Testing		3,740		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings		508,196		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		116,036		
• • • •				
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		48,443		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		44,406		
Pest Control		4,260		
Postal Charges		1,525		
Printing, Stationery, and Forms		26,368		
Rentals		4,335		
Travel		2,949		
Disposal Fees		31,382		
Permits		3,817		
Other Contracted Services		204,098		
Custodial Supplies		153,714		
Drugs and Medical Supplies		13,957		
Electricity		910,813		
Fertilizer, Lime, and Seed		95,127		
Food Supplies		8,799		
Fuel Oil		2,105		
Gasoline		55,334		
Instructional Supplies and Materials		215,440		
Natural Gas		180,870		
Office Supplies		28,092		
Periodicals		1,393		
Sand		2,200		
Uniforms		41,951		
		-,		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)		
Social, Cultural, and Recreational Services (Cont.)		
Parks and Fair Boards (Cont.)		
Water and Sewer	\$ 263,663	
Chemicals	103,960	
Other Supplies and Materials	152,698	
Refunds	64,863	
Surcharge	26,452	
In Service/Staff Development	6,488	
Other Charges	232,871	
Motor Vehicles	 259,797	
Total Parks and Fair Boards		\$ 13,183,483
Other Social, Cultural, and Recreational		
Supervisor/Director	\$ 84,594	
Foremen	54,683	
Clerical Personnel	95,524	
Cafeteria Personnel	76,025	
Maintenance Personnel	303,959	
Temporary Personnel	14,590	
Longevity Pay	6,500	
Overtime Pay	24,070	
Communication	11,775	
Dues and Memberships	541	
Operating Lease Payments	1,499	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings	54,158	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment	8,305	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles	2,500	
Rentals	13,006	
Travel	517	
Disposal Fees	12,728	
Other Contracted Services	5,316	
Custodial Supplies	15,000	
Electricity	166,982	
· ·		
Food Supplies Gasoline	81,192	
	3,958	
Natural Gas	28,066	
Office Supplies	1,000	
Small Tools	2,193	
Tires and Tubes	2,500	
Uniforms	7,571	
Water and Sewer	33,336	
Other Supplies and Materials	31,825	
In Service/Staff Development	1,991	
Other Capital Outlay	 24,931	
Total Other Social, Cultural, and Recreational		1,170,835
Agriculture and Natural Resources		
Agricultural Extension Service		
Assistant(s)	\$ 30,479	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.)			
Agriculture and Natural Resources (Cont.)			
Agricultural Extension Service (Cont.)			
Salary Supplements	\$	198,169	
Part-time Personnel	*	67,188	
Longevity Pay		2,016	
Board and Committee Members Fees		825	
Social Security		11,560	
Extension Service Medicare		2,618	
Pensions		29,294	
Medical Insurance		21,304	
Communication		2,409	
Dues and Memberships		865	
Janitorial Services		6,998	
Operating Lease Payments		1,992	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		2,037	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		1,391	
Travel		238	
Gasoline		1,539	
Office Equipment		4,321	
Total Agricultural Extension Service			\$ 385,243
Soil Conservation			
Secretary(ies)	\$	49,327	
Longevity Pay		1,700	
Other Charges		5,463	
Total Soil Conservation	<u></u>		56,490
Other Operations			
Other Economic and Community Development			
Contracts with Other Public Agencies	\$	400,000	
Total Other Economic and Community Development	Ψ	100,000	400,000
Public Transportation			
Other Contracted Services	\$	732,957	
Total Public Transportation	Ψ	102,001	732,957
Vatananal Carriaga			
Veterans' Services	Ф	17 000	
Supervisor/Director	\$	17,222	
Dues and Memberships Travel		449 90	
Office Supplies		494	
Other Supplies and Materials		2,413	00.000
Total Veterans' Services			20,668
Other Charges			
Dues and Memberships	\$	74,513	
Building and Contents Insurance		185,524	
Excess Risk Insurance		942,688	
Trustee's Commission		1,323,342	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Fund (Cont.) Other Operations (Cont.) Other Charges (Cont.) Workers' Compensation Insurance Liability Claims Total Other Charges	\$ 75,964 981,267	\$ 3,583,298	
Employee Benefits Social Security Pensions Life Insurance	\$ 2,940,835 2,073,493 49,296		
Medical Insurance Disability Insurance Unemployment Compensation Local Retirement Employer Medicare	 $10,123,052 \\ 24,598 \\ 9,447 \\ 150,000 \\ 694,681$		
Total Employee Benefits		16,065,402	
Miscellaneous Contracts with Government Agencies Contracts with Private Agencies Contributions Total Miscellaneous	\$ 40,592 98,610 1,592,757	 1,731,959	
Total General Fund			\$ 97,210,340
Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund Public Health and Welfare Sanitation Management			
Supervisor/Director Deputy(ies) Laborers	\$ 92,414 213,744 708,499		
Guards Clerical Personnel Longevity Pay Overtime Pay	598,033 118,412 14,450 91,156		
Advertising Communication Dues and Memberships	2,966 16,124 978		
Evaluation and Testing Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment	903 18,723 200,461		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment	2,929		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles Postal Charges Printing Stationery, and Forms	$154,636 \\ 292$		
<u> •</u>	154,636		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund (Cont.)				
Public Health and Welfare (Cont.)				
Sanitation Management (Cont.)				
Gasoline	\$	11,022		
Lubricants		12,490		
Natural Gas		2,433		
Office Supplies		2,276		
Periodicals		272		
Tires and Tubes		57,769		
Uniforms		12,668		
Water and Sewer		2,388		
Other Supplies and Materials		26,171		
In Service/Staff Development		4,534		
Other Charges		57,839		
Total Sanitation Management		01,000	\$ 5,014,822	
Other Operations				
Other Charges				
Building and Contents Insurance	\$	7,945		
Excess Risk Insurance		147,220		
Trustee's Commission		107,770		
Workers' Compensation Insurance		2,452		
Liability Claims		241,915		
Total Other Charges		211,010	507,302	
Total Other Charges			507,502	
Employee Benefits				
Social Security	\$	108,727		
Pensions	ψ	59,912		
Life Insurance		,		
		1,404		
Medical Insurance		286,200		
Disability Insurance		2,040		
Employer Medicare	-	25,614	400.007	
Total Employee Benefits			 483,897	
Total Solid Waste/Sanitation Fund				\$ 6,006,021
Drug Control Fund				
Public Safety				
Drug Enforcement				
Communication	\$	2,601		
Confidential Drug Enforcement Payments	Ψ	20,000		
Operating Lease Payments		1,041		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		299		
Towing Services		505		
6				
Other Supplies and Materials		9,530		
Trustee's Commission		588		
In Service/Staff Development		2,372		
Other Capital Outlay		34,506	= 4.40	
Total Drug Enforcement			\$ 71,442	
Total Drug Control Fund				71,442

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

Highway/Public Works Fund				
Highways				
Administration				
County Official/Administrative Officer	\$	135,991		
Accountants/Bookkeepers		70,772		
Dispatchers/Radio Operators		61,890		
Secretary(ies)		51,324		
Longevity Pay		47,150		
Board and Committee Members Fees		9,500		
Advertising		181		
Communication		9,521		
Engineering Services		381,396		
Evaluation and Testing		1,490		
Operating Lease Payments		1,194		
Legal Services		17,670		
Legal Notices, Recording, and Court Costs		138		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Office Equipment		257		
Postal Charges		914		
Electricity		37,107		
Natural Gas		14,230		
Office Supplies		271		
Water and Sewer		16,295		
Other Charges		3,362		
Total Administration		3,302	\$	860,653
Total Administration			ф	000,000
Highway and Bridge Maintenance				
Foremen	\$	190,539		
Equipment Operators		2,431,704		
Part-time Personnel		59,318		
Overtime Pay		34,976		
Contracts with Private Agencies		115,184		
Rentals		22,998		
Asphalt - Cold Mix		4,642		
Asphalt - Hot Mix		3,237,841		
Asphalt - Liquid		27,513		
Other Road Materials		178,098		
Pipe		76,885		
Road Signs		18,458		
Uniforms		22,226		
Other Charges		136		
Total Highway and Bridge Maintenance				6,420,518
Town Ingilia, and Dringe Finance				0,120,010
Operation and Maintenance of Equipment	ф	05.055		
Foremen	\$	67,257		
Mechanic(s)		183,635		
Nightwatchmen		128,209		
Part-time Personnel		8,691		
Diesel Fuel		264,021		
Equipment Parts - Heavy		438,783		
Equipment and Machinery Parts		1,637		

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

Highway/Public Works Fund (Cont.)			
Highways (Cont.)			
Operation and Maintenance of Equipment (Cont.)			
Garage Supplies	\$ 25,959		
Gasoline	101,076		
Lubricants	18,184		
Tires and Tubes	50,352		
Total Operation and Maintenance of Equipment		\$ 1,287,804	
Quarry Operations			
Equipment Operators	\$ 373,274		
Overtime Pay	1,852		
Explosive and Drilling Services	47,317		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles	111,223		
Electricity	39,392		
Other Supplies and Materials	 2,639		
Total Quarry Operations		575,697	
Other Charges			
Building and Contents Insurance	\$ 14,014		
Excess Risk Insurance	320,247		
Trustee's Commission	130,901		
Workers' Compensation Insurance	4,947		
Liability Claims	 129,481		
Total Other Charges		599,590	
Employee Benefits			
Social Security	\$ 229,119		
Pensions	182,056		
Life Insurance	4,200		
Medical Insurance	826,800		
Disability Insurance	1,404		
Unemployment Compensation	1,405		
Employer Medicare	 53,624		
Total Employee Benefits		1,298,608	
Capital Outlay			
Bridge Construction	\$ 36,282		
Highway Construction	93,546		
Highway Equipment	879,392		
Site Development	 6,023		
Total Capital Outlay		 1,015,243	
Total Highway/Public Works Fund			\$ 12,058,113
General Debt Service Fund			
Principal on Debt			
General Government			
Principal on Bonds	\$ 12,745,000		
Total General Government	 	\$ 12,745,000	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Debt Service Fund (Cont.) Principal on Debt (Cont.)					
Education	Ф	10.050.000			
Principal on Bonds Total Education	\$	13,850,000	\$	13,850,000	
Total Baddulon			Ψ	10,000,000	
Interest on Debt					
General Government	Ф	0.047.550			
Interest on Bonds Total General Government	\$	6,047,558		6,047,558	
Total delieral dovernment				0,047,000	
Education					
Interest on Bonds	\$	7,729,058			
Total Education				7,729,058	
Other Debt Service					
General Government					
Fiscal Agent Charges	\$	7,754			
Trustee's Commission		736,105			
Total General Government				743,859	
Education					
Underwriter's Discount	\$	56,037			
Other Debt Issuance Charges		78,100			
Other Debt Service		60,300			
Total Education				194,437	
Total General Debt Service Fund					\$ 41,309,912
					\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund					\$ 41,309,912
					\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt	\$	32,705,000			\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases	\$	32,705,000 137,869			\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds	\$		\$	32,842,869	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education	\$		\$	32,842,869	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt	\$		\$	32,842,869	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education	\$		\$	32,842,869	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education	<u>-</u>	137,869	\$	32,842,869 15,254,274	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education	<u>-</u>	137,869	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service	<u>-</u>	137,869	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service Education	\$	137,869	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service	<u>-</u>	137,869	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service Education Fiscal Agent Charges	\$	137,869 15,254,274 9,841	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service Education Fiscal Agent Charges Trustee's Commission Underwriter's Discount Other Debt Issuance Charges	\$	137,869 15,254,274 9,841 624,868 55,545 105,600	\$		\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service Education Fiscal Agent Charges Trustee's Commission Underwriter's Discount Other Debt Issuance Charges Other Debt Service	\$	137,869 15,254,274 9,841 624,868 55,545	\$	15,254,274	\$ 41,309,912
Rural Debt Service Fund Principal on Debt Education Principal on Bonds Principal on Capital Leases Total Education Interest on Debt Education Interest on Bonds Total Education Other Debt Service Education Fiscal Agent Charges Trustee's Commission Underwriter's Discount Other Debt Issuance Charges	\$	137,869 15,254,274 9,841 624,868 55,545 105,600	\$		\$ 41,309,912

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects General Administration Projects			
Underwriter's Discount	\$	19,627	
Other Debt Issuance Charges		62,114	
Building Improvements		3,117,073	
Heating and Air Conditioning Equipment		41,731	
Other Equipment		290,840	
Other Capital Outlay		963,077	
Total General Administration Projects			\$ 4,494,462
Public Safety Projects			
Trustee's Commission	\$	3,889	
Building Construction		34,976	
Building Improvements		423,739	
Communication Equipment		67,999	
Data Processing Equipment		160,411	
Heating and Air Conditioning Equipment		47,106	
Land		423,934	
Motor Vehicles		3,007,675	
Other Equipment		921,938	
Other Capital Outlay		7,684,794	
Total Public Safety Projects		1,004,104	12,776,461
Dublic Health and Walfana Dusicota			
Public Health and Welfare Projects	Ф	90.961	
Building Construction	\$	29,861	
Solid Waste Equipment		350,035	
Other Equipment		232,474	
Other Capital Outlay		339,898	0=0000
Total Public Health and Welfare Projects			952,268
Social, Cultural, and Recreation Projects			
Trustee's Commission	\$	5,481	
Land		2,222,530	
Other Equipment		11,487	
Other Construction		175,664	
Other Capital Outlay		4,531,817	
Total Social, Cultural, and Recreation Projects			6,946,979
Other General Government Projects			
Other Capital Outlay	\$	17,500	
Total Other General Government Projects			17,500
Highway and Street Capital Projects			
Trustee's Commission	\$	707	
Highway Construction	*	664,559	
Total Highway and Street Capital Projects			665,266
Education Capital Projects			
Trustee's Commission	\$	316,455	
	Ψ	313,100	

Williamson County, Tennessee Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types (Cont.)

General Capital Projects Fund (Cont.)			
Capital Projects (Cont.)			
Education Capital Projects (Cont.)			
Underwriter's Discount	\$ 89,983		
Other Debt Issuance Charges	 133,281		
Total Education Capital Projects		\$ 539,719	
Capital Projects - Donated			
Capital Projects Donated to School Department			
Contributions	\$ 72,244,468		
Total Capital Projects Donated to School Department		 72,244,468	
Total General Capital Projects Fund			\$ 98,637,123
Education Capital Projects Fund			
Capital Projects			
Education Capital Projects			
Contributions	\$ 505,329		
Total Education Capital Projects	 	\$ 505,329	
Total Education Capital Projects Fund			 505,329
Total Governmental Funds - Primary Government			\$ 304,730,527

General Purpose School Fund			
Instruction			
Regular Instruction Program			
Teachers	\$	111,824,688	
Career Ladder Program		214,701	
Homebound Teachers		209,675	
Educational Assistants		2,661,875	
Longevity Pay		35,100	
Overtime Pay		1,495	
Other Salaries and Wages		828,728	
Certified Substitute Teachers		791,049	
Non-certified Substitute Teachers		2,640,146	
Social Security		7,032,183	
Pensions		10,448,970	
Life Insurance		93,024	
Medical Insurance		23,118,900	
Dental Insurance		1,144,500	
Unemployment Compensation		11,987	
Employer Medicare		1,657,708	
		80,347	
Retirement - Hybrid Stabilization			
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		92,802	
Other Contracted Services		212,916	
Instructional Supplies and Materials		836,222	
Textbooks - Bound		2,628,508	
Software		1,889,110	
Other Supplies and Materials		32,792	
Other Charges		689,709	
Regular Instruction Equipment		89,624	
Total Regular Instruction Program			\$ 169,266,759
Alternative Instruction Program			
Teachers	\$	365,476	
Career Ladder Program		2,000	
Educational Assistants		48,633	
Social Security		23,021	
Pensions		38,843	
Life Insurance		350	
Medical Insurance		90,900	
Dental Insurance		4,500	
Employer Medicare		5,686	
Other Supplies and Materials		4,226	
Other Equipment		5,391	
Total Alternative Instruction Program			589,026
Special Education Program			
Teachers	\$	18,979,985	
Career Ladder Program	·	35,347	
Educational Assistants		9,068,064	
Speech Pathologist		2,510,029	
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General Purpose School Fund (Cont.)		
<u>Instruction (Cont.)</u>		
Special Education Program (Cont.)		
Longevity Pay	\$ 73,450	
Overtime Pay	34	
Other Salaries and Wages	282,819	
Social Security	1,810,370	
Pensions	2,398,880	
Life Insurance	39,614	
Medical Insurance	9,941,103	
Dental Insurance	492,750	
Employer Medicare	424,034	
Contracts with Other Public Agencies	51,434	
Contracts with Other Lubic Agencies Contracts with Private Agencies	1,135,636	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment		
± ± ±	12,657	
Other Contracted Services	51,927	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	207,519	
Textbooks - Bound	80,803	
Special Education Equipment	 76,100	.= .= . = . = =
Total Special Education Program		\$ 47,672,555
Career and Technical Education Program		
Teachers	\$ 3,519,730	
Career Ladder Program	8,500	
Educational Assistants	623,907	
Longevity Pay	2,950	
Overtime Pay	1,459	
Other Salaries and Wages	78,429	
Social Security	251,503	
Pensions	342,988	
Life Insurance	3,559	
Medical Insurance	848,400	
Dental Insurance	42,000	
Employer Medicare	58,824	
1 0	4,316	
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment Other Contracted Services		
	227,117	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	178,377	
Other Charges	2,381	
Vocational Instruction Equipment	41,315	
Other Equipment	 505,329	0.544.004
Total Career and Technical Education Program		6,741,084
Student Body Education Program		
Other Salaries and Wages	\$ 62,197	
Certified Substitute Teachers	61,673	
In-service Training	6,260	
Other Contracted Services	8,074	
Instructional Supplies and Materials	501,760	
Library Books/Media	159,139	

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Instruction (Cont.) Student Body Education Program (Cont.) Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development Fee Waivers Other Charges	\$	131,383 152,877 13,856 99,594	
Regular Instruction Equipment		372,295	
Total Student Body Education Program		_	\$ 1,569,108
Support Services			
Attendance			
Supervisor/Director	\$	87,174	
Longevity Pay	Ψ	1,250	
Other Salaries and Wages		255,250	
Social Security		20,086	
Pensions		24,674	
Life Insurance		243	
Medical Insurance		60,600	
Dental Insurance		3,000	
Employer Medicare		4,698	
Other Contracted Services		106	
In Service/Staff Development		4,683	
Total Attendance	-	4,000	461 764
Total Attendance			461,764
Health Services			
Medical Personnel	\$	3,666,750	
Longevity Pay	Ψ	13,150	
Other Salaries and Wages		120,980	
Social Security		220,356	
Pensions			
		293,008	
Life Insurance		3,216	
Medical Insurance		821,920	
Dental Insurance		40,750	
Employer Medicare		51,766	
Communication		720	
Travel		13,546	
Other Contracted Services		18,090	
Drugs and Medical Supplies		21,714	
Other Supplies and Materials		12,024	
In Service/Staff Development		3,524	
Health Equipment		16,806	
Total Health Services			5,318,320
Other Student Support			
Career Ladder Program	\$	7,000	
Guidance Personnel	Ψ	5,403,602	
Social Workers		482,526	
Secretary(ies)		360,558	
Scorotary (105)		500,550	

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Other Student Support (Cont.) Longevity Pay Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Contracts with Government Agencies Other Contracted Services	\$ 3,550 362,694 552,899 5,102 1,292,800 64,000 86,035 267,220 705,654		
Other Supplies and Materials	 124,866	\$	0.719.506
Total Other Student Support		Ф	9,718,506
Regular Instruction Program Supervisor/Director Career Ladder Program Librarians Secretary(ies) Clerical Personnel Longevity Pay Other Salaries and Wages Certified Substitute Teachers In-service Training Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Consultants Travel	\$ 641,227 18,501 2,820,984 346,905 821,489 22,450 2,543,378 501 53,813 427,215 663,089 5,650 1,482,410 73,500 100,040 1,390 34,405		
Other Contracted Services Other Supplies and Materials	128,831 $75,634$		
In Service/Staff Development	222,375		
Other Charges	129,574		
Regular Instruction Equipment	 23,790		
Total Regular Instruction Program			10,637,151
Alternative Instruction Program Supervisor/Director Secretary(ies) Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare	\$ 111,909 35,624 8,697 13,433 102 20,200 1,000 2,034		
Total Alternative Instruction Program	 		192,999

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.)				
Support Services (Cont.)				
Special Education Program				
Supervisor/Director	\$	118,248		
Career Ladder Program	,	4,000		
Psychological Personnel		2,712,650		
Secretary(ies)		64,856		
Other Salaries and Wages		758,411		
In-service Training		89,348		
Social Security		221,629		
Pensions		344,631		
Life Insurance		2,470		
Medical Insurance		616,100		
Dental Insurance		30,500		
Employer Medicare		51,866		
Travel		97,110		
Other Contracted Services		650,805		
Other Supplies and Materials		144,606		
In Service/Staff Development		63,049		
Total Special Education Program		05,045	\$	5,970,279
Total Special Education Program			ψ	5,510,215
Career and Technical Education Program				
Supervisor/Director	\$	119,614		
Secretary(ies)		28,320		
Longevity Pay		1,050		
Other Salaries and Wages		39,033		
Social Security		10,920		
Pensions		16,509		
Life Insurance		101		
Medical Insurance		25,250		
Dental Insurance		1,250		
Employer Medicare		2,667		
Travel		5,668		
Other Contracted Services		21,596		
Other Supplies and Materials		1,113		
In Service/Staff Development		16,854		
Other Equipment		1,799		
Total Career and Technical Education Program		1,100		291,744
Total Career and Technical Education Program				231,744
<u>Technology</u>				
Supervisor/Director	\$	111,206		
Data Processing Personnel		2,227,119		
Longevity Pay		23,000		
Overtime Pay		46,525		
Social Security		141,230		
Pensions		116,828		
Life Insurance		1,154		
Medical Insurance		383,800		
Dental Insurance		19,000		
		10,000		

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Technology (Cont.) Employer Medicare Internet Connectivity Travel Other Contracted Services Instructional Supplies and Materials Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development Data Processing Equipment Total Technology	\$ 33,037 614,936 18,795 2,196,012 540,010 103,297 3,174 135,647	\$ 6,714,770
Board of Education Other Salaries and Wages Board and Committee Members Fees Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Audit Services Contributions Dues and Memberships Legal Services Travel Lobbying Services Other Contracted Services Other Supplies and Materials Judgments Liability Insurance Trustee's Commission Workers' Compensation Insurance In Service/Staff Development Criminal Investigation of Applicants - TBI Total Board of Education	\$ $\begin{array}{c} 94,538 \\ 72,600 \\ 8,718 \\ 4,601 \\ 40 \\ 10,100 \\ 500 \\ 2,039 \\ 53,795 \\ 499,901 \\ 20,347 \\ 2,652 \\ 641 \\ 17,500 \\ 8,724 \\ 6,744 \\ 48,670 \\ 1,167,020 \\ 3,692,708 \\ 1,277,452 \\ 4,522 \\ 91,237 \\ \end{array}$	7,085,049
Director of Schools County Official/Administrative Officer Assistant(s) Career Ladder Program Secretary(ies) Longevity Pay Other Salaries and Wages Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance	\$ 296,221 139,717 500 213,854 3,950 274,309 45,294 63,320 947 111,100	

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Director of Schools (Cont.) Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Communication Travel Other Contracted Services Office Supplies	\$ 5,500 12,990 192,639 610 41,097 31,578	
Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development	$155 \\ 6,603$	
Total Director of Schools	 0,000	\$ 1,440,384
Office of the Principal		
Principals	\$ 5,470,282	
Career Ladder Program	32,043	
Accountants/Bookkeepers	1,809,194	
Assistant Principals	7,312,984	
Secretary(ies)	2,331,161	
Longevity Pay	44,750	
Overtime Pay	2,154	
Social Security	999,676	
Pensions	1,502,600	
Life Insurance	10,326	
Medical Insurance	2,571,026	
Dental Insurance	127,500	
Employer Medicare	235,528	
Other Contracted Services	 468,035	
Total Office of the Principal		22,917,259
Fiscal Services		
Supervisor/Director	\$ 132,905	
Accountants/Bookkeepers	592,893	
Purchasing Personnel	256,323	
Longevity Pay	10,700	
Overtime Pay	3,132	
Other Salaries and Wages	104,155	
Social Security	63,891	
Pensions	51,633	
Life Insurance	688	
Medical Insurance	171,700	
Dental Insurance	8,500	
Employer Medicare	15,030	
Travel	808	
Other Contracted Services	107,384	
In Service/Staff Development	14,792	
Administration Equipment	 82,321	
Total Fiscal Services		1,616,855

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.)			
Support Services (Cont.)			
Human Services/Personnel			
Supervisor/Director	\$	123,051	
Secretary(ies)	Ψ	374,215	
Longevity Pay		2,500	
Overtime Pay		1,471	
Other Salaries and Wages		302,078	
Social Security			
Pensions		46,781	
		39,073	
Life Insurance		648	
Medical Insurance		161,600	
Dental Insurance		8,000	
Employer Medicare		10,941	
Travel		1,006	
Other Contracted Services		65,107	
Other Supplies and Materials		73,965	
In Service/Staff Development		13,172	
Administration Equipment		3,900	
Total Human Services/Personnel			\$ 1,227,508
Operation of Plant			
Supervisor/Director	\$	120,413	
Secretary(ies)		32,748	
Custodial Personnel		232,796	
Longevity Pay		4,450	
Other Salaries and Wages		152,322	
Social Security		32,667	
Pensions		26,568	
Life Insurance		364	
Medical Insurance		90,900	
Dental Insurance		4,500	
Employer Medicare		7,640	
Janitorial Services		7,486,293	
Disposal Fees			
1		139,183	
Other Contracted Services		22,955	
Electricity		6,304,148	
Natural Gas		372,723	
Water and Sewer		1,433,168	
Other Supplies and Materials		58,257	
Building and Contents Insurance		463,089	
Building Improvements		81,293	
Total Operation of Plant			17,066,477
Maintenance of Plant			
Supervisor/Director	\$	97,378	
Secretary(ies)		86,178	
Maintenance Personnel		2,941,750	
Longevity Pay		31,050	

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Maintenance of Plant (Cont.) Overtime Pay Other Salaries and Wages Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment	\$	87,204 149,888 199,725 162,653 3,321 828,200 41,000 47,069 684,212 353,430		
Other Contracted Services		1,548,206		
General Construction Materials		1,296,508		
Other Supplies and Materials		9,579		
In Service/Staff Development		9,762		
Other Charges		14,831		
Administration Equipment		227,911		
Plant Operation Equipment		59,855	Ф	0.000.004
Total Maintenance of Plant			\$	8,880,334
<u>Transportation</u> Supervisor/Director	\$	97,378		
Mechanic(s)	т	328,921		
Bus Drivers		7,408,905		
Clerical Personnel		135,926		
Longevity Pay		115,500		
Overtime Pay		501,993		
Other Salaries and Wages		1,366,813		
Social Security		581,026		
Pensions		478,413		
Life Insurance		14,578		
Medical Insurance		3,636,000		
Dental Insurance		180,000		
Employer Medicare		136,543		
Contracts with Private Agencies		4,570		
Contracts with Parents		12,864		
Contracts with Public Carriers		7,255		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Buildings		3,699		
Maintenance and Repair Services - Vehicles		344,041		
Other Contracted Services		26,405		
Gasoline		1,518,134		
Lubricants		30,877		
Tires and Tubes		208,570		
Vehicle Parts		489,296		
Other Supplies and Materials		35,414		
Vehicle and Equipment Insurance		335,688		

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Transportation (Cont.) In Service/Staff Development Other Charges Transportation Equipment	\$	5,243 30,966 276,284	
Total Transportation	-	210,204	\$ 18,311,302
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Community Services Supervisor/Director Clerical Personnel Longevity Pay Overtime Pay Other Salaries and Wages Social Security Pensions	\$	97,378 60,582 3,050 2,681 421,193 34,707	
Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Travel Other Contracted Services Food Supplies Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development		27,776 283 70,700 3,500 8,243 3,855 130,327 876 11,622 9,326	
Total Community Services		5,620	886,099
Early Childhood Education Supervisor/Director Teachers Career Ladder Program Educational Assistants In-service Training Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Travel Other Contracted Services Instructional Supplies and Materials Other Supplies and Materials In Service/Staff Development Regular Instruction Equipment Total Early Childhood Education	\$	89,260 360,082 1,000 100,641 361 32,924 39,806 364 90,900 4,500 7,702 593 600 23,960 15,111 3,368 11,054	782,226

General Purpose School Fund (Cont.) Other Debt Service Education Contributions Debt Service Contribution to Primary Government Total Education Total General Purpose School Fund	\$	11,045,723 676,786	\$	11,722,509	\$ 357,080,067
Cahaal Fadayal Duaisata Fyund					
School Federal Projects Fund Instruction					
Regular Instruction Program Teachers	\$	486,052			
Educational Assistants	Ф				
Other Salaries and Wages		24,295			
Certified Substitute Teachers		35,018			
		1,355			
Social Security Pensions		29,775			
Pensions Life Insurance		47,519 332			
Medical Insurance		79,706			
Dental Insurance		3,948			
Employer Medicare		7,526			
Instructional Supplies and Materials		74,508			
Regular Instruction Equipment		43,693	Ф	000 505	
Total Regular Instruction Program			\$	833,727	
C : LEI D					
Special Education Program	Φ.	0.5.5			
Teachers	\$	37,750			
Educational Assistants		2,739,259			
Other Salaries and Wages		140,537			
Social Security		168,169			
Pensions		138,717			
Life Insurance		6,118			
Medical Insurance		1,346,672			
Dental Insurance		66,339			
Employer Medicare		39,330			
Contracts with Private Agencies		180,251			
Instructional Supplies and Materials		80,550			
Other Supplies and Materials		7,200			
Total Special Education Program				4,950,892	
Career and Technical Education Program					
Teachers	\$	14,183			
Clerical Personnel		15,402			
Social Security		1,746			
Pensions		2,157			
Life Insurance		22			
Medical Insurance		5,366			
Dental Insurance		266			

School Federal Projects Fund (Cont.)			
Instruction (Cont.)			
Career and Technical Education Program (Cont.)			
Employer Medicare	\$	408	
Vocational Instruction Equipment		184,009	
Total Career and Technical Education Program			\$ 223,559
g , , g ;			
Support Services			
Health Services	Ф	F00.0F0	
Medical Personnel	\$	560,053	
Social Security		32,082	
Pensions		43,914	
Life Insurance		365	
Medical Insurance		83,325	
Dental Insurance		4,084	
Employer Medicare		7,719	
Travel		2,392	
Total Health Services			733,934
Other Student Support			
Other Salaries and Wages	\$	16,527	
Social Security		995	
Pensions		1,624	
Employer Medicare		233	
Travel		64,855	
Other Supplies and Materials		5,674	
In Service/Staff Development		8,316	
Other Charges		13,771	
Total Other Student Support			111,995
Regular Instruction Program			
Supervisor/Director	\$	3,125	
Education Media Personnel	ψ	22,438	
Secretary(ies)		17,559	
Other Salaries and Wages		273,809	
Social Security		18,792	
Pensions		30,044	
Life Insurance		209	
Medical Insurance			
		50,500	
Dental Insurance		2,500	
Employer Medicare		4,395	
Travel		1,582	
In Service/Staff Development		139,049	
Other Charges		1,544	
Other Equipment		8,624	* 5.4.150
Total Regular Instruction Program			574,170
Special Education Program			
Psychological Personnel	\$	104,697	

School Federal Projects Fund (Cont.) Support Services (Cont.) Special Education Program (Cont.) Secretary(ies) Other Salaries and Wages Social Security Pensions Life Insurance Medical Insurance Dental Insurance Employer Medicare Travel In Service/Staff Development Total Special Education Program	\$	37,804 195,676 20,110 27,256 209 50,500 2,542 4,674 5,103 1,500	\$ 450,071	
Career and Technical Education Program				
Clerical Personnel	\$	5,134		
Social Security	Ψ	316		
Pensions		224		
Life Insurance		4		
Medical Insurance		947		
Dental Insurance		47		
Employer Medicare		74		
In Service/Staff Development		3,056		
Total Career and Technical Education Program			9,802	
<u>Transportation</u>				
Bus Drivers	\$	21,013		
Social Security		1,303		
Pensions		1,019		
Life Insurance		28		
Employer Medicare		305		
Contracts with Parents		1,323		
Contracts with Vehicle Owners		155		
Other Supplies and Materials		1,401		
Transportation Equipment		90,969		
Total Transportation			117,516	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Food Service				
Food Supplies	\$	3,953		
Total Food Service			3,953	
Total School Federal Projects Fund				\$ 8,009,619
Central Cafeteria Fund Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Service	•	05.050		
Supervisor/Director	\$	97,378		

Williamson County, Tennessee

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures -All Governmental Fund Types

Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

Central	Cafeteria	Fund	(Cont.)
Central	Careteria	r unu	(COIII.)

Operation of Non-Instructional Services	(Cont.)
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Food Service (Cont.)	
Clerical Personnel	\$ 77,865
Cafeteria Personnel	3,796,500
Longevity Pay	47,950
Overtime Pay	67,939
Other Salaries and Wages	285,631
Social Security	257,407
Pensions	151,751
Life Insurance	5,409
Medical Insurance	1,244,320
Dental Insurance	60,700
Unemployment Compensation	756
Employer Medicare	60,386
Bank Charges	18,882
Communication	3,962
Maintenance and Repair Services - Equipment	68,422
Transportation - Other than Students	55,314
Travel	8,937
Other Contracted Services	105,580
Electricity	469,699
Equipment and Machinery Parts	103,693
Food Supplies	5,159,613
Uniforms	9,107
USDA - Commodities	826,599
Other Supplies and Materials	513,504
In Service/Staff Development	13,428
Food Service Equipment	 305,505
Total Food Service	

\$ 13,816,237

Total Central Cafeteria Fund

13,816,237

Extended School Program Fund

Operation of Non-Instructional Services

	Communit	y Services
--	----------	------------

Accountants/Bookkeepers	\$ 54,036
Secretary(ies)	37,345
Attendants	2,768,214
Longevity Pay	4,150
Overtime Pay	81,590
Other Salaries and Wages	1,485,259
Social Security	259,997
Pensions	134,721
Life Insurance	1,837
Medical Insurance	430,835
Dental Insurance	19,585
Employer Medicare	60,618
Retirement - Hybrid Stabilization	1,417

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types
Discretely Presented Williamson County School Department (Cont.)

Extended School Program Fund (Cont.)					
Operation of Non-Instructional Services (Cont.)					
Community Services (Cont.)					
Bank Charges	\$	96,651			
Communication		17,910			
Consultants		9,250			
Travel		27,126			
Other Contracted Services		385,164			
Food Supplies		152,803			
Other Supplies and Materials		101,131			
Refunds		4,039			
In Service/Staff Development		8,714			
Other Equipment		51,847			
Total Community Services			\$	6,194,239	
·					
Total Extended School Program Fund					\$ 6,194,239
Education Capital Projects Fund					
Capital Projects					
Education Capital Projects					
Architects	\$	3,748,117			
Engineering Services		247,379			
Other Contracted Services		423,897			
Library Books/Media		390,751			
T&I Construction Materials		104,618			
Utilities		244,457			
Water and Sewer		570,730			
Other Charges		3,290			
Building Construction		34,164,855			
Building Improvements		19,320,098			
Data Processing Equipment		7,462,337			
Furniture and Fixtures		1,101,481			
Land		2,464,823			
Site Development		839,809			
Transportation Equipment		37,760			
Other Equipment		569,555			
Other Capital Outlay		915,957	Ф	79 600 014	
Total Education Capital Projects			\$	72,609,914	
Total Education Capital Projects Fund					 72,609,914
otal Governmental Funds - Williamson County School Depar	rtment				\$ 457,710,076

<u>Williamson County, Tennessee</u> <u>Schedule of Detailed Revenues and Expenses</u>

Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues	G	overnmental Activities - Internal Service Fund Self - Insurance Fund
Charges for Current Services		
General Service Charges		
Self-Insurance Premiums/Contributions	\$	63,683,657
Other Employee Benefits Charges/Contributions		8,500,785
Total Charges for Current Services	\$	72,184,442
Other Local Revenues Recurring Items Retirees' Insurance Payments Cobra Insurance Payments Miscellaneous Refunds Total Other Local Revenues Total Revenues	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	2,382,416 234,752 5,778,893 8,396,061 80,580,503
Expenses Other Operations Employee Benefits Handling Charges and Administrative Costs Life Insurance Dental Insurance Other Fringe Benefits Medical Claims Other Self-Insured Claims Total Other General Government	\$	10,087,809 243,057 3,941,597 2,333,245 45,656,027 13,676,379 75,938,114
Total Evnongog	\$	75 029 114
Total Expenses	Φ	75,938,114

Williamson County, Tennessee
Schedule of Detailed Receipts, Disbursements,
and Changes in Cash Balances - City Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash Receipts			Cities - Sales Tax Fund		Cities - Property Tax Fund	Cities Adequate Facilities Tax Fund	Special School District Fund		Total
County Property Taxes \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 12,109,323 \$ 12,109,325 Current Property Taxes \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 15,757 \$ 15,757 Circuit/Clerk & Master Collections - Prior Years \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 38,583 \$ 38,588 Interest and Penalty \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 22,004 \$ 22,004 Payments in Lieu-of Taxes - Other \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 5,700,723 \$ 77,764,969 Local Option Sales Tax \$ 71,994,246 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 5,700,723 \$ 77,764,969 Mixed Drink Tax \$ 0 \$ 33,746,809 \$ 0 \$ 5,700,723 \$ 77,764,969 Mixed Drink Tax \$ 0 \$ 33,746,809 \$ 0 \$ 221,117,975 \$ 54,864,784 City/School District Property Taxes \$ 0 \$ 34,768,809 \$ 0 \$ 21,117,975 \$ 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years \$ 0 \$ 241,376 \$ 0 \$ 21,117,975 \$ 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 21,117,975 \$ 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 21,117,975 \$ 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569 \$ 0 \$ 232,569	Cash Receipts								
Trustee Scale Career C									
Trustee's Collections - Prior Years 0		\$	0	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 12 109 323	\$	12 109 323
Circuit/Clerk & Master Collections - Prior Years 0 0 38,583 38,585 58,681 56,681 56,681 56,681 56,681 56,681 56,681 57,764,969 57,764,969 57,764,969 57,764,969 57,764,969 57,764,969 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 58,681 59,773 419,733 119,733 119,733 119,733 119,733 119,733 119,733		Ψ		Ψ				Ψ	
Prior Years 0 0 0 38,583 38,583 Interest and Penalty 0 0 0 22,004 22,004 Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Other 0 0 0 55,681 55,681 Local Option Sales Tax 71,994,246 0 0 5770,723 77,764,969 Mixed Drink Tax 0 33,746,809 0 57,70,723 77,64,969 City/School District Property Taxes 0 33,746,809 0 21,117,975 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years 0 241,376 0 178,357 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 241,376 0 178,357 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 232,569 0 0 232,569 Payments in - Lieu-of Taxes 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 782,281 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 782,381 2,755,881 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Ů</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Ü</td> <td>10,.01</td> <td></td> <td>10,.0.</td>			Ů			Ü	10,.01		10,.0.
Interest and Penalty			0		0	0	38 583		38 583
Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes - Other 1,994,246 0 0 55,681 55,681 1,000 1,							,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cocal Option Sales Tax	v						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Mixed Drink Tax 0 0 97,853 97,853 City/School District Property Taxes 0 33,746,809 0 21,117,975 54,864,784 Current Property Taxes 0 241,376 0 178,357 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 56,506 0 46,589 103,095 Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes 0 232,569 0 0 62,730 62,730 Pick-up Taxes 0 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 108 108 108 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 34,277,260 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Remittance of Revenues Collected \$60,21,269 34,273,938 1,885,305 39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>							,		,
City/School District Property Taxes 0 33,746,809 0 21,117,975 54,864,784 Current Property Taxes 0 241,376 0 171,8757 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 56,506 0 46,589 1103,095 Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes 0 232,569 0 0 232,569 Pick-up Taxes 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 118 Taxal Cash Receipts 3 1,973,500 782,881 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts 3 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Cash Disbursements 8 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Total Cash Receipts 3 4,273,938 1,885,305 39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Total Cash Disbursements 6 60,021,260 34,273,938 1							, ,		, ,
Current Property Taxes 0 33,746,809 0 21,117,975 54,864,784 Trustee's Collections - Prior Years 0 241,376 0 178,357 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 56,506 0 46,589 103,095 Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes 0 232,569 0 0 232,569 Pick-up Taxes 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts 71,994,246 34,277,260 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$60,021,260 34,273,938 1,885,305 39,476,241 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 1,366,711							01,000		,
Trustee's Collections - Prior Years 0 241,376 0 178,357 419,733 Interest and Penalty 0 56,506 0 46,589 103,095 Payments in-Lieu-of Taxes 0 232,569 0 0 232,569 Pick-up Taxes 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 10 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 34,277,260 \$1,973,500 40,298,796 \$148,543,802 Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$60,021,260 34,273,938 \$1,885,305 39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Total Cash Disbursements \$71,994,246 34,293,737 1,973,500 40,208,013 148,469,496 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>33.746.809</td> <td>0</td> <td>21.117.975</td> <td></td> <td>54.864.784</td>			0		33.746.809	0	21.117.975		54.864.784
Interest and Penalty 0 56,506 0 44,589 103,095 Payments in Lieu-of Taxes 0 232,569 0 0 232,569 Payments in Lieu-of Taxes 0 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Payments in Lieu-of Taxes 0 0 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts 71,994,246 34,277,260 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Cash Disbursements					, ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Pick-up Taxes 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 \$42,77,260 \$1,973,500 \$40,298,796 \$148,543,802 Cash Disbursements \$60,021,260 \$34,273,938 \$1,885,305 \$39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$71,994,246 \$34,293,737 \$1,973,500 \$40,208,013 \$148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over \$0 \$6,602,75 \$6,75,411 0 \$90,783 \$74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 \$0 \$75,141 0 \$577,362 \$652,503	Interest and Penalty		0		,	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pick-up Taxes 0 0 62,730 62,730 Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 \$42,77,260 \$1,973,500 \$40,298,796 \$148,543,802 Cash Disbursements \$60,021,260 \$34,273,938 \$1,885,305 \$39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$71,994,246 \$34,293,737 \$1,973,500 \$40,208,013 \$148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over \$0 \$6,602,75 \$6,75,411 0 \$90,783 \$74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 \$0 \$75,141 0 \$577,362 \$652,503	v		0		,	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Marriage Licenses 0 0 0 732 732 Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 34,277,260 1,973,500 40,298,796 148,543,802 Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$60,021,260 34,273,938 1,885,305 39,476,241 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$71,994,246 34,293,737 1,973,500 40,208,013 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$0 (16,477) 0 90,783 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 751,441 0 577,362 652,503			0			0	62,730		
Other Local Revenues 0 0 0 108 108 Transfers In 0 0 1,973,500 782,381 2,755,881 Total Cash Receipts \$71,994,246 34,277,260 \$1,973,500 40,298,796 \$148,543,802 Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$60,021,260 34,273,938 \$1,885,305 39,476,241 \$135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$71,994,246 34,293,737 \$1,973,500 40,208,013 \$148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$0 (16,477) 0 90,783 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503			0		0	0			
Total Cash Receipts \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,277,260 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,298,796 \$ 148,543,802 Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$ 60,021,260 \$ 34,273,938 \$ 1,885,305 \$ 39,476,241 \$ 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503			0		0	0	108		108
Cash Disbursements Remittance of Revenues Collected \$ 60,021,260 \$ 34,273,938 \$ 1,885,305 \$ 39,476,241 \$ 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Transfers In		0		0	1,973,500	782,381		2,755,881
Remittance of Revenues Collected \$ 60,021,260 \$ 34,273,938 \$ 1,885,305 \$ 39,476,241 \$ 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Total Cash Receipts	\$	71,994,246	\$	34,277,260 \$	1,973,500	\$ 40,298,796	\$	148,543,802
Remittance of Revenues Collected \$ 60,021,260 \$ 34,273,938 \$ 1,885,305 \$ 39,476,241 \$ 135,656,744 Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Cash Disbursements								
Trustee's Commission 606,275 19,799 0 731,772 1,357,846 Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Remittance of Revenues Collected	\$	60,021,260	\$	34,273,938 \$	1,885,305	\$ 39,476,241	\$	135,656,744
Contributions 11,366,711 0 88,195 0 11,454,906 Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Trustee's Commission	·	606,275						
Total Cash Disbursements \$ 71,994,246 \$ 34,293,737 \$ 1,973,500 \$ 40,208,013 \$ 148,469,496 Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Contributions		11,366,711		0	88,195	0		
(Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Total Cash Disbursements	\$	71,994,246	\$	34,293,737 \$	1,973,500	\$ 40,208,013	\$	
(Under) Cash Disbursements \$ 0 \$ (16,477) \$ 0 \$ 90,783 \$ 74,306 Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503	Excess of Cash Receipts Over								
Cash Balance, July 1, 2018 0 75,141 0 577,362 652,503		\$	0	\$	(16,477) \$	0	\$ 90,783	\$	74,306
Cash Balance, June 30, 2019 \$ 0 \$ 58,664 \$ 0 \$ 668,145 \$ 726,809								,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Cash Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	0	\$	58,664 \$	0	\$ 668,145	\$	726,809

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



Justin P. Wilson Comptroller

Jason E. Mumpower Deputy Comptroller

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

Williamson County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners Williamson County, Tennessee

To the County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Williamson County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented Williamson County Hospital District and the discretely presented Williamson County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Williamson County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamson County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamson County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a

combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, that we consider to be a significant deficiency: 2019-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Williamson County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Williamson County's Response to the Finding

Williamson County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Williamson County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Williamson County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

Justin P. Wilson

Comptroller of the Treasury

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Nashville, Tennessee

December 12, 2019

JPW/kp



Justin P. Wilson Comptroller

Jason E. Mumpower Deputy Comptroller

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

Williamson County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners Williamson County, Tennessee

To the County Mayor and Board of County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Williamson County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Williamson County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Williamson County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Williamson County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Williamson County's compliance with those

requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Williamson County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Williamson County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Williamson County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Williamson County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Williamson County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the

requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamson County, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Williamson County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Very truly yours,

Justin P. Wilson

Comptroller of the Treasury

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Nashville, Tennessee

December 12, 2019

JPW/kp

U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed-through State Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Noncash Assistance) Passed-through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A 322,415	Federal/Pass-through Agency/State Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	E	xpenditures	
Passed-through State Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Noncash Assistance) Passed-through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A 322,415 National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128						
Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Noncash Assistance) Passed-through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128	U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Noncash Assistance) Passed-through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program 10.553 N/A 322,415 National School Lunch Program	Passed-through State Department of Agriculture:					
Passed-through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) 10.553 N/A 322,415 National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128	Child Nutrition Cluster: (4)					
Child Nutrition Cluster: (4) 10.553 N/A 322,415 School Breakfast Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128 National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128	National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Noncash Assistance)	10.555	N/A	\$	826,599	(5)
School Breakfast Program 10.553 N/A 322,415 National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128	•					
National School Lunch Program 10.555 N/A 2,141,128	• •					
	ĕ				322,415	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture \$ 3,290,142		10.555	N/A		2,141,128	(5)
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	3,290,142	
U.S. Department of Justice:	U.S. Department of Justice:					
Direct Programs:	Direct Programs:					
Federal Asset Forfeiture Program 16.U01 N/A \$ 4,379	Federal Asset Forfeiture Program	16.U01	N/A	\$	4,379	
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program 16.606 N/A 7,530	State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A		7,530	
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program 16.585 N/A 112,273	Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	N/A		112,273	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 N/A 81,321	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A		81,321	
Passed through State Commission on Children and Youth:	Passed through State Commission on Children and Youth:					
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention 16.540 N/A 11,061	Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540	N/A		11,061	
Total U.S. Department of Justice \$ 216,564	Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	216,564	
U.S. Department of Transportation:	U.S. Department of Transportation:					
Passed-through State Department of Transportation:	Passed-through State Department of Transportation:					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: (4)	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: (4)					
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 (3) \$ 554,107	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	(3)	\$	554,107	
Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 (3) 45,160	Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	(3)		45,160	
Highway Safety Cluster: (4)	Highway Safety Cluster: (4)					
National Priority Safety Programs 20.616 (3) 35,659	National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	(3)		35,659	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation \$ 634,926	Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	634,926	
U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services:	U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services:					
Passed-through Tennessee State Library and Archives:	Passed-through Tennessee State Library and Archives:					
Grants to States 45.310 (3) \$ 8,000	Grants to States	45.310	(3)	\$	8,000	
Total U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services \$ 8,000	Total U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services			\$	8,000	
U.S. Department of Education:	U.S. Department of Education:					
Passed-through State Department of Education:	Passed-through State Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 N/A \$ 890,392	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	\$	890,392	
Special Education Cluster: (4)	Special Education Cluster: (4)					
Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 N/A 7,285,324	Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N/A		7,285,324	
Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 N/A 59,996	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N/A		59,996	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 N/A 322,388	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A		322,388	
Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States 84.126 N/A 113,155	Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States		N/A		113,155	
English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365 N/A 88,969	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	N/A		88,969	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 N/A 393,781	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	N/A		393,781	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 N/A 58,108	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A		58,108	
Total U.S. Department of Education \$ 9,212,113	Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	9,212,113	

Federal/Pass-through Agency/State	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity Identifying		
Grantor Program Title	Number	Number	Ex	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Direct Program:				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of				
Regional and National Significance	93.243	N/A	\$	256,812
Passed-through State Department of Human Services:	00.210	1,111	Ψ	200,012
CCDF Cluster: (4)				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	(3)		40,598
Passed-through State Administrative Office of the Courts:		(0)		,
State Court Improvement Program	93.586	(3)		2,380
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		(0)	\$	299,790
Total C.S. Department of ficatel and framan pervices			*	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed-through State Department of Military:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	(3)	\$	53,850
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	(3)		10,597
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	64,447
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	13,725,982
		Contract		
State Grants		Number		
Access to Health and Healthy Active Built Environments - State			•	
Department of Health	N/A	(3)	\$	20,000
Access to Visitation Grant - State Department of Administration				
for Children and Families	N/A	(3)		264
Animal Friendly Spay/Neuter Grant - State Department of Health	N/A	(3)		4,720
Community Intervention Services - State Department of Children's Services	N/A	(3)		183,581
Competency Based Learning Grant - State Department of Education	N/A	(3)		533
Coordinated School Health - State Department of Education	N/A	(3)		155,665
Dental Services Grant - State Department of Health	N/A	(3)		175,329
Development and Coordination of Rural Health Services Grant - State				
Department of Health	N/A	(3)		830,001
Early Childhood Education - State Department of Education	N/A	(3)		463,878
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - State Commission				
on Children and Youth	N/A	(3)		9,000
Litter Program - State Department of Transportation	N/A	(3)		92,000
Lottery for Education Afterschool Program - State Department of Education	N/A	(3)		44,594
Parent Education and Mediation Fund - State Administrative Office of the Courts	N/A	(3)		4,150
Safe Schools Act Grant - State Department of Education	N/A	(3)		495,132
Total State Grants			\$	2,478,847

CFDA - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

N/A - Not Applicable

- (1) Presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles using the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) Williamson County elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate permitted in the Uniform Guidance.
- $(3) \quad Information \ not \ available.$
- (4) Child Nutrition Cluster total is \$3,290,142; Highway Planning and Construction Cluster total is \$554,107; Highway Safety Cluster total is \$35,659; Special Education Cluster total is \$7,345,320; CCDF Cluster total is \$40,598.
- (5) Total for CFDA No. 10.555 is \$2,967,727.

(6) SUBRECIPIENTS	Federal CFDA	Amount Provided to	
Program Title	Number	Subrecipient	Subrecipient
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 \$	535,025	The TMA Group

<u>Williamson County, Tennessee</u> <u>Summary Schedule of Prior-year Findings</u> <u>For the Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

Government Auditing Standards require auditors to report the status of uncorrected findings from prior audits. In addition, OMB's Uniform Guidance requires auditees to report the status of all prior-year findings whether corrected or not. Presented below are financial statement findings along with their current status from the Annual Financial Report for Williamson County, Tennessee, for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Prior-year Financial Statement Findings

Fiscal Year	Page Number	Finding Number	Title of Finding	CFDA Number	Current Status
2018	252	2018-001	An Investigation of the Williamson County Parks and Recreation Disclosed a Misappropriation of at Least \$7,615	N/A	Corrected

Prior-year Federal Awards Findings

There were no prior-year federal award findings to report.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

PART I, SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements:

- 1. Our report on the financial statements of Williamson County is unmodified.
- 2. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:
 - * Material weakness identified?
 - * Significant deficiency identified? YES
- 3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal Control Over Major Federal Programs:
 - * Material weakness identified?
 - * Significant deficiency identified? NONE REPORTED
- 5. Type of report auditor issued on compliance for major programs. UNMODIFIED
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?
- 7. Identification of Major Federal Programs:
 - * CFDA Numbers 84.027 and 84.173 Special Education Cluster: Special

Education - Grants to States and Special Education - Preschool Grants

* CFDA Number 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational

Agencies

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs. \$750,000
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? YES

PART II, FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The finding and recommendation, as a result of our audit, are presented below. We reviewed the finding and recommendation with management to provide an opportunity for their response. The written response is paraphrased and presented following the finding and recommendation. Management's corrective action plan, whether related to the financial statements or federal awards, is presented separately in the Management's Corrective Action Plan in the Single Audit Section of this report. Findings relating specifically to the audit of federal awards, if any, are separately presented under Part III, Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards.

OFFICE OF COUNTY MAYOR

FINDING 2019-001

A CASH SHORTAGE RESULTED FROM GIFT CARDS TOTALING \$2,000 BEING TRANSFERRED TO A FICTITIOUS EMPLOYEE AS THE RESULT OF A PHISHING SCHEME

(Internal Control – Significant Deficiency Under Government Auditing Standards)

On August 29, 2019, Williamson County received a phishing email requesting an employee to purchase gift cards in the amount of \$2,000 and to send the corresponding card numbers to an individual acting as the county mayor. The employee utilized the purchasing card assigned to the county mayor to make the purchase, in violation of the purchasing card policy, which states "only the cardholder whose name is embossed on the card may use the purchasing card; no other person is authorized to use the card." Because the employee did not follow established internal controls for the use of county purchasing cards, which would have exposed this as a fictitious transaction, the gift cards were purchased, sent to the fictitious employee, and subsequently spent, resulting in a cash shortage of \$2,000. After becoming aware of the fraud, county officials filed a police report and filed a fraud reporting form with the state Comptroller's Office.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should follow established internal controls for the use of purchasing cards to ensure proper documentation is on file and proper approval is obtained before disbursements are made.

Management's Response – Director of Accounts and Budgets

The employee realized this was a scheme and self-reported this to the purchasing agent, who is the purchasing card program administrator as well. The store where the gift cards were purchased was contacted in an effort to cancel the cards, however, by this time the cards had been spent. In addition to contacting the store, the bank through which the purchasing card program is administered was contacted in an effort to stop the purchase, however, this was not a transaction that could be canceled at that point. County officials then filed a police report and reported the fraud to the State Comptroller's Office. Management reviewed the internal controls and purchasing card procedures with the employee.

PART III, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings and questioned costs related to federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Williamson County, Tennessee</u> <u>Management's Corrective Action Plan</u> <u>For the Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

We reviewed the financial statement and federal award findings and recommendations with management to provide an opportunity for their response as required by the auditee requirements within Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Management's corrective action plans for all financial statement findings and federal award findings are presented in this section and have been indexed below. The corrective action plans were prepared by management and have been presented as they were submitted.

Finding		Corrective Action
Number	Title of Finding	Plan Page Number

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OFFICE OF COUNTY MAYOR

2019-001 A cash shortage resulted from gift cards totaling \$2,000

being transferred to a fictitious employee as the result of a

phishing scheme



WILLIAMSON COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Corrective Action Plan

FINDING:

A CASH SHORTAGE RESULTED FROM GIFT CARDS TOTALING \$2,000 BEING TRANSFERRED TO A FICTITIOUS EMPLOYEE AS THE RESULT OF A PHISHING SCHEME

Response and Corrective Action Plan Prepared by: Nena Graham, Budget Director

Person Responsible for Implementing the Corrective Action: Diane Giddens, Chief of Staff

Anticipated Completion Date of Corrective Action: August 30, 2019

Repeat Finding: No

Planned Corrective Action:

Consultation has been provided to personnel. Staff must have prior authorization to use purchasing cards. The changes are effective immediately.

Signature:



BEST PRACTICE

Accounting literature describes a best practice as a recommended policy, procedure, or technique that aids management in improving financial performance. Historically, a best practice has consistently shown superior results over conventional methods.

The Division of Local Government Audit strongly believes that the item noted below is a best practice that should be adopted by the governing body as a means of significantly improving accountability and the quality of services provided to the citizens of Williamson County.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY SHOULD ADOPT A CENTRAL SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND PURCHASING

Williamson County does not have a central system of accounting, budgeting, and purchasing. Sound business practices dictate that establishing a central system would significantly improve internal controls over the accounting, budgeting, and purchasing processes. The absence of a central system of accounting, budgeting, and purchasing has been a management decision by the county commission resulting in decentralization and some duplication of effort. The Division of Local Government Audit strongly believes that the adoption of a central system of accounting, budgeting, and purchasing is a best practice that would significantly improve accountability and the quality of services provided to the citizens of Williamson County. Therefore, we recommend the adoption of the County Financial Management System of 1981 or a private act, which would provide for a central system of accounting, budgeting, and purchasing covering all county departments.